SIEMENS



RDG20..KN.. & RDG26..KN.., RDG200T, RDG260T

Room thermostats, communicating and standalone

Basic Documentation

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1 About this document

1.1 Revision history

Edition	Date	Changes	Section	Product no. (product index)
1	September 2020	First version.	All	RDG200KN (A) RDG260KN (A)
2	November 2020	 Update NFC communication info Update changeover picture Update the picture of DC 010 V fan in "Fan control with modulating heating/cooling control" Update info about geographical zones P901 and P902 Update ACS version info 	 4.6.8 4.7.9.2 4.9 4.12.3 1.5, 5.2 	
3	January 2021	 Add 4-pipe/2-stage related info Add scheduler-info Add information on return flow temperature control Add information on manager/subordinate function Add EU-bac information Add EU-bac information Add information that terminal U1 is also defined as output Add new parameters 	 2.2, 3.2, 4.6, 4.6.4, 4.7.1, 4.7.6.2, 4.7.9, 4.7.12, 4.8.2, 5.2.2, 6.2 3.3, 4.2, 4.4, 4.6, 4.6.5 4.6, 4.6.4 4.2.1, 4.6, 4.6.7 7 6.1 4.15.4, 4.15.5 	RDG200KN (B) RDG260KN (B) RDG200KN/BK (A) RDG260KN/BK (A)
4	April 2022	 Add new variants RDG204KN and RDG264KN Add IAQ info Add on/off damper control info Update M/S to manager/subordinate Add black version variants info Hotel: Switch between °C and °F via operating mode button 	 2.1, 2.2, 4.15.4, 4.15.5 3, 4.11 4.6.3 All 2.1, 2.2, 7 4.1 	RDG204KN (A) RDG264KN (A) RDG200KN (C) RDG260KN (C) RDG200KN/BK (C) RDG260KN/BK (C)
5	February 2023	 Add new application 4-pipe with 6-port PICV Add fan output for application 4-pipe with 6-port ball valve as changeover and PICV Add new variants RDG200T and RDG260T 	 2.4.1, 4.7.7.1, 4.7.7.2, 4.8.2 4.7.9 All 	RDG200KN (D) RDG260KN (D) RDG200KN/BK (D) RDG260KN/BK (D) RDG200T (A) RDG260T (A)

Reference documents

Edition	Date	Changes	Section	Product no. (product index)
6	June 2023	 Add forced ventilation info Add information on maximal limitation for IAQ damper position Add information on PCT Go and product index Support applications with 6-port ball valve and 6-port PICV Fan override in all applications (se- lectable) Humidity control in Economy mode (enable/disable) Maximum valve position (on DC actu- ators) can be set independently in heating and cooling mode Fault alarm for external temperature sensor on the bus Features: Heartbeat – Automatic de- tection 	 4.6.11, 4.15.3, 4.15.4 4.6.11, 4.15.4 5, 5.3 	RDG204KN (B) RDG264KN (B)
7	January 2024	 PL-Link integration into PXC4, 5, and 7 P450 extension Cooling with air/ventilation VAV, cooling only Setting setpoint and min./max. position via S-Mode objects 	 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 2.2, 2.5, 3.2, 4.4, 4.6.8, 4.9, 4.12, 4.12.11, 4.14, 4.15,4, 4.15.6, 5, 5.4 4.6.13 4.4.4, 4.6, 4.6.11, 4.7.11, 6.4.5 4.4.4.3, 4.7.11.5 4.6.4, 4.6.11.2, 4.6.11.3, 4.7.11, 4.13.1, 4.13.2 2.1 	RDG200KN (E) RDG260KN (E) RDG204KN (C) RDG264KN (C)

1.2 Reference documents

Subject	Ref.	Document title	Document number
Room thermostats with KNX	[1]	Mounting instructions (RDG20KN)	A6V11546008
communications, RDG2KN	[2]	Mounting instructions (RDG26KN)	A6V11844861
	[3]	Operating Instruction	A6V11545973
	[4]	Data sheet	A6V11545853
Room thermostats RDG2T	[5]	Mounting instructions (RDG20T)	A6V13375634
	[6]	Mounting instructions (RDG26T)	A6V13375640
	[7]	Operating Instruction	A6V13496247
	[8]	Data sheet	A6V13375643
KNX manual	[9]	Handbook for Home and Building Control – Basic Principles	
		(EN: <u>https://my.knx.org/shop/product?language=en&product_type_category=books&product_type=handbook</u> DE: <u>https://my.knx.org/shop/product?language=de&produc</u> t_type_category=books&product_type=handbook)	
Synco and KNX (see	[10]	KNX bus, data sheet	CE1N3127

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Subject	Ref.	Document title	Document number
www.siemens.com/synco)	[11]	Communication via the KNX bus for Synco 700, 900 and RXB/RXL, Basic documentation	CE1P3127
	[12]	Planning and commissioning protocol, communication Synco 700	XLS template in HIT
	[13]	RMB795B central control unit, data sheet	CE1N3122
	[14]	RMB795B central control unit, Basic documentation	CE1P3122
	[15]	KNX S-Mode data points	CE1Y3110
	[16]	Product data for ETS	
	[17]	ETS product data compatibility list	CE1J3110
	[18]	Synco Application manual	0-92168en
Desigo engineering	[19]	Desigo RXB integration – S-Mode	CM1Y9775
documents	[20]	Desigo RXB/RXL integration – Individual addressing	CM1Y9776
	[21]	Third-party integration	CM1Y9777
	[22]	Synco integration	CM1Y9778
	[23]	Working with ETS	CM1Y9779
Web server OZW772	[24]	Commissioning instructions	CE1C5701
Desigo PL-Link integration	[25]	Desigo [™] PXC4, PXC5 & PXC7 Automation controls for high-tech buildings range description	A6V13054432
	[26]	Desigo™ PXC4, PXC5 & PXC7 Planning overview	A6V13054435

1.3 Before you start

1.3.1 Trademarks

The table below lists the third-party trademarks used in this document and their legal owners. The use of trademarks is subject to international and domestic provisions of the law.

Trademarks	Legal owner
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Android™	Google Inc.
App Store®	Apple Inc.
Google Play™	Google Inc.

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1.4 Target audience, prerequisites

This document assumes that users of the RDG2..KN room thermostats are familiar with the tools ETS, Synco ACS, Desigo ABT Site and can use them.

It is also assumed that these users are aware of the specific conditions associated with KNX.

In most countries, specific KNX know-how is conveyed through training centers certified by the KNX Association (see <u>www.knx.org/</u>).

For reference documentation, see Reference documents [\rightarrow 6].

1.5 Glossary

The inputs, outputs and parameters of an application can be influenced in various ways. These are identified by the following symbols in this document:

ETS	Parameters identified by this symbol are set using ETS.
**	Parameters identified by this symbol are set using ACS.
STOP Note!	 Setting RDG2KN KNX parameters is only supported by the following tool versions: ETS5 or higher versions ACS version 13.03 or higher ABT Site V5.2 / ABT Go V5.2
KNX'	Inputs and outputs identified by this symbol communicate with other KNX devices. They are called communication objects (CO). The communication objects of the RDG2KN works partly in S- Mode, partly in LTE-Mode, and partly in both. These objects are described accordingly. A list of the parameters is shown in Control parameters [→ 163].
	A list of the parameters is shown in Control parameters [\rightarrow 163].

2 Overview

2.1 Types

For fan coil units, universal applications and compressors in DX-type equipment applications

KNX communication products

Product no.	Stock no.	Housing color	Operating voltage	Far	ı	N	umber	of contr	ol outp	uts	Built-in sensor
				3-speed	DC	On/Off	PWM	3-pos	DC	On/Off (3-wire)	T: Temperature H: Humidity CO ₂
RDG200KN	S55770-T409	White	AC 24 V or AC 230 V	\checkmark	√ 1)	4	4	2	-	2	Т, Н
RDG200KN/BK	S55770-T452	Black	AC 24 V or AC 230 V	\checkmark	√ ¹⁾	4	4	2	-	2	Т, Н
RDG204KN	S55770-T410	White	AC 24 V or AC 230 V	\checkmark	√ ¹⁾	4	4	2	1	2	T, H, CO ₂
RDG260KN	S55770-T412	White	AC 24 V or	\checkmark	√ ¹⁾	-	-	-	4	-	Т, Н
			DC 24 V	_	√ ¹⁾	2 ²⁾	-	_	_	-	
RDG260KN/BK	S55770-T453	Black	AC 24 V or	\checkmark	√ 1)	-	-	_	4	-	Т, Н
			DC 24 V	-	√ ¹⁾	2 ²⁾	-	-	_	-	
RDG264KN	S55770-T413	White	AC 24 V or	\checkmark	√ ¹⁾	_	-	_	4	-	T, H, CO ₂
			DC 24 V	-	√ ¹⁾	2 ²⁾	-	_	-	-	

Standalone products

Product no.	uct no. Stock no. Housing color		5 . 5			Number of control outputs					Built-in sensor
				3-speed	DC	On/Off	PWM	3-pos	DC	On/Off (3-wire)	T: Temperature H: Humidity CO ₂
RDG200T	S55770-T457	White	AC 230 V	\checkmark	√ 1)	3	3	2	-	2	Т
RDG260T	S55770-T458	White	AC 24 V or	\checkmark	√ 1)	-	-	-	3	-	Т
			DC 24 V	_	√ 1)	2 ²⁾	-	-	_	-	

¹⁾ Terminal Y50 is used as DC 0...10 V output.

²⁾ Output is relay On/Off.

2.2 Functions

Control application

The RDG2.. room thermostats are designed for use with the following: **Fan coil units** via On/Off or modulating/DC control outputs:

- 2-pipe system
- 2-pipe system with electric heater
- 2-pipe system with radiator/floor heating
- 2-pipe/2-stage system also suitable for applications with 1-stage heating/ 2stage cooling, or 2-stage heating/1-stage cooling
- 4-pipe system
- 4-pipe system with electric heater
- 4-pipe system with a 6-port ball valve (RDG26..)
- 4-pipe system with 6-port PICV (RDG26..)
- 4-pipe system with PICV and 6-port ball valve as changeover (RDG26..)
- 4-pipe/2-stage system also suitable for applications with 1-stage heating/ 2stage cooling, or 2-stage heating/1-stage cooling (RDG2..KN)

Chilled/heated ceilings (or radiators) via On/Off or modulating/DC control outputs:

- Chilled/heated ceiling
- Chilled/heated ceiling with electric heater
- Chilled/heated ceiling and radiator/floor heating
- Chilled ceiling and radiator/floor heating
- Chilled and/or heated ceiling/2-stage
- Chilled/heated ceiling (4-pipe) with 6-port ball valve (RDG26..)
- Chilled/heated ceiling (4-pipe) with 6-port PICV (RDG26..)
- Chilled/heated ceiling with PICV and 6-port ball valve as changeover (RDG26..)

Compressor applications via On/Off control:

- Heating or cooling, compressor in DX-type equipment
- Heating or cooling, compressor in DX-type equipment with electric heater
- Heating and cooling, compressor in DX-type equipment
- Heating or cooling/2-stage, compressor in DX-type equipment

Ventilation applications:

- Single duct cooling only
- Single duct cooling only and electric heater
- Single duct cooling only and radiator/floor heating

General functions

- Weekly scheduler
- M/S manager/subordinate function between thermostats (RDG2..KN)
- Room temperature control via built-in temperature sensor or external room temperature/return air temperature sensor
- Room relative humidity control via built-in humidity sensor or external room humidity sensor (humidity function can be disabled.) (RDG2..KN)
- Min./max. humidity control by shifting temperature setpoint and releasing contact for dehumidifier/humidifier (RDG2..KN)
- Floor heating temperature limitation
- Min. and max. supply air temperature limitation

	 Selection of operating modes via operating mode button Button lock for all buttons independently (automatically or manually)
	 Button lock for all buttons independently (automatically or manually) Changeover between heating and cooling mode (automatic via local sensor or bus, or manually)
	 Parameters protected by password (disabled by default)
	 Purge function together with 2-port valve
	 Valve kick/exercising function to prevent gripping
	 Reminder to clean fan filters
	 Indoor air quality monitoring and controlling (CO₂) via fresh air damper (RDG204KN & RDG264KN)
	 Start forced ventilation via fan button to introduce fresh air in the room (RDG24KN)
	 Black color versions (RDG200KN/BK & RDG260KN/BK)
	 Delta temperature control Limiting temperature difference between flow and return temperature for water to optimize the system and reduce energy consumption in district heating systems
	 Power reserve clock for 20 h during power failure (RDG2T)
Setpoints and display	Min. and max. limitation of room temperature setpoint:
	 Comfort limitation (min. and max. limitation)
	 Energy saving concept (min. and max. limitation separate for heating and cooling)
	Temporary Comfort mode extension
	Green leaf indication function (RDG2KN)
	 Display of current room temperature or setpoint in °C, °F or both
	 Absolute and relative setpoint indication (RDG2KN)
	 Display of CO₂ value in ppm (parts per million) or text (GOOD; FAIR; BAD: RDG204KN & RDG264KN)
Setting	 Application selection via DIP switches or external commissioning software (RDG2KN: ACS, ETS, ABT Site and Siemens smartphone app PCT Go; RDG2T: Siemens smartphone app PCT Go)
	 Parameter download with external commissioning software (RDG2KN: ACS, ETS, ABT Site and Siemens smartphone app PCT Go; RDG2T: Siemens smartphone app PCT Go)
	Reloading factory settings for commissioning and control parameters
Fan	 1-speed, 3-speed or DC 010 V fan control on RDG20 and RDG26 (automatic or manual fan)
	 Advanced fan control function, e.g. fan kick, fan start delay, selectable fan operation (enable, disable, depending on heating/cooling mode, or min. and max. speed setting)
	 Fan start depending on fan coil temperature (heating) to avoid cool air while heating
	 Enabling fan output only in the 2nd stage (2-pipe/2-stage, 4-pipe/2-stage (RDG2KN))
	 Enabling fan output only in the 2nd stage (2-pipe/2-stage (RDG2T))
	 Switching fan speed from manual to automatic in the dead zone to avoid energy waste (selectable function)

Special functions	 "Cooling with air" combined with IAQ control, for fan coil, universal and VAV systems (RDG24KN)
	 Swap function for 2-pipe and 2-stage application by switching the 1st stage heating to 2nd stage cooling
	• In 2-stage applications, limit the number of heating or cooling sequence to one
	 Control of 6-port ball valve and for 6-port PICV, DC 010 V, DC 010 V (third-party), DC 210 V and inverted signals DC 100 V, DC 102 V, DC 102 V (third-party) (RDG26)
	 Control of 6-port ball valve as changeover (On/Off – open/close signal) and PICV DC 010 V
	 Control of 6-port ball valve via KNX S-Mode objects (RDG20KN and RDG26KN)
	 Flow limitation function for PICV in heating and cooling mode (RDG26)
	• Set holiday period to reduce energy consumption during absences (holidays)
	• For 6-port PICV (RDG26)
	 During commissioning, maximal water flow selection in I/h for heating (P260) and for cooling (P261) independently via PCT Go
	 During operation, read water flow (I/h) via PCT Go live data function
	Selectable relay functions
	 Switch off external equipment during Protection mode
	 Switch on external equipment (e.g., pump) during heating/cooling demand
	 Output status heating/cooling sequence
	 Dehumidification/humidification control output (RDG2KN)
Inputs/outputs (RDG2KN)	 2 multifunctional inputs X1, X2, and 1 multifunctional input/output U1 set as input, selectable for:
(NDG2NN)	•
	 Window contact switches operating mode to Protection
	 Presence detector switches operating mode to Comfort Senser for outcompting localing changes (or all sense to compare the sense to
	 Sensor for automatic heating/cooling changeover Switch for memory heating (cooling a heating)
	 Switch for manual heating/cooling changeover
	 External room temperature or return air temperature sensor
	 Dewpoint sensor
	Enable electric heater
	– Fault input
	 Monitor input for temperature sensor or switch status
	 Supply air temperature sensor
	 Coil temperature sensor
	 External temperature limit
	 Hotel presence detector
	 1 multifunctional input/output U1 set automatically as output for:
	 4-pipe/2-stage as 2nd stage cooling output (RDG26KN)
	 IAQ control (damper and fan) (RDG204KN & RDG264KN)
Inputs (RDG2T)	 3 multifunctional inputs X1, X2 and X3, selectable for:
	 Window contact switches operating mode to Protection
	 Presence detector switches operating mode to Comfort
	 Sensor for automatic heating/cooling changeover
	 Switch for manual heating/cooling changeover
	 External room temperature or return air temperature sensor
	 Dewpoint sensor
	 Enable electric heater

- Fault input
- Supply air temperature sensor
- Coil temperature sensor
- External temperature limit
- Hotel presence detector

KNX communication features (RDG2..KN)

- KNX bus (terminals CE+ and CE-) for communication with Synco devices or KNX compatible devices
- M/S manager/subordinate function via LTE-Mode or S-Mode to synchronize equipment and save energy in open spaces
- M/S manager/subordinate alarm management via LTE-Mode allowing for subordinate alarm display on the manager
- Display of outside temperature, humidity, CO₂ or time of day from KNX bus
- Time scheduling and central control of setpoints from KNX bus
- Control of Economy setpoints via KNX bus
- Relative humidity setpoint via KNX bus
- Control of KNX actuators and fan via S-Mode objects
- Setpoint adjustment (temperature, humidity, CO₂), min./max. position (damper, PICV, fan speed) via S-Mode objects
- Energy supply optimization via energy demand signal via Synco RMB795B central control unit or PXC4/5/7
- Interworking with Siemens AQR.. and QMX.. sensors for room humidity, room temperature and CO₂ measurement
- Interworking with Siemens QMX.. room operator units for room humidity, room temperature and operating commands for fan, operating mode and setpoints
- Interworking with PXC4/5/7 in KNX PL-Link
- Commissioning KNX area, line and device address via mobile application PCT Go

Overview difference between KNX (RDG2..KN) and standalone (RDG2..T) versions

Functions	Descriptions	KNX	Standalone
KNX communication related	 Communicating thermostat [→ 141] 	\checkmark	
functions	 Commissioning via ETS, ACS [→ 24] 		
	 Manager/Subordinate [→ 71] 	\checkmark	
Power switch (RDG2KN)	• Power switch AC 230 V / AC 24 V [→ 52]	\checkmark	
	Support AC 24 V 2-pos/3-pos actuators [→ 15]	\checkmark	
Functional input/output	 Functional input/output U1 [→ 138] 	\checkmark	
	 Multifunctional input X3 (sensor, switch) [→ 138] 		\checkmark
	 Monitor input for temperature sensor or switch status [→ 138] 	\checkmark	
Application	• 4-pipe/2-stage [→ 98]	\checkmark	
Time clock	 Power reserve clock for 20 h during power failure [→ 85] 		\checkmark
Others	Humidity [→ 65]	\checkmark	
	 Indoor air quality control [→ 75] 		
	 Greenleaf indication [→ 63] 		

2.3 Accessories

Product series	Туре	Product/stock no.	Datasheet
RDG2KN	KNX power supply 160 mA (Siemens BT LV)	5WG1 125-1AB02	TPI_N125
	KNX power supply 320 mA (Siemens BT LV)	5WG1 125-1AB12	TPI_N125
	KNX power supply 640 mA (Siemens BT LV)	5WG1 125-1AB22	TPI_N125
RDG2KN RDG2T	Mounting adapter for RDG2KN and RDG2T	ARG200: S55770- T438 ¹⁾	-

 $^{1^{\circ}}$ ARG200 mounting adapter is used to wall-mount the RDG2..KN and RDG2..T where a conduit box is not available. For easier wiring, removable knockouts on all sides are available. For dimensions, see Dimensions [\rightarrow 214].

2.4 Equipment combinations

Type of unit		Product no.	Datasheet *)
Cable temperature or changeover sensor, cable length 2.5 m NTC (3 $k\Omega$ at 25 °C)	Ò	QAH11.1	1840
Cable temperature sensor PVC 2 m, LG-Ni1000	0	QAP22	1831
Room temperature sensor NTC (3 k Ω at 25 °C)		QAA32	1747
Room temperature sensor LG- Ni1000		QAA24	1721
Front modules with passive temperature measurement LG-Ni1000	* 10.	AQR2531ANW	1408
Strap-on temperature sensor LG- Ni1000	1	QAD22	1801
Condensation monitor		QXA21	A6V10741072
Flush-mount KNX room sensor (base and front module)		AQR2570N AQR2532NNW AQR2533NNW AQR2535NNW	1411
Wall-mounted KNX sensors		QMX3.P30 QMX3.P70	1602

On/Off and PWM actuators ¹⁾

Type of unit		Product no.	Datasheet *)
Thermal actuator (for radiator valves) AC 230 V, NC	State	STA321 ¹⁾	A6V14028280
Thermal actuator (for radiator valves) AC 24 V, NC	States	STA121 ¹⁾	A6V14028280
Thermal actuator AC 230 V (for small valves 2.5 mm), NO	State	STP321 ¹⁾	A6V14028280
Thermal actuator AC 24 V (for small valves 2.5 mm), NO	States	STP121 ¹⁾	A6V14028280

3-positon actuators AC 230 V

Type of unit		Product no.	Datasheet *)
Electric actuator, 3-position (for radiator valves) AC 230 V		SSA331	A6V11858276
Electric actuator, 3-position (for 2- and 3-port valves/VP45) AC 230 V	٢	SSC31	4895
Electric actuator, 3-position (for small valves 2.5 mm) AC 230 V		SSP31	4864
Electric actuator, 3-position (for small valves 5.5 mm) AC 230 V		SSB31	4891
Electric actuator, 3-position (for small valve 5 mm) AC 230 V		SSD31	4861
Electric actuator, 3-position (for valves 5.5 mm) AC 230 V	Ŷ	SAS31	4581
Rotary actuators for ball valves, 3- position		GDB331.9E	4657
Rotary actuators for ball valves, 2 or 3-position	A	GDB141.9E GDB341.9E	A6V10636150

3-positon actuators AC 24 V

Type of unit		Product no.	Datasheet *)
Electric actuator, 3-position (for radiator valves) AC 24 V	The second se	SSA131	A6V11858276
Electric actuator, 3-position (for 2- and 3-port valves/VP45) AC 24 V	-	SSC81	4895
Electric actuator, 3-position (for small valves 2.5 mm) AC 24 V		SSP81	4864
Electric actuator, 3-position (for small valves 5.5 mm) AC 24 V	99	SSB81	4891
Electric actuator, 3-position (for small valve 5 mm) AC 24 V	5	SSD81	4861

On/Off actuators

Type of unit		Product no.	Datasheet *)
Electromotive On/Off actuator		SFA21 SFA71	4863
Electromotive On/Off valve and actuator (only available in AP, UAE, SA and IN)	139 139	MVI/MXI	A6V11251892
Electromotive actuator		SUA21/3	A6V10446174
Electromotive actuator for zone valve		SUE21	A6V11866674
Electromotive actuator for PICV	-	SUE21P	A6V11780777

DC 0...10 V actuators

Type of unit		Product no.	Datasheet *)
Electric actuator, DC 010 V (for radiator valves)		SSA161	A6V1185827 8
Electric actuator, DC 010 V (for 2- and 3-port valves/VP45)		SSC161	A6V1268151 1
Electric actuator, DC 010 V (for small valves 2.5 mm)		SSF161	A6V1268151 1
Electric actuator, DC 010 V (for small valves 5.5 mm)	33	SSB161	A6V1268151 1
Electromotive actuator, DC 010 V (for valves 5.5 mm)	N.	SAS61	4581
Electrothermal actuator, AC 24 V, NC, DC 010 V, 1 m	(cana)	STA161	A6V14028280
Electrothermal actuator, AC 24 V, NO, DC 010 V, 1 m	source	STP161	A6V14028280
Rotary actuators for ball valves AC 24 , DC 010 V	A	GDB161.9E	4657

DC 0...10 V actuators 6port / PICV (RDG26..)

Type of unit		Product no.	Datasheet *)
Rotary actuators for 6-port ball valves control:	H.	GDB161.9/6W	A6V12986395
 6-port ball valve VWG41, VWG42 			
6-port PICV VWPG51			
For details, see Recommended RDG actuators and 6-port valves combinations [→ 19].			

Note: Set the control signal accordingly if RDG26.. is required to control GDB161.9E, see Control output configuration for 6-port valve (P201) [\rightarrow 128].

DC 0...10 V damper actuators

Type of unit		Product no.	Datasheet *)
Air damper actuators DC 010 V, AC/DC 24 V	a na	GQD166.1A GQD161.1A	4604
Air damper actuators DC 010 V,		GDB161	4634
AC 24 V	Q	GLB161	
Air damper actuators DC 010 V, AC/DC 24 V		GMA161	4614
Air damper actuators DC 010 V, AC 24 V	Q	GEB161	4621
Air damper actuators DC 010 V, AC/DC 24 V		GCA161	4613
Air damper actuators DC 010 V,	The second se	GBB161	4626
AC 24 V	Î	GIB161	
VAV compact controller		GDB181.1	A6V10631834
		GLB181.1	

On/Off damper actuators AC 230 V

Type of unit		Product no.	Datasheet *)
Air damper actuators 2-position, AC 230 V	in the second	GQD321	4604
		GMA321	4614
		GCA321	4613

On/Off damper actuators AC 24 V

Type of unit	Product no.	Datasheet *)	
Air damper actuators 2-position, AC/DC 24 V	in. fittant	GQD121	4604
	6	GMA121	4614
		GCA121	4613

KNX actuators (RDG2..KN)

Type of unit	Product no.	Datasheet *)	
Rotary actuators for ball valves KNX S- Mode		GDB111.9E/KN	A6V10725318
VAV compact controller KNX / PL-Link		GDB181.1E/KN	3547

*) The documents can be downloaded from https://hit.sbt.siemens.com

¹⁾ The PWM control on 2 or more thermal actuators in parallel can be used for floor heating/radiator applications. If several fan coil units are controlled by the same room thermostat, motorized actuators with On/Off or 3-position control are preferred.

Note:

For more information about parallel operation and the max. number of actuators that can be used, refer to the data sheets of the selected actuator type and the following list:

Max. number of actuators in parallel on RDG20.. (AC 230 V):

- 6 SS..31.. actuators (3-position)
- 1 ST..321.. when used with On/Off control signal
- 10 SFA.., SUA.., MVI.., MXI.. On/Off actuators
- Parallel operation of SAS31 not available
- Max. number of actuators in parallel on RDG20..KN (AC 24 V):
- 6 SS..31.. actuators (3-position)
- 3 ST..121.. when used with On/Off control signal
- 2 SFA71.. On/Off actuators
- Parallel operation of SAS81 not available

Max. number of actuators in parallel on RDG26.. (AC 24 V):

- 10 SS..61.. actuators (DC)
- 10 ST..121../161../321.. actuators (DC or On/Off)
- 10 SFA.., SUA.., MVI.., MXI.. On/Off actuators
- 10 SAS61.. actuators (DC)
- 10 GDB161.9../6W

2.4.1 Recommended RDG actuators and 6-port valves combinations

Use the following RDG260.. versions (see below) to ensure optimal temperature control performance of GDB161.9../6W actuators (with 6-port ball valves VWG41.. / VWG42.. or 6-port PICV VWPG51..):

- RDG26..KN.. with product index D or higher
- RDG26..T with product index Z, A or higher

Check the device version compatibility in Control output configuration for 6-port valve (P201) [\rightarrow 128] for applications with older RDG product indices, GDB161.9E or competitor actuators.

•

2.5 Integration via KNX bus

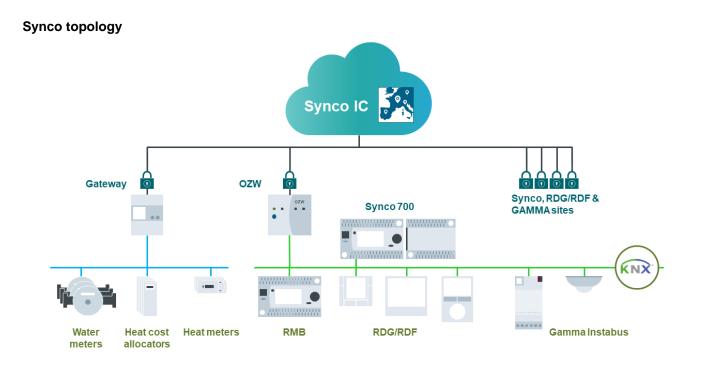
The RDG2..KN room thermostats can be integrated as follows:

- Integration into Synco 700 system via LTE-Mode (easy engineering)
 - Integration into Desigo via group addressing (ETS) or individual addressing
 Max. 60 RDG2..KN per line and do not mix RDG2..KN with other KNX products on the same line
- Integration into Desigo CC via IP router
- Integration into PXC system via KNX PL-Link
- Integration into third-party systems via group addressing (ETS)

The following KNX functions are available:

- Central time program and setpoints, e.g., when using the RMB795B central control unit
- Outside temperature or time of day via bus displayed on thermostat
- Remote operation and monitoring with web browser using the OZW772 web server
- Maximum energy efficiency due to exchange of relevant energy information, e.g., with Synco 700 controllers (e.g., heating demand, cooling demand)
- Alarming, e.g., external fault contact, condensation, clean filter, and so on
- Monitoring input for temperature sensor or switch
- Engineering and commissioning can be done by using:
- Local DIP switches and HMI
- Synco ACS
- ETS5 or higher versions
- ABT Site or ABT Go (RDG2..KN)
- Siemens smartphone application PCT Go

Synco 700 The RDG2..KN room thermostats are especially tailored for integration into the Synco 700 system and operate together in LTE-Mode. This extends the field of use of Synco for individual room control in conjunction with fan coil units, chilled ceilings and radiators.



Legend

Building automation and control system (BACS)
Connection of meters via Modbus
Web server, connection of Synco, RDG/RDF & GAMMA
Central control, RDG/RDF integration
Thermostats for room climate control
For lighting control and other room electrical applications

Desigo topology

		Building X		
	Touch Panel PXM40.E	ABT Site		
	PXC7.E400S	TXM		
	KNX PL-Link	KNX PL-Link KNX PL-Link RDG2KN RDG2KN UP 258		
Legend	PXM40.E	Touch panel		
	ABT Site	Commissioning tool		
	PXC4, PXC7	Compact automation station		
	TXM	Relay module		
	QMX3	Room operator unit		
	AQR25	Room sensor		
	UP 258	Presence detector		
	RDG2KN	Thermostats for room control		
Desigo and third-party systems	automation and control	stats can be integrated into the Siemens building systems (BACS) Desigo or into third-party systems. Either sing) or individual addressing can be used for integration.		

3 Notes

3.1

Mounting

Wiring

The devices are suitable for wall mounting.

Mounting and installation

\triangle Warning! Do not mount the device on a metallic surface: Use mounting adapter ARG200 where this is not possible.

- Recommended height: 1.5 m above the floor.
- Do not mount the devices in recesses, shelves, behind curtains or doors, or above or near heat sources.
- Avoid direct solar radiation and drafts.
- Avoid unheated (uncooled) building area such as outside walls.
- Seal the conduit box or the installation tube if any, as air currents can affect sensor readings.
- Adhere to allowed ambient conditions.
- An external room temperature sensor is recommended if above situations cannot be avoided in the installation area.
- Comply with local regulations to wire, protect and earth the thermostat.

A Warning! No internal line protection for supply lines to external consumers (Q1, Q2, Q3, Yx or Yxx)! Risk of fire and injury due to short-circuits!

- Adapt the line diameters as per local regulations to the rated value of the installed over current protection device.
- The AC 230 V mains supply line must have an external circuit breaker with a rated current of no more than 10 A.
- A Properly size the cables to the thermostat, fan and valve actuators for AC 230 V mains voltage.
- A Use valve actuators rated for AC 230 V / AC 24 V / DC 24 V depending on mains voltage.
- Inputs X1-M, X2-M or U1-M (RDG2..KN) / X3-M (RDG2..T): Multiple switches (e.g. summer/winter switch) may be connected in parallel. Consider overall maximum contact sensing current for switch rating.
- A When mains voltage is AC 230 V, SELV inputs X1-M, X2-M and U1-M (RDG2..KN) / X3-M (RDG2..T) use cables with min. 230 V insulation.
- Selectable relay function: Follow instructions in basic documentation A6V11545892 (Relay functions [→ 197]) to connect external equipment to the relay outputs.

- ⚠ Disconnect thermostat from power supply before removing from the mounting plate.
- A RDG2..KN: If a KNX bus power supply is connected to the line with communicating thermostats and Synco controller, the internal KNX power supply of the Synco controllers must be switched off.

3.2 Commissioning

Applications and settings

The room thermostats are delivered with a fixed set of applications and related parameters. Select and activate the relevant application and settings during commissioning using one of the following tools:

- Local DIP switches and HMI
- Synco ACS (RDG2..KN) •
- ETS5 or higher versions (RDG2..KN)
- ABT Site or ABT Go (RDG2..KN) .
- Siemens smartphone application PCT Go .

DIP switches

Set the DIP switches before snapping the thermostat to the mounting plate when selecting an application via DIP switches.

Set all DIP switches to Off (remote configuration) when selecting an application via commissioning tool.

After power is On, the thermostat resets and all LCD segments light up, indicating that reset is correct. After the reset of 3 seconds, the thermostat is ready for commissioning by gualified HVAC staff.

If all DIP switches are Off, NO APPL displays, indicating that application commissioning via a tool is required.

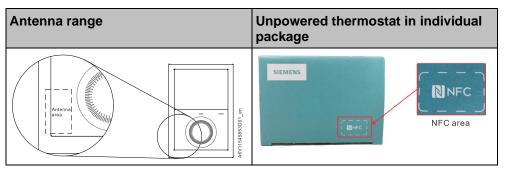
Commissioning via Siemens smartphone application PCT Go

The Siemens smartphone application Product Commissioning Tool (PCT Go) is a commissioning tool that allows users to:

- Read and write parameters of the thermostats
- Set the application (e.g. 2-pipe)
- Change settings (e.g. setpoints) •
- Set the KNX addressing (device address) (RDG2..KN) .

PCT Go app works via NFC (Near Field Communication) and can be used while the device is either powered, or unpowered, even from the individual package.

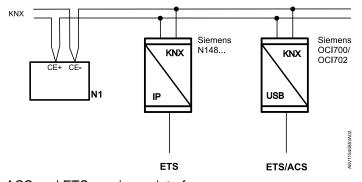
To read or write settings, NFC must be activated on the smartphone and the phone must be close to the NFC antenna (built into the thermostat), i.e. at a distance up to ± 2 cm.



See also Commissioning parameter via Smartphone app PCT Go [\rightarrow 165]

Connect tools (RDG2..KN)

Connect the Synco ACS or ETS tools to the KNX bus cable at any point for commissioning.



ACS and ETS require an interface:

- KNX interface (e.g. Siemens N148...)
- OCI702 USB-KNX interface

Control sequence Set the control sequence via parameter P001 depending on the application. Factory setting:

Application	Factory setting P001
2-pipe and chilled/heated ceiling, and 2-stage	1 = cooling only
4-pipe, chilled ceiling and el. heater, 6-port ball valve applications, and 2- stage	4 = heating and cooling

Calibrate sensor Recalibrate the temperature sensor (internal and external), if the room temperature displayed on the thermostat does not match the room temperature measured (after min. 1 hour of operation). To do this, change parameter P006.

Setpoint and range
limitationWe recommend to review the setpoints and setpoint ranges (P011, P013...P016,
P019, P020) and change them as needed to achieve maximum comfort and save
energy.

Programming mode
(RDG2..KN)The programming mode helps identify the thermostat in the KNX network during
commissioning.
Touch both the left and right buttons simultaneously for 6 seconds to activate

programming mode, indicated on the display by **PROG**.

Programming mode remains active until thermostat identification is complete.

Assign KNX address (RDG2..KN)
Assign complete KNX address (area, line and device) via:

HMI or Siemens smartphone application PCT Go by setting parameters P898 (area address), P899 (line address) and P900 (device address)
ACS, ETS (P900: device address)
Set the device address to 255 to deactivate the communication (no exchange of process data).
PL-Link integration into PXC4, 5 and 7 automatically assigns and sets the KNX addresses via the system.

Assign KNX groupUse ETS to assign the KNX group addresses of the thermostat's communication
objects.

KNX serial number Each device has a unique KNX serial number on the rear.

(RDG2..KN)

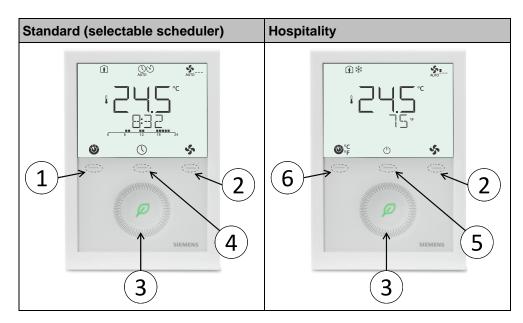
An additional sticker with the same KNX serial number is enclosed in the package. This sticker is intended for documentation purposes of installers.

3.3 Operation

The room thermostat consists of two parts:

- Plastic housing with electronics, operating elements and room temperature • sensor
- Mounting plate with the screw terminals

The housing engages in the mounting plate and is secured with 2 screws.



Note

RDG2..T does not have Green leaf indicator.

Number	Description
1	Operating mode button/Esc
2	Fan mode button/OK
3	Capacitive rotary knob to adjust setpoints and parameters
4	Local schedule setting button, the schedule is enabled via P005
5	$^{(1)}$ Protection hospitality mode button
6	O ^{°C} °F Unit switching between °C and °F

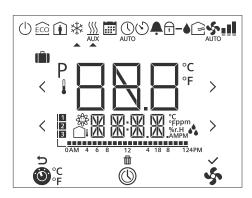
Button operation

User action	Effect, description
Normal operation	Actual operating mode and state are indicated by symbols.
Press any button (thermostat in normal operation)	Enter operating mode selection; backlit LCD turns on, all possible mode symbols turn on, indicator element (arrow, P001 = 3) displays the current mode/state.

Layout

User action	Effect, description
Press left button	Operating mode, indicator element (arrow, P001 = 3) changes to the next mode symbol. After the last press and a timeout of 3 seconds, the newly selected mode is confirmed, the other elements disappear. After a timeout of 20 seconds, the LCD backlight turns off.
Press left button (P001 = 3)	Toggle between heating and cooling.
Press left button (P002 = 3 and P009 = 1)	Toggle between °C and °F (for details, see Temperature control [\rightarrow 30])
Press left button while "Operating mode" via bus is Economy	Activate "Extend Comfort mode" (for details, see Different ways to influence operating mode [→ 36]).
Keep left button pressed and turn rotary knob clockwise/counter-clockwise	Activate timer "Extend presence"/"Extend absence" and set the time (for details, see Different ways to influence operating mode [\rightarrow 36].
Press right button >3 seconds	Activate/deactivate button lock.
Press right button for fan coil unit	Change fan mode.
Turn rotary knob	Adjust the room temperature Comfort setpoint.
Press left and right buttons simultaneously for 3 seconds. Release and within 2 seconds, press the right button again until P001 is displayed	Enter parameter setting mode "Service level".
Press left and right button for 3 seconds, release, press left button for 2 seconds until the temperature disappears, then turn rotary knob counterclockwise min. ½ revolution	Enter parameter setting mode "Expert level", diagnostics and test.
Press left and right button simultaneously for 6 seconds	RDG2KN: Enter (KNX) programming mode.
Press the middle button once and turn rotary knob	Enter programming mode PROG, TIME, DATE or AWAY.

Display



#	Symbol	Description	#	Symbol	Description	า	
1		Operating mode selection/Unit switching	2		Scheduler		
3	\$	Fan speed selection	4	4 ⊅ Escape			
5	節	Delete schedule	6	~	Confirm par	amete	ers
7	OAM 4 6 8 12 4 18 8 124PM	Time bar for schedule	8	1 2 3	Number of subordinate		
9		Indoor air quality	10		Outside terr	nperat	ure
11		Additional user information, such as outside temperature, time of day from KNX bus, relative humidity, or IAQ	12	AMPM Morning: 12-hour format Afternoon: 12-hour format			
13	%r.H	Relative humidity	14	°C °F	Degrees Ce Fahrenheit	elsius (or
15	ррт	CO ₂ values	16	Р	Parameter		
17		Value with thermometer: Digits for room temperature display	18		Digits for setpoint display		
19	(ÎII)	Holiday mode	20	\bigcirc	Protection mode		
21	ECO	Economy mode	22	Î	Comfort mode		
23	*	Cooling mode	24		Heating mode, electric heate active		ectric heater
25	<u> </u>	Heating mode	26		Manual changeover, heating/cooling mode		
27		Scheduler mode	28	AUTO	Auto mode		
29	\odot	Temporary timer	30		Fault		
31	Ē	Button lock	32	-•	Condensation in room (dewpoint sensor active) or humidity control active		
33	le la	Fresh air indication	35	<u>.</u> []	Fan speed	.	Fan speed
34	AUTO	Automatic fan					1
						!! _	Fan speed II
						<u>.</u>	Fan speed III

3.4 Remote operation

The RDG.. room thermostats can be operated from a remote location using the OZW772 web server or the ACS tool.

3.5 Disposal



This symbol or any other national label indicate that the product, its packaging, and, where applicable, any batteries may not be disposed of as domestic waste. Delete all personal data and dispose of the item(s) at separate collection and recycling facilities in accordance with local and national legislation. For additional details, refer to <u>www.siemens.com/bt/disposal</u>.

3.6 Cyber security disclaimer

Siemens provides a portfolio of products, solutions, systems and services that includes security functions that support the secure operation of plants, systems, machines and networks. In the field of Building Technologies, this includes building automation and control, fire safety, security management as well as physical security systems. In order to protect plants, systems, machines and networks against cyber threats, it is necessary to implement – and continuously maintain – a holistic, state-of-the-art security concept. Siemens' portfolio only forms one element of such a concept.

You are responsible for preventing unauthorized access to your plants, systems, machines and networks which should only be connected to an enterprise network or the internet if and to the extent such a connection is necessary and only when appropriate security measures (e.g. firewalls and/or network segmentation) are in place. Additionally, Siemens' guidance on appropriate security measures should be taken into account. For additional information, please contact your Siemens sales representative or visit:

https://www.siemens.com/global/en/home/company/topic-areas/future-ofmanufacturing/industrial-security.html

Siemens' portfolio undergoes continuous development to make it more secure. Siemens strongly recommends that updates are applied as soon as they are available and that the latest versions are used. Use of versions that are no longer supported, and failure to apply the latest updates may increase your exposure to cyber threats. Siemens strongly recommends to comply with security advisories on the latest security threats, patches and other related measures, published, among others, here:

https://www.siemens.com/cert/ => 'Siemens Security Advisories'

4 Functions

4.1 Temperature control

General note: Parameters	Setting control parameters (P001 etc. mentioned throughout the document), see Control parameters [\rightarrow 163].
Temperature control	The thermostat acquires the room temperature via built-in sensor, external room temperature sensor (LG-Ni1000 or NTC 3k), external return air temperature sensor (LG-Ni1000 or NTC 3k) or via KNX (S-Mode or LTE-Mode), and maintains the setpoint by delivering actuator control commands to heating equipment, cooling equipment, or both. The following control outputs are available:
	On/Off control (2-position)
	Modulating PI/P control with PWM output
	 Modulating PI/P control with 3-position control output
	 Modulating PI/P control with DC 010 V control output
	The switching differential is 1 K for heating/cooling mode (On/Off valve: P051 and P053).
	The proportional band is 2 K for heating mode and 1 K for cooling mode (DC, PWM and 3-pos valves: P050 and P052).
	The integral action time for modulating PI control is adjustable via P057 (heating) and P058 (cooling) (factory setting: 45 minutes).
Display	The display shows the acquired room temperature or the Comfort setpoint, selectable via P008. The factory setting displays the current room temperature. Configure P004 to display the room temperature or setpoint in °F or °C as needed. When P002 = 3, switch the unit between °C and °F via operating mode button, and the symbol is displayed as $\mathfrak{O}^{\circ C}_{F}$. When the unit is changed, P004 is updated accordingly. This function is only available from product index C or a higher version.
Note	When P008 = 1, the Comfort setpoint is always displayed even when the operating mode changes.
KNX'	The acquired room temperature (internal or external sensor) is available as information on the bus. RDG2KN can also acquire the room temperature via KNX.
Room temperature ∭ / ≵≭	 With automatic changeover or continuous heating/cooling, symbols ≤ / * indicate that the system is currently in heating or cooling. With manual changeover (P001 = 3), symbols ≤ /* indicate that the system
	currently is in heating or cooling mode and symbols $\frac{M}{2}$ indicate that the system is currently in heating or cooling. Thus, the symbols are displayed even when the thermostat operates in the neutral zone.
Concurrent display of °C and °F	Concurrent display of the current room temperature setpoint or current room temperature in $^{\circ}C$ and $^{\circ}F$ is available (P009 = 1).
Outside temperature via bus	The outside temperature displays on the thermostat (P009 = 2). This temperature value has only informational character. In LTE-Mode, the outside temperature can only be received on outside temperature zone 31. In S-Mode, the corresponding communication object must be bound to a KNX sensor device.

4.2 Operating modes



The thermostat operating mode can be influenced in different ways (see Different ways to influence operating mode [\rightarrow 32]). Specific heating and cooling setpoints are assigned to each operating mode.

The thermostat sends the current room operating mode via bus. (RDG2..KN) The following operating modes are available:

	Operating mode	lcon	Description	
	Auto	(L) AUTO	In Auto mode, the operating mode is commanded via bus or local schedule.	
			Auto is replaced by Comfort when no time schedule via bus is present.	
Room operating mode: Presence detector	Comfort	Î	 In Comfort mode, the thermostat maintains the Comfort setpoint. This setpoint can be defined via P011, P013P016, and adjusted via the rotary knob or bus. In Comfort mode, the fan can be set to automatic or manual fan speed: I, II or III. The thermostat switches to Comfort mode when: Standard presence mode: The presence detector (local or via KNX) is active (room is occupied) *) 	
Room operating mode: Presence detector	Economy		 The setpoints (more energy savings than in Comfort mode) can be defined via P019 and P020. The thermostat switches to Economy mode when: The operating mode button is pressed (only possible if P002 is set to 2), Economy is sent via bus, Hotel presence mode: When hotel guests leave their rooms, the thermostat switches to Economy. The buttons are locked and symbol displays. *) 	
Room operating mode: Window contact	Protection		 In Protection mode, the system is: Protected against frost (factory setting: 8 °C, configurable via F Protected against overheating (factory setting: OFF, configurable via P101) No other operating mode can be selected locally if Protection n is commanded by time schedule via bus (e.g., from a central control with RMB795B) AUTO and ⁽¹⁾ is displayed. The thermostat switches to Protection mode when: The operating mode button is pressed Protection is sent via bus The window contact is active (open window) "Window contact" is sent to thermostat via bus, e.g., from a KN switch [*]) 	

Note

^{*)} For details on window contact and presence detector, see Different ways to influence operating mode [\rightarrow 32].

4.2.1 Different ways to influence operating mode

Source for change of operating mode



Different interventions can influence the operating mode.

The source of the actual room operating mode state can be monitored using the "Cause" diagnostic data point in the ACS tool or web server OZW772. (RDG2..KN)

Source	Description	Value of data point "Cause"	
Local operation via left button	 Operating mode is not Auto No time schedule via bus	Room operating mode selector (preselection)	
leit bullon	Local time schedule	Local schedule	
	Temporary Comfort extension is active	Timer function	
	Window contact	Window contact	
	Presence detector	Presence detector	
Bus command	"Window contact" sent via bus	Window contact	
	"Presence detector" sent via bus	Presence detector	
Room op. mode (RDG2KN)	 Time schedule available via bus local operating mode is set to Auto Time schedule sends Protection mode via bus operating mode cannot be changed locally 	Time switch	

Priority of operating mode interventions

The following table shows the priorities of different interventions. A lower number means higher priority.

Priority	Description	Remark
1	Commissioning	In parameter setting mode, you can always command an operating mode independent of all other settings or interventions via bus and local input.
2	Protection mode via bus from time schedule (RDG2KN)	Protection mode, sent by a time schedule, cannot be overridden by the users.
3	Window contact	If the contact is closed, the operating mode changes to Protection. This overrides the operating mode on the thermostat.
3	"Window contact" via bus (RDG2KN)	"Window contact" sent via bus has the same effect as the local window contact. Note:
		Only one input source must be used, either local input X1/X2/U1or KNX bus.

	,	2000	
	4	Presence detector	 Standard presence mode: If a room is occupied, the operating mode changes to Comfort. This overrides the operating mode on the thermostat. Unoccupied rooms set back the thermostat to the previous operating mode. Hotel presence mode: If a room is unoccupied, the operating mode changes to Economy. This overrides the operating mode on the thermostat. The buttons are locked and symbol 1 displays. Occupied rooms set back the thermostat to the previous operating mode.
	\sim	Presence detector via bus (RDG2KN)	"Presence detector" sent via bus has the same effect as the local presence detector. Note: Only one input source must be used, either local input X1/X2/U1or KNX bus.
		Operating mode button	Users can change the operating mode using the operating mode button.
		Operating mode via bus (RDG2KN)	The operating mode can be changed via bus.
	-	Temporary extended Comfort mode via operating mode button	 The operating mode can be temporarily changed from Economy to Comfort by pressing the operating mode button, if Economy was sent via bus For an extended Comfort period>0 (P102) Note: The last option selected is used, either locally or using bus.
	4	Local time schedule	When P005 = On (Enabled), the local time schedule is active. The thermostat does not react to the operating mode: time switch command from the bus. The operating mode set via local time schedule can be overridden by all other interventions.
	\sim	Time schedule via bus (RDG2KN)	 When P005 = Off (Disabled), the bus schedule is active. The operating mode sent via bus can be overridden by all other interventions. Exception: Protection mode has priority 2. Note: If the time schedule switches from Comfort to Economy, but the presence detector is still active (room occupied), the thermostat continues to work in Comfort mode until the room is unoccupied.
with time			

Priority Description

Remark

Auto mode with time schedule via bus (RDG2..KN)

Recommended for commercial building applications, e.g. for offices, shops, etc.

If a time schedule via bus is present, e.g., from a central control unit, Auto mode

 $\textcircled{0}{\mathbb{C}}_{\text{AUTO}}$ is active. The thermostat automatically changes to Comfort, Economy or Protection according to the time schedule via bus.

	The display shows the Auto mode symbol Auto along with the symbol for the actual
	room operating mode (Comfort $\textcircled{1}$ or Economy \textcircled{ECO}).
	You can change the operating mode by pressing the operating mode button. The selected operating mode remains "temporary" until command "Room operating mode: Time switch" is received.
	When the thermostat automatically operates in Economy, users can set the thermostat to Comfort via HMI when:
	 P002 (operation via operating mode selector) is set to 2 (Auto – Comf -Eco – Prot)
	 P002 = 1 or 3, and P102 (temporary Comfort mode) is enabled Automatic fan is the default fan speed in Auto mode.
Note	"Temporary" means that the operating mode can be changed automatically, e.g. receives a new command from the bus until the next switching point.
Auto mode with local time schedule	Recommended for residential applications
	If a local time schedule is enabled (P005 = ON), e.g., Auto mode $AUTO$ is active. The thermostat automatically changes to Comfort, Economy according to the local time schedule.
	The display shows the Auto mode symbol AUTO along with the symbol for the actual room operating mode (Comfort $\widehat{\mathbf{II}}$ or Economy $\widehat{\mathbb{ECO}}$).
	You can change the operating mode by pressing the operating mode button. The new selected operating mode remains "permanent" until the next user intervention
	or a new preselection mode is received from bus.
	Operating mode Protection hospitality ($P002 = 3$) is not available with the local time schedule.
	Automatic fan is the default fan speed in Auto mode.
Note	"Permanent" means the operating mode change needs user intervention, e.g. HMI operation, or a new preselection mode is received from bus.
Behavior when bus sends new operating mode (RDG2KN)	With time schedule via bus, each time the time schedule sends a new operating mode (switching event), the operating mode of the thermostat is set back to Auto mode. This ensures that the room temperature is maintained according to the time schedule. (not valid when the local time schedule is enabled: P005 = ON)
Pre-Comfort via bus (RDG2KN)	If the time schedule sends Pre-Comfort mode, the mode is changed either to Economy (factory setting) or Comfort (selectable via P910).
Behavior when bus sends Protection (RDG2KN)	No intervention is possible by the users, if Protection mode is set by the time schedule. OFF flashes on the display when a button is pressed.
Availability of Economy	The operating mode can be selected locally via the operating mode button.
mode	The behavior of the operating mode button (user profile) can be defined via P002, factory setting is $P002 = 1$.

P002	Available op. mode	End user op. mode button	Description	
Schedu	ule via bus (RDG2K	N)		
1	AUTO ⇔ ()	0	 Recommended for commercial buildings: Switching manually between modes by pressing the operating mode button User settings are temporary and valid until the next switching 	
3	AUTO ⇒ Ů	Ċ	 event Economy is not available Note: Comfort mode can be temporarily extended (P102) (see Different ways to influence operating mode [→ 36]) 	
2		٥	 Recommended for commercial buildings or rooms where manual switching to Economy mode is desired: Switching manually between modes by pressing the operating mode button User settings are temporary and valid until the next switching event 	
Local s	chedule (P005 = ON	, RDG2KN)		
1		٢	 Recommended for residential buildings or apartments: Switching manually between modes by pressing the operating mode button 	
2		0	 Economy is available only with P002 = 2 User settings for Protection mode are permanent and valid until the next user intervention or a new preselection mode from the bus 	
3	N/A			
Local s	chedule (P005 = ON	, RDG2T)		
1		0	 Recommended for residential buildings or apartments: Switching manually between modes by pressing the operating 	
2	$ \underbrace{()}_{\text{AUTO}} \Rightarrow \widehat{(1)} \Rightarrow \widehat{(2)} \Rightarrow $	0	 Economy is available only with P002 = 2 	
4		0	 User settings for Protection mode are permanent and valid unt the next user intervention 	
3	N/A	1		
Withou	t time schedule			
1	ⓐ⇒↺	0	 For residential buildings or apartments where the schedule is not requested: Switching manually between modes by pressing the operating mode button Economy is available only with P002 = 2 User settings are permanent and valid until the next user intervention 	
2		٥		
3	ⓐ⇒Ů	٢	 Recommended for hotel guest rooms or apartments: Switching manually between modes by pressing the operating mode button User settings are permanent and valid until the next user intervention or a new preselection mode from the bus 	

Window contact



Room operating mode: Window contact (RDG2..KN)



Presence detector (RDG2..KN) Temporary timer to extend Comfort mode

Timer to extend presence/absence

The thermostat is forced into Protection mode when the window is open. The contact can be connected to multifunctional input X1, X2 or U1. Set P150, P153 or P155 to 3. User operations are ineffective and **OFF** displays if the window contact is active.

The window contact function is also available via the KNX signal "Window contact", e.g., from a KNX switch or a KNX presence detector.

The operating mode can be changed to Comfort or Economy based on room occupancy (room occupied or unoccupied, via presence detector or keycard).

For details, see Presence detector [\rightarrow 56]

Comfort mode can be temporarily extended (e.g., working after business hours or on weekends) when the thermostat is in Economy mode.

- 1. Press the operating mode button to return to Comfort for the preset period (P102).
- 2. Press the operating mode button again to stop the schedule.

The following conditions must be fulfilled:

• Room is unoccupied (via bus)

0

mode selection via operating mode button is set to "Auto (Comfort)-Protection" (P002 = 1) or "Auto (Comfort)-Protection Hospitality" (P002 = 3) and the time schedule via bus is Economy

P102 (extend Comfort period) is greater than 0

During the temporary Comfort mode extension, symbol \odot displays. When P102 (extend Comfort period) equals 0, extended Comfort cannot be activated; pressing the left button will switch the thermostat to Protection. If the operating mode window contact is active, press the left button and **OFF** displays (blinking).

The actual room operating mode can be forced temporarily to Comfort or Economy/Protection. The time period is adjusted via the rotary knob:

- Extend presence: Set the thermostat to Comfort for the selected time
- Extend absence: Set the thermostat to Economy/Protection for the selected time

To activate the function, press and hold the left button and, within 3 seconds, turn the rotary knob...

- clockwise for extended presence
- counterclockwise for extended absence
- The rotary knob adjusts the time period:
- Extend presence: 0:00...+9:30 in steps of 30 minutes; the symbol 🔃 is displayed
- Extend absence: 0:00...–9:30 in steps of 30 minutes; the symbol ^{€CO} or ⁽¹⁾ is displayed

During the extended presence/absence periods, symbol \bigcirc is displayed. Function if no time schedule is received via bus

User profile for operating mode (selected via P002)	Operating mode when activating function	Mode button	Function	Operating mode during function	Operating mode at the end of function
P002 = 1: (1)	Comfort	Ö	Extension	Comfort	Protection
	Comfort		Absence	Protection	Comfort
P002 = 2: 🗊 🙃 🕛	Comfort or Economy	Ö	Extension	Comfort	Economy
	Comfort or Economy		Absence	Economy	Comfort
P002 = 3: 🗊 🗥	Comfort	Ċ	Extension	Comfort	Protection hospitality
	Comfort		Absence	Protection hospitality	Comfort

Note

Extension/absence is not available in Protection mode. Function with time schedule via bus (RDG2..KN)

User profile for operating mode (selected via P002)	Operating mode when activating function	Mode button	Function	Operating mode during function	Operating mode at the end of function
P002 = 1: AUTO ()	Auto	Ó	Extension	Comfort	Auto
	Comfort		Extension	Comfort	Auto
	Auto		Absence	Protection	Auto
	Comfort		Absence	Protection	Auto
	Auto, Comfort or Economy	0	Extension	Comfort	Auto
	Auto, Comfort or Economy		Absence	Economy	Auto
P002 = 3: AUTO ()	Auto	Ú	Extension	Comfort	Auto
$F002 = 3.$ AUTO \bigcirc	Comfort		Extension	Comfort	Auto
	Auto		Absence	Protection hospitality	Auto
	Comfort		Absence	Protection hospitality	Auto

Note

Extension/absence is not available in Protection mode.

4.2.2 Communication examples

The following examples show 3 typical applications for a central time schedule together with local control of the room operating mode.

The room operating mode in rooms 1...3 of a building is determined by the time schedule. Window contacts are installed in all rooms.

The following conditions are specified:

The rooms are used and controlled by the time schedule as follows:

- Night setback from 17:00 to 08:00 (Economy)
- Lunch break from 12:00 to 13:00 (Pre-Comfort)

The substitution (P910) for Pre-Comfort via bus is set on the thermostats as follows:

- Room 1: Comfort (1)
- Room 2: Economy (0)

Example 1

Window contact

In **Room 1**, the window is opened briefly, once in the morning and once in the late afternoon (1). The opening in the morning and afternoon directly influences the actual room operating mode.

During lunch break (2), the time schedule changes to Pre-Comfort. The mode remains in Comfort as set by parameter "Transformation Pre-Comfort" (P910 = 1).

	Time schedule	e Comfort		08:00		12	:00 1:]	3:00	17:0	0				 A6V11545892Z00 <u>e</u> n
AUTO		Pre-Comfort												ا 545892.
		Economy										_//	1	ا A6V11
		Protection (holidays or special days)												-
	Window contact Room 1	Window open Window			Γ	1)					Π	1)		_
		closeed	_											-
		Comfort				<u> </u>	2)	•						
Ĭ	Actual room operating mode Room 1	Connort												
		Economy			+				L		ľ	_//-	i –	-
		Protection												_

Example 2 Interaction of user operation (operating mode button) and central time schedule

In **Room 2**, the window is opened briefly, once in the morning and once in the late afternoon (1).

Only the opening in the morning directly influences actual room operating mode. With the operating mode button, the operating mode can be changed between OFF and Auto or to temporary Comfort extension.

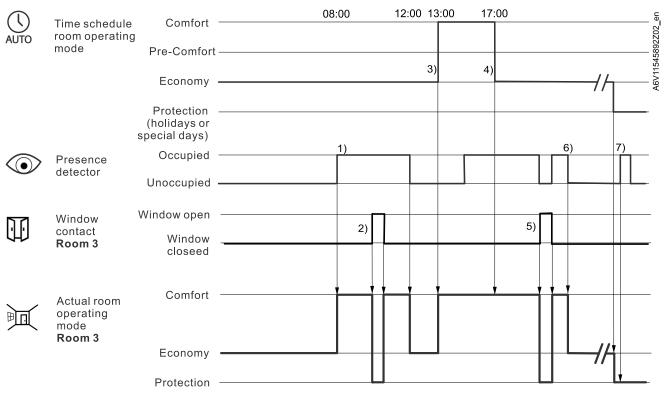
- During lunch break, the time schedule changes to Pre-Comfort. The thermostat mode changes to Economy as set by parameter "Transformation Pre-Comfort" (P910 = 0) (6)
- During lunch break, the user changes the operating mode to Comfort (temporary Comfort extension) by pressing the operating mode button (2)
- At 13:00, the timer is reset due to mode change by the central time schedule
- In the afternoon, the user switches off the thermostat by pressing the operating mode button (3). At 17:00 the user setting is reset to Economy by the time schedule
- At 19:30, the user again extends Comfort mode (4)

\bigcirc	Time schedule	Comfort		08:00	12:00) 13:00	17	:00		
AUTO	Room operating mode									A6V11545892Z01_en
		Economy							//	A6V12
245 9	Operating mode	Protection (holidays or special days)								
0_	button on the thermostat					2)	3)		4)	
Ţ.	Window contact	Pressed	-							
Ψ	Room 2	Window open			1 +			1)		
		Window closeed		1)				')		
Ņ	Actual room operating mode Room 2	Comfort							⊙	
		Economy	-		6)			┛─┦/┧	
		Protection								

Example 3 Application for "Window contact", "Presence detector" and "Central time schedule"

In **Room 3**, the time schedule is between 13:00 and 17:00.

- In the morning, as soon as presence is detected, the operating mode switches to Comfort (1)
- The users open the window briefly and the operating mode switches to Protection (2)
- In the afternoon, the central time schedule sets Comfort mode from 13:00 to 17:00 (3)
- After 17:00, the room is still occupied, and the operating mode remains in Comfort (occupancy via presence detector) (4)
- The users open the window and exit the room for a short time. The operating mode switches to Protection as long as the window is open (5)
- As soon as the room is unoccupied, the thermostat switches to Economy (6)
- After this time, occupancy detected by the presence detector has no effect, and the central time schedule sets the thermostat to Protection (7)



4.3 Room temperature setpoints

4.3.1 Description

Comfort mode	The factory setting for the Comfort basic setpoint is 21 °C and can be changed in the thermostat's EEPROM via P011, bus with communication object "Comfort basic setpoint" or Siemens smartphone application PCT Go. The last option selected is always used.				
	The Comfort setpoint can be adjusted via rotary knob, or bus from a remote device like a touch panel, operator unit, etc. The last option selected is used.				
Temporary comfort setpoint (RDG2KN)	When "Temporary comfort setpoint" is enabled via P103, the Comfort setpoint is set back to the Comfort basic setpoint stored in P011 only when the operating mode is changed.				

If, e.g., the thermostat receives a new Comfort basic setpoint from the bus (object 25 - Room temp: Comfort basic setpoint), the current Comfort setpoint is not updated immediately. Only when the operating mode is set back to Comfort, the Comfort setpoint is updated with the new Comfort basic setpoint.

This setback is only executed when the change of the operating mode is commanded

P103	Operating mode is commanded by
1	Pressing the mode button or via bus.
2	Pressing the mode button or via bus, not by window contact.
3	Pressing the mode button or via bus, not by presence detector and hotel presence detector (digital input or bus).

When "Temporary comfort setpoint" is disabled via P103, the Comfort setpoint is set back to the Comfort basic setpoint (stored in P011) immediately as soon as the Comfort basic setpoint is changed.

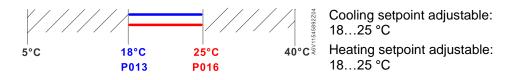
For Comfort or energy saving purposes, the setpoint setting range can be limited by selecting the most appropriate setpoint concept:

- Setpoint Comfort concept (P010 = 1) for maximum user comfort
- Setpoint energy saving concept (P010 = 2) to save energy
- Setpoint comfort concept (P010 = 1)
 The setpoint limit can be set via P013 (Comfort setpoint minimum) and P016 (Comfort setpoint maximum). Both heating and cooling setpoints are adjustable between these two limits.
 - The user adjusts the desired setpoint and the thermostat controls the room temperature accordingly.
 - For 4-pipe applications, the selected Comfort setpoint is in the middle of the dead zone (P055). The unit stops to energize the heating/cooling outputs as soon as the room temperature reaches the dead zone.



Setpoint limitation

Note



Setpoint energy saving concept (P010 = 2)

- This allows users to limit the setpoint setting range for heating and cooling independently.
- The setpoint limits for heating can be set via P013 (Comfort setpoint minimum) and P014 (Comfort setpoint maximum heating). The setpoint limits for cooling can be set via P015 (Comfort setpoint minimum cooling) and P016 (Comfort setpoint minimum).



- For 4-pipe applications:
 - The thermostat runs on the setpoint of the active sequence:
 In heating mode, the heating setpoint is active and adjustable via rotary knob.

In cooling mode, the cooling setpoint is active and adjustable via rotary knob

	 Switching from the heating setpoint to the cooling setpoint and vice-versa occurs when the room temperature reaches the adjusted limitation (P014 or P015) of the inactive sequence. E.g., the thermostat is in heating sequence and runs on the heating setpoint. When the room temperature reaches P015, the thermostat switches to cooling and runs on the cooling setpoint, as long as the room temperature does not drop below P014.
Note	For 4-pipe application, if RDG2KN receives heating or cooling setpoint from bus, it adjusts the setpoint as per setpoint limitation (P014 or P015). I.e., if the received heating setpoint is 20 °C and cooling is 26 °C, the calculated setpoint w is 23 °C (out of range). Then the thermostat uses setpoint limitation boundary value for heating and cooling sequences: max. heating setpoint 21 °C and min. cooling setpoint 25 °C. If users want to use the setpoint from bus (not affected by energy saving concept), they need to set P10 = 1 (Comfort setpoint).
Absolute and relative setpoint (P104)	With the default setting (absolute setpoints) of the setpoint display, the Comfort setpoint is displayed as absolute temperature value, e.g. 22 °C and can be adjusted within the selected limitation. If the relative setpoint (P104 = 2) is selected, the Comfort setpoint can be adjusted via rotary knob from -3 K to +3 K. The relative setting range \pm 3K is fixed, but can be limited via P013 (min Comfort
	setpoint) and P016 (max Comfort setpoint) as needed.
	During relative setpoint selection, the value is displayed on the 2 nd line of the display.
	The relative setpoint can be selected only when the Comfort concept (setpoint concept: $P010 = 1$) is selected.
Economy mode	Use P019 and P020 to adjust Economy mode setpoints.
ĒCO	The heating setpoint is 15 $^{\circ}$ C (factory setting), and the cooling setpoint is 30 $^{\circ}$ C.
Protection mode	Use P100 and P101 to adjust the Protection mode setpoints.
\bigcirc	The heating setpoint is 8 °C (frost protection, factory setting) and OFF for cooling.



If a setpoint (Economy or Protection) is set to OFF, the thermostat does not control the room temperature in the corresponding mode (heating or cooling). As a result, there is no protective heating or cooling function and thus risk of frost during heating or risk of overtemperature during cooling!

The Economy setpoints (P019, P020) are accessible at the Service level; the Protection setpoints (P100, P101) are accessible at the Expert level.

4.3.2 Setting and adjusting setpoints

Room temperature setpoints can be...

- Set during commissioning
- Adjusted during runtime

The source can be one of the followings:

- Local HMI
- KNX tool (RDG2..KN)
- Central control unit

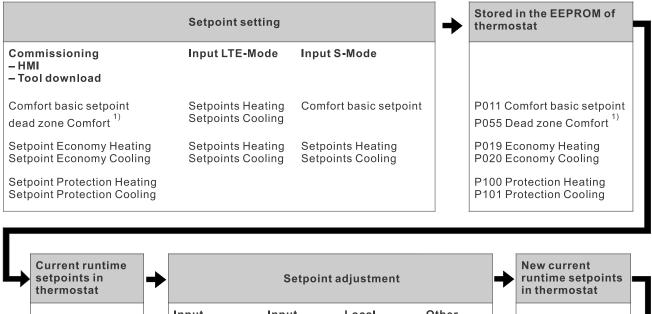
• Siemens smartphone application PCT Go

- The thermostat saves the setpoints to:
- EEPROM in the form of parameters
- Runtime memory



Comfort basic setpoint Comfort setpoint Economy heating setpoint ⁴⁾ Economy cooling setpoint ⁴⁾

The figure below shows the interrelation:



	thermostat					•	in thermostat
		Input LTE-Mode ²⁾	Input S-Mode ³⁾	Local operation ³⁾	Other functions ⁵⁾		
I	Comfort setpoint	Setpoint shift H Setpoint shift C	Comfort setpoint	Rotary knob			Comfort setpoint
	Economy Heating Economy Cooling	Setpoint shift H Setpoint shift C					Economy Heating Economy Cooling
	Protection Heating Protection Cooling						Protection Heating Protection Cooling

Actual room operating mode

Current setpoint (used by the thermostat for temperature control)

¹⁾ Only required for heating and cooling applications (see Setpoints and sequences $[\rightarrow 122]$)

²⁾ LTE-Mode: Shift is added to the local shift

³⁾ S-Mode: **The last option selected is always used**, either S-Mode input or local operation

⁴⁾ To display the S-Mode objects of the Economy heating and cooling setpoint (P019/P020), set the control parameter "Room temperature: Economy setpoints" to **as group object** in ETS tool

5) Other functions:

 If current humidity setpoint is not suitable for room humidity, setpoint shift is activated via humidity control strategy (P451).

Cooling setpoint tracking depending on outside temperature (P255)



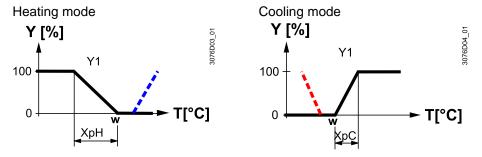
In cooling mode, a large difference between outside and indoor temperatures can create discomfort and waste energy. The thermostat can track the outside temperature via the bus and adjust the cooling setpoint to make sure the difference is not too great. If the outside temperature is higher than 26 °C and 6 K above the Comfort cooling setpoint, the related setpoint is shifted and kept 6 K below the outside temperature. This function can be enabled or disabled via P255.

The current setpoint (used by the thermostat for temperature control) is available on the bus for use in the central control unit.

Clarification concerning current setpoint in Comfort mode

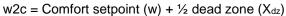
The Comfort setpoint \mathbf{w} (e.g., customer setting on the display) and the current setpoint $\mathbf{w2}$ (used by the thermostat for temperature control, but not displayed) are handled differently depending on the selected application and setting.

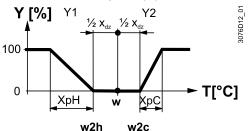
2-pipe with P010 = 1 or 4-pipe with P010 = 1 and P001 = 3 Both the Comfort setpoint ${\bf w}$ and current setpoint ${\bf w2}$ have the same value.



4-pipe with P010 = 1 The Comfort setpoint **w** (value selectable by e.g., rotary knob) is in the middle of the dead zone (P055). The current setpoints **w2**.. (used by the thermostat for temperature control) are at the boundaries of the dead zone.

w2h = Comfort setpoint (w) $-\frac{1}{2}$ dead zone (X_{dz})





General notes

- The supported communication objects are different in LTE-Mode and S-Mode
- Changes via the local HMI or tools have the same priority (the last option is always used)
- Setting the Comfort basic setpoint resets the runtime Comfort setpoint only when P103 = 0
- Central setpoint shifting is used for summer/winter compensation in particular
- Setpoint shifting does not influence the setpoints stored in P011, P019, P020 and P055
- Local and central shifts are added up
- Applies only to Comfort and Economy setpoints; Protection setpoints are not shifted centrally
- The current setpoint heating and cooling is limited by the Protection setpoint. If the Protection setpoint is Off, both the minimum 5 °C and maximum 40 °C are used
- The current setpoints for cooling and heating of the same operating mode have a minimum distance of 0.5 K
- The result of local and central shifting, together with room operating mode, humidity control or setpoint tracking for cooling, is used by the thermostat for temperature control (current setpoint)

Setpoint priority Setpoint manager (RMB)

- The room thermostat always takes over the setpoints received from the controller RMB795B. Thus, the setpoints adjusted locally on the thermostats are overridden by the setpoints from the room group (e.g., every 15 minutes)
 - On RMB, the circumstances under which the controller sends out the setpoints can be defined. Refer to CE1P3122 for "Setpoint priority" and "Setpoint Manager" functions

Notes on setpoint adjustment (LTE-Mode with Synco only (RDG2..KN))

ON =

OFF =

DIP NO.: 1...9

DIP NO.: 1...9

4.4 Application overview

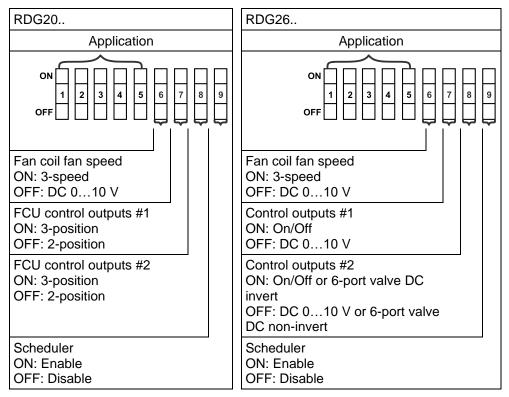
The RDG2.. room thermostats support the following applications, which can be configured using the DIP switches at the rear of the unit or commissioning tool.

Remote configuration Set DIP switches 1...5 (except for ABT Site: 1...9) to OFF (remote configuration, factory setting) to select an application via commissioning tool.

If DIP switches 1...5 are set on the device, RDG2.. only accepts the commissioning set of PCT Go, ACS or ETS, if the same application is also selected on the tool.

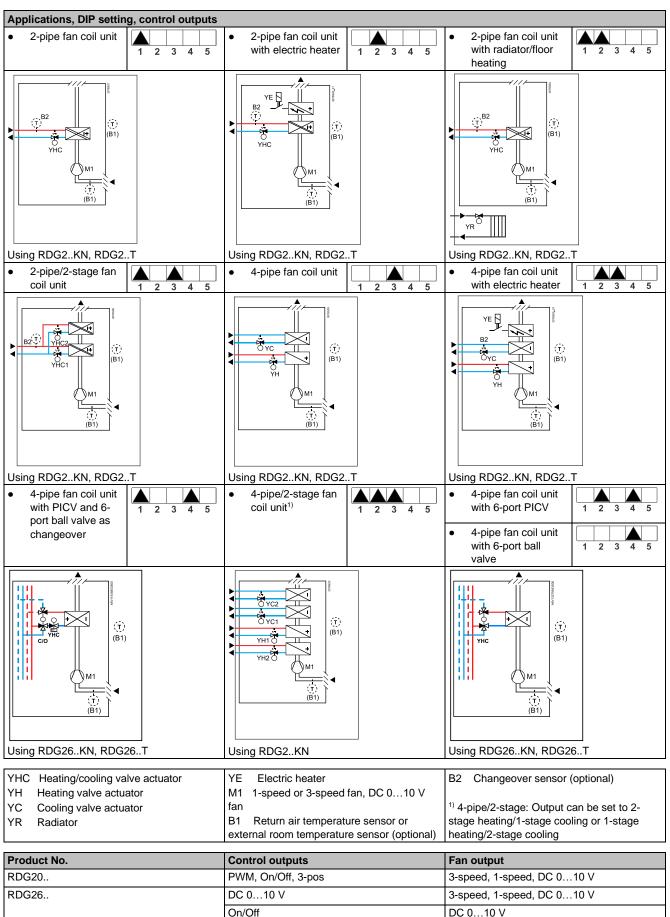
Remote configuration, via commissioning tool (factory setting)

- Synco ACS (RDG2..KN)
- ETS (RDG2..KN)
- ABT Site (RDG2..KN)
- Commissioning via Siemens smartphone application PCT Go

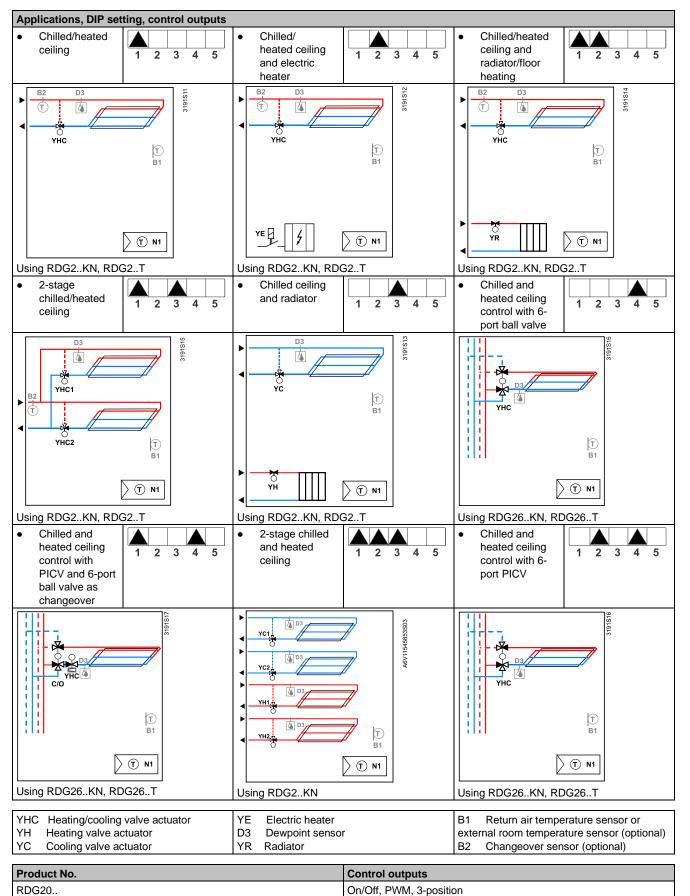


lcon	Description	Icon	Description
+	Heating/cooling register		Cooling register
+	Heating register	+	Electric heater
	Chilled/heated ceiling		Chilled ceiling
	Heat pump/compressor		Radiator

Note



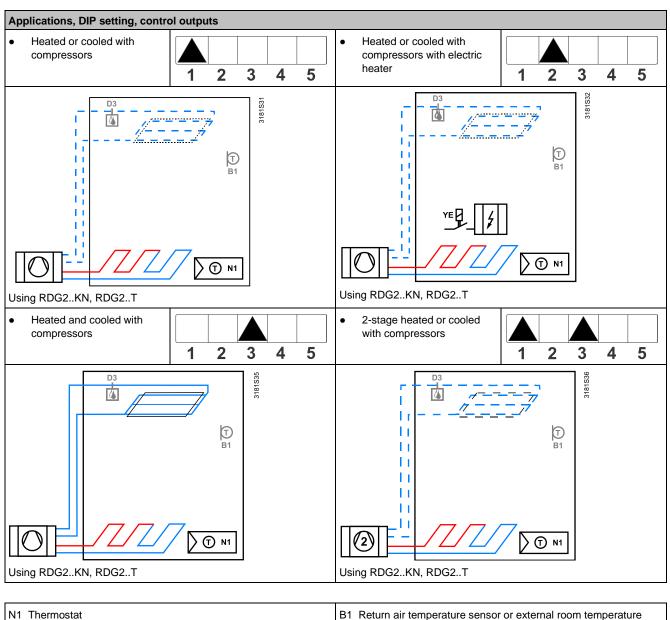




On/Off, DC 0...10 V

4.4.2 Applications for universal systems

RDG26.



4.4.3 Application for heat pump systems

Output Y10/Q1: Heating or heating/cooling Output Y20/Q2: Cooling only (heating/cooling)	sensor (optional)
YE Electric heaters	D3 Dewpoint sensor

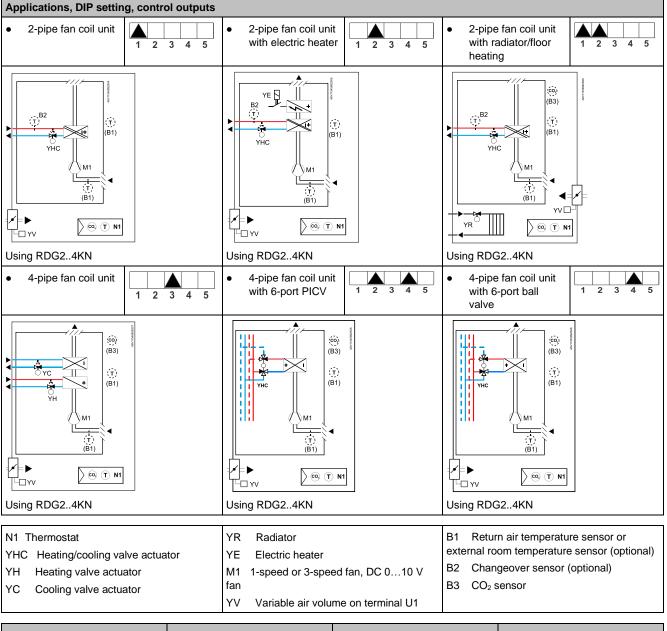
Product No.	Control outputs	Fan		
RDG20	On/Off, PWM, 3-position	Disabled, 1-speed, 3-speed, DC 010 V		
RDG26	On/Off, DC 010 V	Disabled, DC 010 V		

4.4.4 Application with additional ventilation function

4.4.4.1 Cooling with air and IAQ in fan coil systems (RDG2..4KN)

Fresh air, controlled via damper, is used to lower both temperature and CO₂ concentrations in rooms. See Additional ventilation functions (IAQ + cooling with air) [\rightarrow 109].

Cold air can be supplied in parallel when the fan coil is energized in cooling mode $(1^{st} \text{ stage cooling})$ or as an additional 2^{nd} stage cooling sequence.

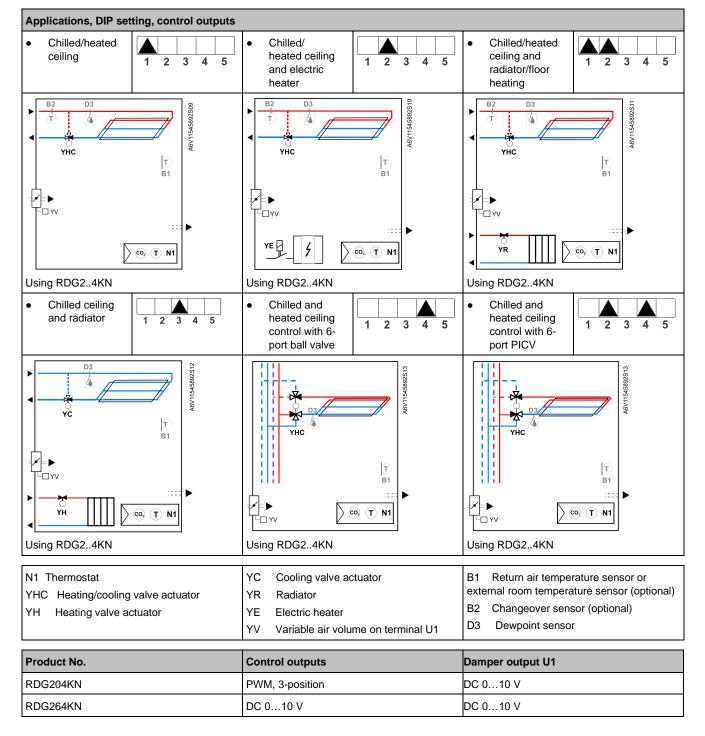


Product No.	Control outputs	Fan	Damper output U1
RDG204KN	PWM, 3-position	1-speed, 3-speed, DC 010 V	DC 010 V
RDG264KN	DC 010 V	1-speed, 3-speed, DC 010 V	DC 010 V

4.4.4.2 Cooling with air and IAQ in universal H/C systems (RDG2..4KN)

Fresh air, controlled via damper, is used to lower both temperature and CO_2 concentrations in rooms. See Additional ventilation functions (IAQ + cooling with air) [\rightarrow 109].

Cold air can be supplied in parallel when the chilled ceiling is energized (1st stage cooling) or as an additional 2nd stage cooling sequence.

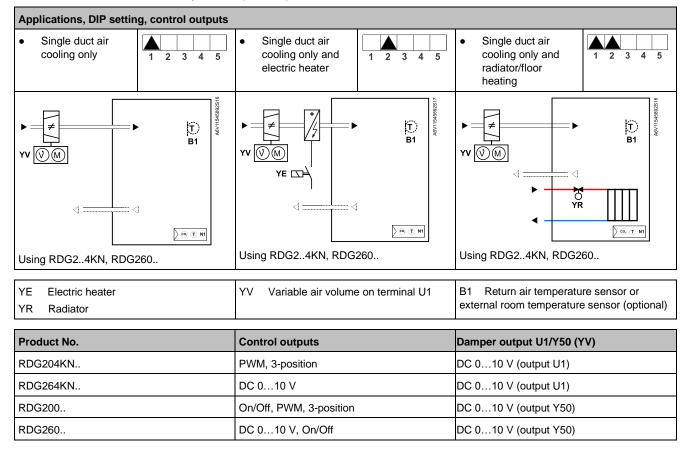


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4.4.4.3 Cooling with air in ventilation systems

With RDG2...4KN, fresh air, controlled via damper, is used to lower both temperature and CO₂ concentrations in rooms. See Cooling with air and IAQ control in ventilation systems [\rightarrow 114].

If cooling with air is requested without indoor air quality control, RDG260KN can be used with the setting as described in "Cooling with air and IAQ control in ventilation systems" [\rightarrow 114].



```
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```

4.5 Power supply selection for RDG20..KN

The RDG20..KN can be powered either on AC 230 V or AC 24 V. The desired power supply is selected via the power switch on the rear of the device. The default setting is AC 230 V.

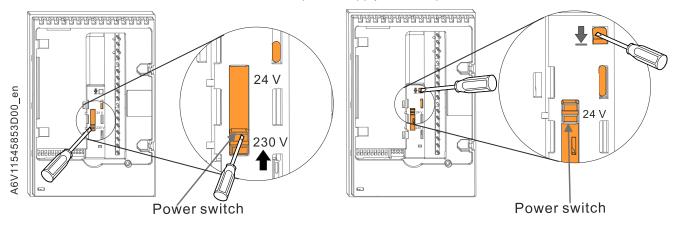
Therefore, RDG20..KN can be used with the following combinations:

- AC 230 V or AC 24 V systems with 3-speed and DC 0...10 V fan control
- SELV AC 24 V systems with PWM AC 24 V electrothermal actuators

▲ Notes:

The outputs (triacs and relays) follow the main power supply, either AC 230 V or AC 24 V.

The device is damaged when set to AC 24 V but powered by AC 230 V.



To select the correct power supply, use the power switch on the rear of the device.

4.6 Additional functions

Fu	nctions (parameters)	Description	Standal	_	e	RDG
			KNX	(
Se	nsors and changeover functions [\rightarrow 54]	1				
•	Heating/cooling changeover via bus (KNX)	Central control of heating / cooling via bus	; √	·	:	2KN
•	Automatic heating/cooling changeover via changeover sensor	Auto changeover on each equipment	\checkmark	``	/	2
•	Changeover switch (P150, P153, P155)		\checkmark	· \	/	
•	Manual heating/cooling changeover (P001)	Heating / cooling controlled manually by u (via HMI)	ser 🗸	` `	1	2
•	External/return air temperature sensor (P150, P153, P155)	Temperature measurement with external sensors	\checkmark	` `	/	2
Pr	esence detector [→ 56]					
•	Standard presence mode (P150 / P153 / P155)	Switch operating mode locally or via bus	\checkmark	ĺ,	1	2
•	Hotel presence mode (P150 / P153 / P155)	Switch operating mode locally or via bus	\checkmark	` `	/	2
Οι	Itput functions [→ 57]					
•	Purge function (P251)	To ensure correct acquisition of the water temperature	\checkmark	` `	/	2
•	Minimum output On/Off time (P212, P213)	To protect the HVAC equipment, for exam the compressor and reduce wear and tear		<i>`</i> ``	/	2
•	Swap outputs for 2-pipe and 2-stage applications (P254)	To optimize the use of heating/cooling ene mixed systems	ergy in √	``	/	2
•	Floor heating/cooling (P350)	Application without fan control	\checkmark	 ` 	/	2
•	Qx relay switching function (P400, P401, P402)	Control external equipment based on func status (Heating/cooling demand, operating mode, sequence, humidity,)		í `	/	2
Mo	pnitoring and limiting functions [\rightarrow 59]	•				
•	Floor temperature limitation function (P252)	For user Comfort and protect the floor	\checkmark	``	/	2
•	Supply air temperature limitation (P063, P064)	To increase the comfort, by avoiding too w or too cold air in the room	varm 🗸	í \	1	2
•	Flow limitation in heating and cooling for PICV (P260, P261)	To balance heating and cooling systems a avoid hydraulic problems caused by different flow rates		ĺ,	/	2
•	Dewpoint monitoring Fault state "condensation" (P150, P153, P155 = 4)	To prevent condensation damages in the building	\checkmark		/	2
•	Valve kick/exercising (P250)	To prevent valve freezing after extended inactivity	\checkmark	` `	/	2
•	Return flow temperature control (P061, P062)	To save energy by adjusting flow speed in district heating systems	· √	Ύν	1	2
Us	er operation / Indication [→ 63]					
•	Button lock (P028)	To limit access to unauthorized people	\checkmark	 ` 	/	2
•	Green leaf (P110, P111)	Indication about energy efficient	\checkmark	·		2KN
•	Set time / date	To set the time of day (AM/PM, hours and minutes) and date (weekday, month and year)			1	2
•	Set Away (holiday mode)	To set a holiday period	, V	1.	/	2

Functions (parameters)	Description	tandalo	RDG	
		KNX		
Humidity (RDG2KN) [→ 65]				
Humidity control (P007, P450)	Limit min. and max. humidity in the room	\checkmark		2KN
Scheduler [→ 69]				
Scheduler (P005)	To set time schedule	\checkmark	\checkmark	2
M/S, manager/subordinate (RDG2KN) [→ 71]	To save energy in open spaces	\checkmark		2KN
Preventive operation [→ 74]	·			
Avoid cold air in heating mode (P365)	To make sure reaching setpoint temperature during heating mode	9 √	\checkmark	2
 Avoid damage from moisture (P363, P364) 	To prevent from damage of moisture	\checkmark	\checkmark	2
NFC communication [→ 75]				
• NFC (P500)	NFC communication via Siemens smartphon application	ne 🗸	\checkmark	2
IAQ - CO2 monitoring and control (RDG2.				
 IAQ monitoring (P450) CO₂ indication (P009) IAQ control (P023, P450, P453, P454, P455, P456, P457, P458) Forced ventilation (P003) Frost protection (P109) IAQ control + cooling with air (P023, P450, P457, P458) 	To monitoring and controlling indoor air qua	lity √		24KN
Power reserve clock (RDG2T) [→ 85]	Power reserve clock for 20 h during power failure		\checkmark	2T
Read live data via PCT Go [→ 185]	Service function for installers to check the correct installation, commissioning, and working conditions of the thermostats	- V	\checkmark	2

4.6.1 Sensors and changeover functions

Heating/cooling changeover via bus (KNX) (RDG2..KN) The heating/cooling changeover information is received via bus. This is only possible if the control sequence is set to automatic heating/cooling changeover (P001 = 2) and no local input (X1, X2, U1) is assigned to this function.

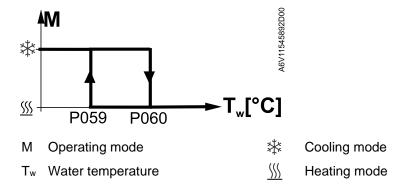


Automatic heating/cooling changeover via changeover sensor If required information is unavailable (e.g., due to data communication issues, power failure, etc.), the thermostat operates in the last valid room operating mode (heating or cooling).

If a cable temperature sensor (LG-Ni1000 or NTC 3k) is connected to X1/X2/U1 (RDG2..KN)/X3 (RDG2..T), and P150/P153/P155 is set to 2, the water temperature acquired by the changeover sensor is used to change over from heating to cooling mode, or vice versa.

- When the water temperature is above 28 °C (adjustable via P060), the thermostat changes over to heating mode and remains in heating mode until the temperature drops below 16 °C (adjustable via P059).
- When the water temperature is below 16 °C (P059), the thermostat changes over to cooling mode and remains in cooling mode until the temperature exceeds 28 °C (P060).
- If the water temperature is between the 2 changeover points immediately after power-up (within hysteresis), the thermostat starts in the previous mode.

The water temperature is acquired and the operating state is updated accordingly.

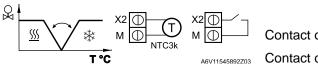


Note

Note

Changeover switch (P150, P153, P155) The setting range is 5 °C...P060-2 K for P059 and P059+2 K... 40 °C for P060.

When P001 = 2 (H/C changeover auto) is selected, an NTC 3k or LG-Ni1000 cable temperature sensor for automatic heating/cooling changeover or one external switch for manual or remote changeover can be used to switch the equipment between heating and cooling:



Normally open:

Contact open \Rightarrow Heating mode \underline{M}

^{192Z03} Contact closed \Rightarrow cooling mode 3

The sensor or switch can be connected to input terminal X2, X1 or U1 (RDG2..KN)/X3 (RDG2..T) based on the commissioning of the inputs (P150 (X1), P153 (X2), P155 (U1/X3) = 2).

See also Multifunctional input, digital input [\rightarrow 138].

When using an external switch for changeover, the operating action is configured via P150, P153 or P155 = 2.

P151 (X1), P154 (X2) or P156 (U1/X3) = 0 (default, normally open)	P151 (X1), P154 (X2) or P156 (U1/X3) = 1 (Normally close)			
Contact open \Rightarrow heating mode \iiint	Contact open \Rightarrow cooling mode $*$			
Contact closed \Rightarrow cooling mode $*$	Contact closed \Rightarrow heating mode \iiint			

Manual heating/cooling changeover (P001)

• Manual heating/cooling changeover means selection via changeover button on the thermostat by repeatedly pushing the button until the required mode is displayed.

 If manual heating/cooling changeover is commissioned (P001 = 3), heating/cooling mode cannot be changed via bus/changeover sensor/switch; it remains in the last mode selected locally via button.

External/return air temperature sensor (P150, P153, P155) The thermostat acquires the room temperature via built-in sensor, external room temperature sensor (QAA32), or external return air temperature sensor (NTC 3k or LG-Ni1000) connected to multifunctional input X1, X2 or U1/X3.

Inputs X1, X2 or U1/X3 must be commissioned accordingly. See Multifunctional input, digital input [\rightarrow 138].

4.6.2 Presence detector

The operating mode can be changed to Comfort or Economy mode based on room occupancy (room occupied or unoccupied, via presence detector or keycard).

Standard presence mode (Input: P150 / P153 / P155 = 10) The presence detector input switches the operating mode to Comfort when the room is occupied and switches back to the previous operating mode when the room is unoccupied.

Presence detection is also possible via bus (RDG2..KN). In this case, do not assign the function to any local input X1, X2 or U1.

Time schedule via bus (RDG2KN)	Presence detector behavior
Comfort mode	When the presence detector is activated or deactivated, the operating mode remains in Comfort.
Economy mode	• When the presence detector is activated, the operating mode changes to Comfort.
	 When the presence detector is deactivated, the operating mode changes to Economy (Auto).
Protection mode	Presence detection has no influence on the operating mode.
Not available	• When the presence detector is activated, the operating mode changes to Comfort.
	 When the presence detector is deactivated, the operating mode changes to previous operating mode.

Hotel presence mode (Input: P150 / P153 / P155 = 13) If a room is unoccupied, the operating mode changes to Economy. This overrides the operating mode on the thermostat. The buttons are locked and symbol $\widehat{\square}$ is displayed. An occupied room sets the thermostat back to the previous operating mode. Use a card reader and not a motion detector combined with hotel presence function for hotel applications, as the buttons are locked in case of unoccupancy. Hotel presence detection is also possible via bus (RDG2..KN). In this case, do not assign the function to local input X1, X2 or U1.

Time schedule via Bus (RDG2KN)	Presence detector behavior
Comfort mode	When hotel guests leave their rooms (room is unoccupied), the operating mode changes to Economy. The buttons are locked and symbol 🗊 is displayed.
Economy mode	 When hotel guests leave their rooms (room is unoccupied), the operating mode changes to Economy. The buttons are locked and symbol is displayed. When the room is occupied, the operating mode changes to the previous operating mode.
Protection mode	Presence detection has no influence on the operating mode.
Not available	 When hotel guests leave their rooms (room is unoccupied), the operating mode changes to Economy. The buttons are locked and symbol is displayed. When a room is occupied, the operating mode changes to the previous operating mode.

Notes	 When the schedule changes to Economy but the presence detector is still active, the operating mode remains in Comfort mode until the presence detector becomes inactive. The contact (e.g., a card reader) can be connected to multifunctional input X1 X2 or U1 (set P150, P153 or P155 to 10) or occupancy is sent via bus from a KNX presence detector (only one input source must be used, either local input X1/X2/U1 or KNX bus). 				
4.6.3	Output functions				
Purge function (P251)	The changeover sensor ensures changeover between heating and cooling mode based on the acquired water temperature. We recommend activating the Purge function (P251) with 2-port valves. This function ensures correct acquisition of the medium temperature even if the 2-port valve is closed for an extended period of time. The valve is opened for 1 to 5 minutes (adjustable) at 2-hour intervals during off hours. The function is valid for outputs PWM, On/Off, On/Off 3-wire, DC, 3-position and all 2-pipe applications.				
Minimum output On/Off time (P212, P213)	Limit the On/Off switching cycle to protect HVAC equipment, e.g., compressor and reduce wear and tear. The minimum output on-time and off-time for the On/Off control output can be adjusted from 1 to 20 minutes via P212 and P213. The factory setting is 1 minute.				
	Readjusting the setpoint or heating/cooling mode changeover immediately results in calculation of the output state; the outputs may not hold the minimum 1-minute				
	On/Off time. If P212 or P213 is set to greater than 1 minute, the minimum On/Off time for the control output is maintained as set, even if the setpoint or changeover mode is readjusted.				
Swap outputs for 2-pipe and 2-stage applications (P254)	For 2-pipe and 2-stage applications with different equipment, e.g., fan coil units and radiant heating/cooling panels, it is possible to invert the sequence of the equipment to optimize energy use, when the thermostat changes the sequence from heating to cooling (P001 = 2 or 3).				
	Under factory settings, the 1 st stage in heating (YHC1) is also the 1 st stage in cooling.				
	The swap function optimizes use of heating/cooling energy in mixed systems. E.g., when the fan coil units are combined with radiant heating/cooling panels, it is better to start heating using the panels (1 st stage heating, YHC1) and start cooling using the fan coil unit (1 st stage cooling, YHC2).				
	Enable the swap function by setting P254 (YHC2 output signal, 1 st stage in cooling) to ON, depending on the requested control signal.				
	Swap function disabled Swap function enabled				
	100% + XpH + XpC + XpC + YHC1 + YHC2 + YHC				

P254 is set to Off

Note For 2-pipe/2-stage applications, see 2-stage on 2-pipe/4-pipe heating and • cooling [\rightarrow 95]. If the equipment requests fan operation only in the 2nd stage (heating and/or cooling), see Fan control [\rightarrow 131] to set up the fan function (fan in the 2nd stage). For application examples, see Swap function and/or fan in the 2nd stage [→ 199]. Floor heating/Floor All heating sequences can also be used for floor heating. cooling (P350) You can use fan coil unit heating/cooling sequences for floor heating or cooling by disabling the fan via P350. The following functions allow the control of external equipment connected to the Qx relay switching function (P400, P401, Q1, Q2 and Q3 relay outputs: P402) **Function description** P40X = 0 No function 1 Switching off external equipment when the thermostat is in Protection mode Switching on external equipment during... heating/cooling demand 2

heating demand	3
cooling demand	4
Energizing the contact when	
the heating sequence is active	5
the cooling sequence is active	6
Humidity control:	
Output to control dehumidifier	7
Output to control humidifier	8

Note

- When P351 = 1 and 2, these functions are not available.
- When fan is DC 0...10 V fan (P351 = 3) or fan is disabled (P350 = 0) and related relays are not occupied by output (configure 1 stage or 2 stage as On/Off on RDG26..KN), these functions are available.
- Do not use these functions in combination with On/Off valve control (P201/P203 = 2 / 4 or P204/P205 = 4) to ensure temperature control accuracy. If these functions are required, the total maximum current on the relay outputs (Q1+Q2+Q3) must not exceed 2 A.

The relay output function can be enabled and tested as follows:

Relay output function on	Enable function via Expert level parameter	Test function via diagnostic parameter
Q1	P400	d08
Q2	P401	d09
Q3	P402	d10

Switching off external equipment in Protection mode

The external equipment (e.g., fan coil unit) can be switched off via relay output to save energy when the thermostat is in Protection mode and no temperature control is requested.

Set the related output parameter to 1 to enable the function.

Relay contact is open when the thermostat is in Protection mode.

<u>Å</u>	NOTICE! The relay contact does not switch on when the room temperature is below the frost protection setpoint.
	For application examples, see Relay functions [\rightarrow 197].
Energizing the contact during heating/cooling demand	During heating or cooling demand, the relay contact can be energized to control external equipment, e.g., to run the pump for a water system (fan coil unit) or a compressor.
	To reduce wear and tear on HVAC equipment, the minimum output On/Off time of the Qx relay output can be adjusted (120 minutes) via P212 and P213. The factory setting is 1 minute.
	To enable the function, set the related output parameter:
	• To energize the output during heating/cooling demand, set the parameter to 2.
	• To energize the output during heating demand, set the parameter to 3.
	• To energize the output during cooling demand, set the parameter to 4.
	For application examples, see Relay functions [\rightarrow 197].
Notes	 During heating demand, the relay contact remains Off only with electric heater or radiator (output signal on Y2/Y20 > 0 V).
	 If the purge function (P251) is active (15 minutes every 2 hours), the relay contact turns on to run the external equipment, e.g., a water pump.
Output heating/cooling sequence	This function switches the relay output on or off depending on the sequence, either heating or cooling. The output can be used to release a heat pump compressor, a reversing valve or 6-port ball valve as changeover.
	To enable the function, set the related output parameter:
	• To close the contact when the thermostat is in heating mode (even in the dead zone), set the parameter to 5.
	• To close the contact when the thermostat is in cooling mode (even in the dead zone), set the parameter to 6.
	For application examples, see Relay functions [\rightarrow 197].
	To reduce wear and tear on HVAC equipment, the minimum output On/Off time of the Qx relay output can be adjusted (120 minutes) via P212 and P213. The factory setting is 1 minute.
Humidity control	Depending on room humidity and the humidity setpoint, the humidity control function switches the relay outputs to control the external equipment, e.g., dehumidifier/humidifier. See Humidity control [\rightarrow 194].
	To enable the function, set the related output parameter:
	• To control the dehumidifier, set the parameter to 7
	• To control the humidifier, set the parameter to 8
	To reduce wear and tear on the HVAC equipment, the minimum output On/Off time of the Qx relay output can be adjusted (120 minutes) via P212 and P213. The factory setting is 1 minute.
Note	When the operating mode is changed from Comfort to Protection, the relay contact remains energized until the end of the minimum on time set via P212.
4.6.4	Monitoring and limiting functions

Input X1, X2 or U1/X3 must be commissioned accordingly (P150, P153, P155 = 11) and the type of sensor need to be selected (P151, P154, P156 = 2 (NTC 3K) or 3 (LG-Ni1000)).

See Multifunctional input, digital input [\rightarrow 138].

Recommended values for P252

- Up to 26 °C for extended presence, up to 28 °C for short presence.
- Bathrooms:

Living rooms:

Up to 28 °C for extended presence, up to 30 °C for short presence.

The "Floor temperature limitation" function influences the outputs listed in the table below:

Application	Output	Output	Output	Output	"Floor temp.lin	mit" function h	as impact on	Remark
	Y1/Y10	Y2/Y20	Y3/Y30	Y4/U1	Heating (P001 = 0/2/3)	Cooling P001 = 1/2/3	Heating and Cooling (P001 = 4)	
2-pipe	H/C valve	-	-	-	Y1/Y10	N/A	-	-
2-pipe with electric heater	H/C valve	Electric heater	-	-	Y2/Y20	Y2/Y20 *)	-	Only electric heater
2-pipe with radiator	H/C valve	Radiator	-	-	Y2/Y20	Y2/Y20	-	Only radiator
4-pipe	Heating valve	Cooling valve	-	-	Y1/Y10	N/A	Y1/Y10	-
4-pipe with electric heater	Heating valve	Cooling valve	Electric heater	-	Y3/Y30	N/A	Y3/Y30	Only electric heater
2-pipe/2-stage	1 st H/C	2 nd H/C	-	-	Y1/Y10, Y2/Y20	N/A	-	-
4-pipe/2-stage (RDG2KN)	1 st H	1 st C	2 nd H	2 nd C	Y1/Y10, Y3/Y30	N/A	Y1/Y10, Y3/Y30	-

*) If P027 = ON, electric heater in cooling mode.

Note

Supply air temperature limitation (P063, P064)

This function increases the comfort in the room by keeping the supply air temperature of the fan coil unit between the selected minimum and maximum temperature limits.

If the supply air temperature exceeds a limit, the thermostat reduces the corresponding valve position until the supply air temperature is back in the limits. In case the air flow is too low (especially with DC 0...10 V fans), this prevents cold air from dumping into the room/warm air from bubbling straight up instead of circulating.

Either floor temperature sensor or external room temperature sensor can be used.

To enable this function, the multifunctional input, to which the supply air sensor is connected, needs to be set to "Supply air sensor" (e.g., P150 = 9). Then the parameters for the limits are displayed (P063: minimum supply air temperature, P064: maximum supply air temperature).

Note

- This function is only active in Comfort mode when:
 - Valve output type is 3-position (RDG20..) or DC 0...10 V (RDG26..)
 - Electric heater is PWM / 3-position (RDG20..) or DC 0...10 V (RDG26..)
- This function can not be used for radiators.
- This function can not be used in 4-pipe with 6-port ball valve application.

Flow limitation function for combi valve (PICV); P260 & P261, RDG26..) Set different limits to the flow in both sequences, heating and cooling to balance heating and cooling systems and avoid hydraulic problems caused by the different flow rates.

Cooling typically requires a higher flow rate than heating, and generally the combivalve (PICV) is mechanically and manually set to the cooling flow limit.

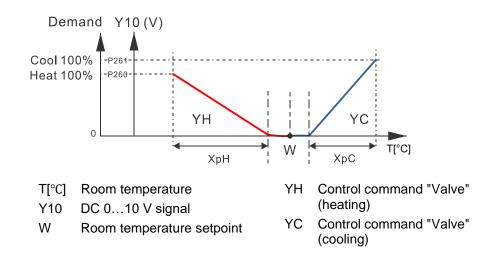
However, when the system operates in heating mode, another flow limitation is requested.

Tools can independently adjust the new maximal water flow limits for heating and cooling (new valve positions, by 100 % heating and cooling demand), by limiting DC 0...10 V signals via parameters P260 (heating) and P261 (cooling). The adjusted parameters can be easily downloaded to thermostats using the smartphone app PCT go with the NFC technology. This avoids complex procedures for mechanically adjusting the limits, i.e. directly on the valves.

The PICV maximum position for cooling and heating can be set via KNX S-Mode objects 104 and 105.

The function can be enabled on all combined heating/cooling applications with DC 0...10 V output for universal and fan coil unit applications.

For applications with 6-port PICV, the maximal water flow limitation can be set directly in liters per hours (I/h) via smartphone APP, based on the installed diameter nominal (DN) of the valve.



The function can be enabled for all heating/cooling applications with DC 0...10 V output.

NoteRDG264KN with software version V3.1.6 and lower and RDG260KN with software
version V2.2.0 and lower use parameter P256 to adjust the max. flow limitation for
heating on the PICV. Limiting the water flow for cooling is not available.

Dewpoint monitoring Dewpoint monitoring is essential to prevent condensation on the chilled ceiling (cooling with fan disabled, P350 = 0) and associated damages to the building. A dewpoint sensor with a potential-free contact is connected to multifunctional

input X1, X2 or U1 (RDG2..KN)/X3 (RDG2..T). If there is condensation, the cooling valve is fully closed until no more condensation is detected, and the cooling output is disabled temporarily.

If the fan function is enabled (P350 \neq 0), the fan continues to work as long as the dewpoint function is active.



Note	 Contr If If Contr 	 hen condensation is detected with Control only with 6-port control ball valve: If P201 = 6 or 8, the valve closes (5 V). If P201 = 7 or 9, the valve closes (6 V). Control with combi-valve (PICV): The PICV closes and the 6-port ball valve remains open. 				
Fault state "condensation" (P150 / P153 / P155 = 4) Fault information	"Condens The input	The condensation symbol –				
Valve kick/exercising (P250)	valves ne function is	nt valve freezing after extended inactivitied to be activated periodically. To save s triggered when valves are closed for for 2 minutes. This function can be ena	e energy, the valve kick/exercising 91 hours. The valves are then			
Delta temperature control	system ei temperatu for coolin As a resu noise and It is impor position in pectancy point, alig need 30 r	et heating systems (2-pipe systems), the fficiency. It guarantees that the delta ten- ure for water does not drop below the d g and P062 for heating. It, the water flow and speed are reduced energy consumption. It that the delta temperature control in small steps to avoid a risk of oscillation issues. Thus, when the delta temperature priment to the new valve position takes a minutes to reach the original control pos- e defined setpoint.	mperature between flow and return efined setpoint selected by P061 ed with a consequent reduction of function only releases the valve og control loops resulting in life ex- ure drops below the defined set- 30 minutes. Similarly, the valves			
Note	 When the multifunctional input P150, P153 or P155 is set to 14 (Coil return temperature), the parameters P061 (Setpoint ΔT cooling) and P062 (Setpoint ΔT heating) are visible. Set P061 or P062 or both to the requested value to activate the return flow temperature control function 					
Setting		ons with flow and return temperature se the thermostat:	nsors, the sensors are wired			
		Function	Multifunctional inputs P150, P153, P155			
	Sensor 1	Flow temperature ¹⁾	= 12 (Coil flow temperature)			
		Flow temperature and changeover ²⁾	= 2 (H/C changeover)			
	Sensor 2	Return temperature	= 14 (Coil return temperature)			
	 ¹⁾ (P15x = 12) If the flow temperature value is provided via KNX, the corresponding multifunctional input setting (= 12) must be removed. (RDG2KN) ²⁾ (P15x = 2) The sensor temperature value is used for the changeover function and flow temperature. If the thermostat receives the flow temperature value from the bus, the thermostat works according to the flow value provided via bus (bus has higher priority). (RDG2KN) To receive the flow temperature via bus from a Synco device, set the same value for distribution zone heating / colling (P903P905) of the Synco device and thermostats. (RDG2KN) 					
Note	For an accurate delta temperature control performance, we recommended using the same cable type and length for both flow and return sensors.					

4.6.5 User operation / Indication

Note

When the thermostat is set as subordinate (P258 = 0), P005 (scheduler), P028 (keypad), P110 (energy indicator) and P111 (energy indicator range) are invisible and the subordinate synchronizes the related operation with its manager. (RDG2..KN)

Button lock (P028) If the "Button lock" function is enabled by P028, lock or unlock them by pressing the right button for 10 seconds.

If "Auto lock" is configured, the thermostat automatically locks the buttons 10 seconds after the last adjustment.

P028 can be configured as following:

P028		Ö	()	s.	Õ
0	Unlocked				
1	Auto lock	locked	locked	locked	locked
2	Manual lock	locked	locked	locked	locked
3	Auto lock operating mode	locked			
4	Auto lock setpoint shift				locked
5	Auto lock fan speed			locked	
6	Auto lock operating mode, setpoint shift	locked			locked
7	Auto lock operating mode, fan speed	locked		locked	
8	Auto lock fan speed, setpoint shift			locked	locked
9	Auto lock scheduler		locked		
10	Auto lock operating mode, scheduler	locked	locked		
11	Auto lock scheduler, fan speed		locked	locked	
12	Auto lock operating mode, scheduler, fan speed	locked	locked	locked	
13	Auto lock scheduler, setpoint shift		locked		locked
14	Auto lock operating mode, scheduler, setpoint shift	locked	locked		locked
15	Auto lock scheduler, fan speed, setpoint shift		locked	locked	locked

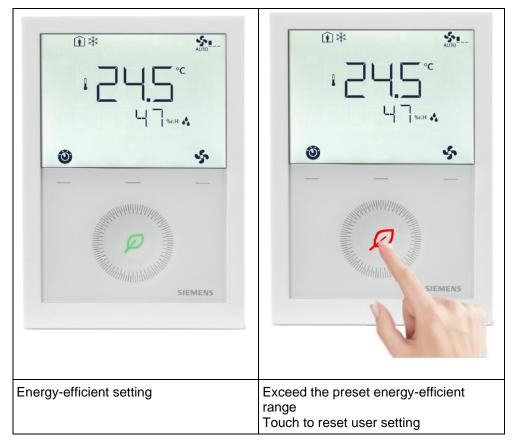
When P028 is set to 3...15, the related function is locked and the corresponding symbol cannot be displayed.

Green leaf indication (P110, P111) (RDG2..KN) Green leaf indication (green or red leaf) informs users if equipment operates within the energy-efficient setting range (leaf is green).

When the setting exceeds the preset energy efficiency range, the leaf color changes to red. End users can press the red leaf to return to the energy efficiency. The functions are defined as follows:

- Green leaf: Settings are within the preset energy-efficiency range:
 - The setpoint range is defined by the Comfort basic setpoint (P011) plus/minus the energy indicator range (P111). It applies only to the Comfort setpoint concept (P010 = 1)

- Fan speed: The manual fan is below or equal to the auto fan speed value _
- Operating mode: The manual mode is lower or equal to the scheduler _ mode
- Red leaf: The settings exceed the preset energy-efficiency range •
- P110 configures the green leaf function:
- 0 = Disabled (OFF)•
- 1 = Green and red dimmed down .
- 2 = Green dimmed down / red fixed •
- 3 =Green and red fixed •



Set Time / date

Set TIME

A	Time synchronization via bus (RDG2KN)			
Time of day and date information are received from a Synco controller wi manager function (RMB, OWZ, etc) or any other KNX device e.g. GPS cluthe corresponding communication object is bound.				
	The scheduler function must be enabled before setting the time of day:			
	• Press ^(I) once and then turn the rotary knob or press ^(I) continuously to select programming mode TIME.			
	 Press ✓ once and then turn the rotary knob to select the time format. 			
	 If 12H is selected, press ✓ once and then turn the rotary knob to select AM or PM. 			
	 Press ✓ once and enter the hour setting. 			
	• The hour value flashes and can be changed by turning the rotary knob.			
	 Press vonce to confirm the adjusted value and enter the minutes setting. 			

Repeat the steps as for the hour.

Note

- AM/PM does not display when set to 24 hour clock.
- Power reserve clock for 20 h during power failure (RDG2..T)

Set DATE

The scheduler function must be enabled before setting the date:

Power reserve clock for 20 h during power failure (RDG2..T)

- Press ^(I) once and then turn the rotary knob or press ^(I) continuously to select programming mode DATE.
- Press ✓ once to enter the date setting.
- Turn the rotary knob to select month / weekday / year, then press 🗸 once.
- For example, enter the year setting. The Year value flashes and can be changed by turning the rotary knob.
- Press ✓ once to confirm the adjusted value, or つ (Esc) to cancel the change. Repeat steps for month and weekday settings.

Note

Set Away (Holiday mode)

Set AWAY (Holiday mode)

The holiday start time (date and month) can be set after entering holiday mode. The scheduler function must be enabled before setting the holiday period:

- Press
 ^(I) once and then turn the rotary knob or press
 ^(I) continuously to select
 programming mode AWAY. Holiday mode
 ^(III) is displayed once the start time
 arrives.
- Press ✓ once to enter scheduler mode .
- Turn the rotary knob to adjust the number of days (holidays), then press
 vonce.
- Set the start time (AWAY): Set the month (MON) and then press ✓ ⇒ Set the day (DAY)
- Press ✓ once to confirm the adjusted value; the idle page for Holiday mode is displayed.

Note

- Holiday mode only can be set via local HMI.
- Only the local HMI or window contact/presence detector can stop holiday mode. Intervention from the bus cannot change the mode. Holiday mode remains active until the next intervention from a local HMI or window contact/presence detector is received.
- The set holiday mode is deleted once the holiday period ends; user must set a new one for the next year as needed.

4.6.6 Humidity (RDG2..KN)

Humidity control (P007, P450)

Humidity control limits humidity in the room according to the selected setpoint (low/high) by shifting the temperature setpoint, or by enabling outputs to release the external equipment as needed, e.g., the dehumidifier or humidifier.

Humidity control is active in Comfort and Economy mode when P450 is set to 1. The function can be disabled by setting P450 to 0 (factory setting).

Humidity function is disabled in Protection mode.

The humidity level in the room is acquired by the built-in sensor. The thermostat can receive the relative humidity via the bus if a valid humidity value is available and selected on KNX (S-Mode or LTE-Mode).

Room humidity	 The priorities are set as follows: S-Mode By setting parameter "Room relative humidity" in the ETS to Receive, the thermostat can display the relative humidity measured by an external sensor on the bus. If the parameter is set to Send (factory setting), the thermostat can display the humidity value measured by the built-in sensor and the value is sent to the bus. LTE-Mode The thermostat displays the relative humidity value on the bus if the external KNX sensor is in the same geographic zone apartment and room (A.R.1) as the thermostat. In other cases, the thermostat displays the humidity value measured by the built-in sensor. 				
Note	To display room humidity (%) on the thermostat, P009 needs to be set to 5.				
Setpoint (P024, P025, P026)	 The high humidity setpoint (%) is selected via P024 or P025 (setpoint humidity high Comfort and Economy) and can be adjusted via parameters in Service level or via bus. Setting P024 or P025 to Off disables high humidity control. The low humidity setpoint (%) is selectable via P026 (setpoint humidity low) and can be adjusted via parameters in Service level or via bus. Setting P026 to OFF (default setting) disables low humidity control. The setting range is limited by P024. S-Mode objects for the humidity setpoint are available, if the parameter "Humidity setpoints" is set to as group object in ETS. 				
Setpoint high Setpoint low					
Dehumidification	When relative humidity exceeds the high setpoint, the thermostat shifts the temperature setpoint proportionally until P461 (max. shift temp setpoint) is reached. If this control does not sufficiently reduce humidity, an external dehumidifier can be switched on via relay outputs or KNX and related relay function (P400, P401 or P402 is set to 7).				
Note	The maximum temperature shift setpoint value is reached at setpoint humidity high (P024) +10%. The contact for the dehumidifier is released at setpoint humidity +15%.				
Dehumidification	 Applications with a DC 010 V fan: Enable the function to control the external dehumidifier directly via relay output by setting P400 (output Q1), P401 (output Q2) or P402 (output Q3) to 7. When the output is energized, S-Mode object dehumidification sends the information "ON" to the bus 				

• The selected relay output is switched on if relative humidity exceeds the high setpoint by +15%.

- For applications with On/Off valves on Q1 or Q2 or both, the output Q3 (P402 = 7) is used to control the external dehumidifier.
- The relay contact remains closed or open for the minimum On/Off time defined by P212 or P213.

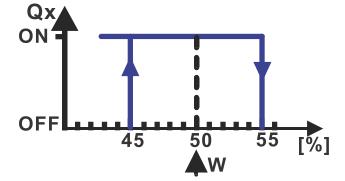
Applications with a 3-speed fan:

- The external dehumidifier is controlled via external DC On/Off converter connected to analog output Y50. The output signal is DC 10 V if dehumidification control is requested.
- Output Y50 remains On for min. 30 seconds (not selectable).
- This function is available without specific settings (P400, P401 and P402 are not displayed).

The current of the external DC – On/Off converter cannot exceed the maximum output current of Y50 (max. 5 mA). We recommend using the converter from Titan (single relay control (IO/1RM) at 3 mA input current).

The function controls minimum relative humidity in the room and is available only for applications with DC 0...10 V fan or no fan.

The external humidifier connected to the relay output is enabled as soon as humidity drops below setpoint humidity low (P026) at hysteresis is ± 5 %.



To enable the relay function, set P400 (output Q1), P401 (output Q2) or P402 (output Q3) to 8. The humidification S-Mode object sends On to the bus as soon as the output is energized.

When humidity drops below the low setpoint or exceeds the high setpoint, symbol → is displayed and S-Mode object HumDehumMode sends the corresponding state on the bus.

When humidity reaches setpoint humidity high (Comfort: P024, Economy: P025), the thermostat shifts the temperature setpoint to reduce relative humidity in the room.

The maximum shifting temperature setpoint can be set via P461 at Expert level at a setting range of -3...3 K, depending on the connected equipment. The factory setting is 3 K.

The maximum shifting temperature setpoint value is reached at setpoint humidity high (P024, P025) +10%.

P461 > 0 KThe positive values of P461 (0.5...3.0 K) are used for heating and cooling, or
heating in a humid cold environment.
For heating and cooling, both temperature setpoints (heating and cooling) are
shifted in parallel (i.e., dead zone remains unchanged).

Note

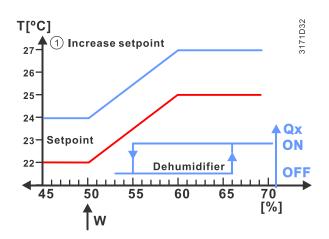
Humidification



setpoint (P461)

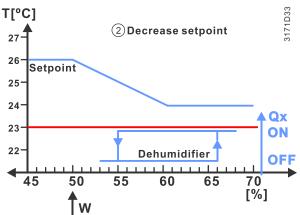
Max. shift temperature

Note



For heating and cooling applications, the value of the dead zone (P055) must be bigger than the maximum shifting temperature setpoint (P461), to avoid changeover between heating and cooling sequences in the event of fast humidity changes in the room.

P461 < 0 K For applications with powerful cooling water systems (temperature of cold surfaces is lower than the dewpoint temperature of the humid air), dehumidification can be reached by reducing the room temperature, as the vapor in the air condensates on the surface of the cooling equipment. In this case, set P461 to a negative value (-0.5...-3.0 K).



Note This setting is typically used for cooling applications with fan coil units or split units. When the thermostat is in cooling mode or in the dead zone, the temperature setpoint cooling is shifted only when P461 is less than 0 K. The temperature setpoint heating, if available, remains unchanged. The thermostat guarantees a minimum dead zone between both setpoints. P461 = 0 K When P461 is set to 0 K, the temperature setpoints for heating, cooling or both are not shifted. Dehumidification can be achieved by releasing the relay contact for the dehumidifier. The release contact is switched on at 5% above the high humidity setpoint and off at 5% below. **Calibration humidity** Relative humidity measured by the built-in sensor is also displayed if P009 is set to (P007) 5. The sensor can be calibrated (+/-10%) via P007. When P009 = 5, thermostat can monitor relative humidity via HMI or bus. For application examples with humidity control, see Humidity control [\rightarrow 194].

4.6.7 Scheduler

Scheduler (P005)

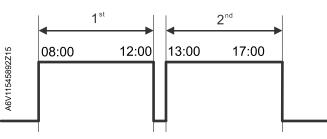
The local scheduler function is enabled via P005 (factory setting: disabled) or DIP switch (DIP9 = ON). The DIP switch setting takes priority. Scheduler allows users to set the following programming modes:

• Set schedule for Comfort and Economy

Note

- Power reserve clock function (on RDG2..T, standalone versions) runs the internal local time of day for 20 h during power failure to ensure accurate room temperature control as per the scheduler.
- •

Â	Time synchronization via bus (RDG2KN) Time of day and date information are received from a Synco controller with time manager function (RMB, OWZ, etc) or any other KNX device e.g. GPS clock, if the corresponding communication object is bound. We do not recommend using the scheduler function with local time of day, because the internal clock does not run during power failure and must be set after power-up.			
Time of day via bus (RDG2KN)	Time of day via bus, HMI or Siemens smartphone application PCT Go display on the thermostat (P009 = 3 or 4) in either 12- or 24-hour format. The option selected last is used. Information is received from a Synco controller with time manager function or any other KNX device, if the corresponding communication object is bound.			
Note	When an application program is downloaded to the Synco devices via ETS, the correct group addresses must also be downloaded to display the time of day on the thermostat (see Synco Knowledge Base - KB771).			
	Set schedule			
	 Press ⁽¹⁾ once to select programming mode PROG. 			
	 Press ✓ once to enter the scheduler mode			
	 Turn the rotary knob to select the weekday to be set and press ✓ once. 			
	 Turn the rotary knob to view existing schedules and press ✓ once to select the schedule that need to be edited. The time value flashes and can be changed by turning the rotary knob. ON: Switch to Comfort mode and symbols ① and 2 are displayed. 			
	 ECO: Switch to Economy mode and symbols ^{ECO} and ^{IIII} are displayed. Press ✓ once to confirm the adjusted value. 			
	 If necessary, adjust the time via rotary knob or go back with ⁽¹⁾ (Esc) and select a new weekday. Afterwards, adjust the new time the same way as editing a schedule. 			
Note	 In Edit mode (value flashes), press [™] to delete schedule or [↔] (Esc) to cancel the change. The maximum number of set schedules is three per day. 			
	 In same schedule, the switching point for Economy cannot be earlier than that for Comfort. E.g. Comfort is from 8:00 to 11:00 and Economy from 11:00 to 15:00. The edited switching point for Economy starts at 10:30. Afterwards, press ✓ once to confirm the change. No other schedule can be viewed until the Economy switching point is set later than 11:00. 			
Schedule overlap	If the start time or end time of a new schedule lies within range of an existing schedule, the schedule is combined with the existing one (OR function).			



Example 1:

The 1st schedule is 8:00...12:00 and the 2nd is 13:00...17:00. If the newly added schedule starts at 10:00 and ends at 12:30, the schedule order is 1st schedule (8:00...12:30) and 2nd schedule (13:00...17:00) after the change is confirmed by pressing \checkmark .

Example 2:

The 1st schedule is 8:00...12:00 and the 2nd is 13:00...17:00. If the newly added schedule starts at 10:00 and ends at 13:30, the schedule is 8:00...17:00 after the change is confirmed by pressing \checkmark .

For apartments with local scheduler and time / date synchronization via KNX (RDG2..KN)

When the local scheduler is enabled (P005):

- When P002 (operation via room op. selector) = 1 or 2, the manual selected operating mode on the HMI remains in that mode until the user intervention to select a new operating mode. P002 = 3 is no longer available.
- When Auto is selected, the thermostat works according to the local scheduler (operating mode switches between Comfort or Economy).
- In Auto Comfort, changing the setpoint value does not switch the operating mode to Comfort permanently.
- In Auto Economy, changing the setpoint value switches the operating mode to Auto Comfort with the new setpoint. Temporary timer symbol (S) is displayed. Selecting green/red leaf function resets operating mode back to Auto Economy.

The local scheduler takes priority over the bus scheduler. KNX room "op.mode: scheduler" has no impact on the operating mode.

Operating mode on LCD	P002 = 1	P002 = 2	P002 = 3
AUTO	Switching operating mode betwe	N/A	
ON	Operating mode remains permar		
ECO	N/A	Operating mode remains permanent in Economy	
OFF	Operating mode remains permar		

Notes

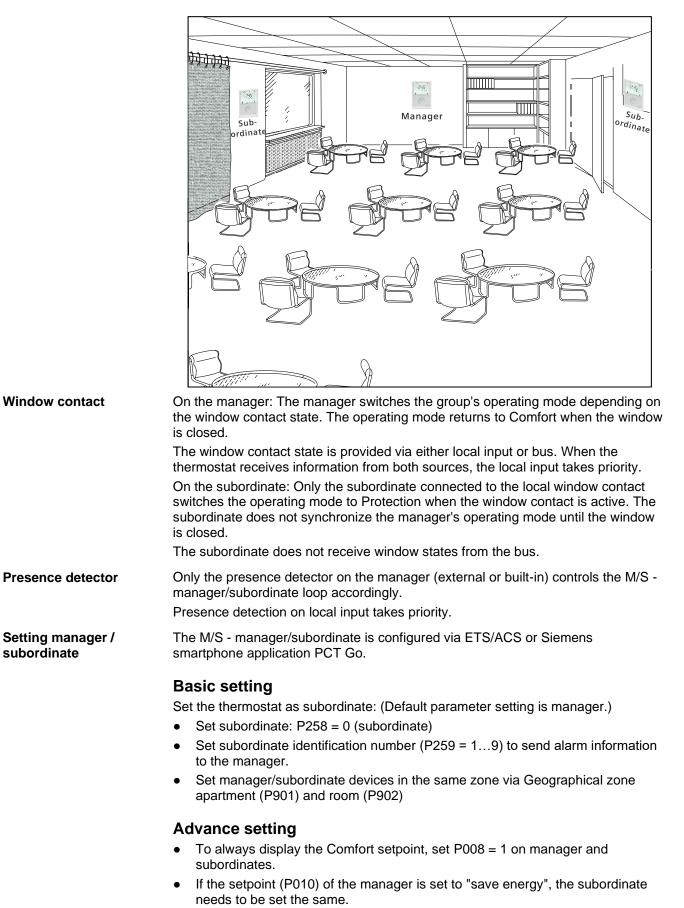
4.6.8 M/S, manager/subordinate (RDG2..KN)

Note

The M/S - manager/subordinate function is not supported with PXC 4, 5, and 7 PL-Link integration.

The M/S - manager/subordinate function has the following features:

- For large rooms / open spaces, to save energy by synchronizing HVAC equipment and avoid running different equipment in heating and cooling at the same room.
- The manager provides the room temperature, setpoint, operating mode heating
 / cooling sequence and humidity value and manual fan speed setting (if
 requested) to all subordinates in the same group.
- When P008 (standard display) is set to 1 (Setpoint), the current Comfort setpoint is always displayed, even if the thermostat works in a different operating mode.
- A group includes max.1 manager and 9 subordinates.
- Manager and subordinates must be set in the same geographical zone via setting geographical zone (apart.) P901 and geographical zone (room) P902.
- Synchronization works even if the manager and subordinate are different products or set with different applications.
- The thermostat can be set as subordinate via parameter P258 and each subordinate can be identified via one identification number (P259). The identification is relevant with alarm management between subordinate and manager.
- When the thermostat is set as subordinate, the HMI is locked and users cannot operate the thermostat locally. At the same time, some parameters are invisible and non-accessible for setting (see Control parameters [→ 163]).
- Fan state and setting of M/S manager/subordinate are independent. The fan state depends on the fan setting of each device, i.e., manager and subordinate can display different fan speeds.
- All M/S manager/subordinate settings are set via mobile app PCT Go, KNX tools ETS, Synco ACS or locally on the HMI (parameter setting mode).
- Alarm indication: All active subordinate alarms, e.g. condensation alarm, are displayed on the subordinate. At the same time only the higher priority alarm (see Alarm management manager/subordinate [→ 73]) is displayed on the manager with subordinate identification number. This function is available only when a subordinate identification number is set from 1 to 9. If the identification number is set to Off, the subordinate does not send alarms to the manager.



- The setpoint limitation range (P013 to P016) of the subordinate can be smaller than the limitation of the manager if requested.
- Together with the Synco devices, set the distribution zone heating / cooling as needed (P903 to P905)

4.6.8.1 Alarm management manager/subordinate

The manager receives faults and alarms from its subordinates and displays the higher priority alarm with the subordinate identification number in the order received. If the manager has its own faults and alarms, it displays them instead.

The subordinate sends the fault or alarm with highest priority to the manager. If the priority of a new fault or alarm is higher than that sent, the subordinate sends the new one to replace the original.

The table below shows error codes and default alarm texts.

Priorities	Fault	Error code				
		Display on subordinate	Display on manager ¹⁾			
1	Condensation error	COND	CON.x			
2	External fault input 1	AL1	AL1.x			
3	External fault input 2	AL2	AL2.x			
4	External fault input 3	AL3	AL3.x			
7	External/remote sensor error (physical)	Er3	ER3.x			
8	External/remote sensor error (physical)	Er4	ER4.x			
9	External/remote sensor error (physical)	Er5	ER5.x			

¹⁾ "x" indicates the subordinate identification number.

For other faults and alarms, see Fault and alarms function on KNX [\rightarrow 151].

Note

When P259 (subordinate identification) is set as 0, subordinate cannot send alarm to manager.

4.6.8.2 Manager/subordinate communication in LTE-Mode

The manager thermostat shares the configuration with its subordinates for the following:

- Room temperature and humidity value
- Operating mode
- Manual fan speed
- Current room setpoint and ChangeOverWaterStatus

If any of the above values is changed on the manager, the change is synchronized to all subordinates within the same zone. For M/S - manager / subordinate configuration, see M/S, Manager/subordinate configuration in LTE-Mode [\rightarrow 147].

Note

After initial power-on, without changes on the HMI, synchronization between manager and subordinate may take up to 15 min. Every change on the manager HMI, e.g. setpoint, op. mode, etc, is immediately

sent and updated on the subordinate.

A heartbeat function communicates between manager and subordinate objects. The function ensures that information is synchronized and correct between

manager and subordinates. See Send heartbeat and receive timeout [\rightarrow 150].

4.6.8.3 Manager/subordinate communication in KNX S-Mode

The manager thermostat shares the following values with the subordinate:

- Room temperature and humidity value
- Operating mode
- Manual fan speed
- Current room setpoint and ChangeOverWaterStatus

If any one of the above values changes on the manager, the changes are synchronized to all units within the group. See M/S, Manager/subordinate configuration in KNX S-Mode [\rightarrow 142].

User case:

- Users change operating mode, comfort setpoint, control sequence, and manual fan speed on the manager thermostat. The data is then transmitted to the subordinates.
- The changes are synchronized to all subordinates.

	S-Mode of	bjects manager		S-Mode o	bjects subordinate
Setpoint:	[90]	Room temp: Current cooling setpoint (send)	1	[93]	Room temp: Current cooling setpoint (receive)
	[91]	Room temp: Current heating setpoint (send)	⇒	[92]	Room temp: Current heating setpoint (receive)
	[27]	Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (send)	⇒	[26]	Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (receive)
Room temperature:	[37]	Built-in room temperature value	→	[36]	External room temperature value
Room humidity:	[77]	Built-in room relative humidity value [%r.h.]	1	[78]	External room relative humidity value [% r.h.]
Operation mode:	[17]	Room operating mode: Status	1	[94]	Room operating mode: Status (receive)
ChangeOver Water:	[95]	ChangeOverWater status	+	[96]	ChangeOverWater status
Fan speed:	[97]	Manual fan command value (send)	+	[52]	Fan command value
	[51]	FanStatus	-	[50]	FanManual
Room air quality	[100]	Built-in room air quality value	-	[101]	External room air quality value

Note

A heartbeat function communicates between manager and subordinate objects. The function ensures that information is synchronized and correct between manager and subordinates. See Send heartbeat and receive timeout [\rightarrow 150].

4.6.9 Preventive operation

Avoid cold air in heating mode (P365) For the heating coil to reach its temperature, fan start can be delayed by a time period set via P365.

Avoid damage from moisture (P363, P364)

In very warm and humid climates, the fan runs periodically or continuously at a low fan speed (e.g., in empty apartments or shops) in Economy mode via P364, to avoid damage from moisture due to lack of air circulation. Refer to "Fan kick" function in Fan control [\rightarrow 131].

4.6.10 NFC communication

NFC (P500)	NFC (near-field communication) is used to commission the thermostat via the Siemens smartphone application PCT Go.
	The distance between smartphone and the thermostat must be max. 2 cm while scanning the NFC area on the individual package or antenna area of the thermostat. Data exchange between controller and Siemens smartphone application is 10 s.
	P500 enables/disables NFC communication locally. When disabled (default is enabled), the application cannot read or write the thermostat and message "NFC communication is disabled on the thermostat." is displayed.
	Using Siemens smartphone application, users can:
	Set, read or download thermostat parameter settings
	Enable or disable password protection by configuring P502
	 Import and export the setting parameter list in CSV format Set and download schedules
N /	
Note:	 When NFC communication is enabled, the parameters can be configured even if the thermostat has no power. The phase must have active NEC functionality.
	The phone must have active NFC functionality.
	For commissioning via Siemens smartphone application PCT Go, see Commissioning.
4.6.11	CO ₂ (IAQ) monitoring and control (RDG24KN)
	RDG204KN and RDG264KN with built-in CO ₂ sensor can be used for:
	• Monitoring CO ₂ levels in the room and notifying users to act (e.g., opening the windows) or operating external equipment, in case of high CO ₂ concentrations.
	• Controlling CO ₂ levels by operating external equipment and providing fresh air to the room when concentration exceeds the selected IAQ setpoint. The IAQ control only runs when the thermostat operating mode is Comfort.
	Note:
	The thermostats / CO_2 sensors are maintenance free, and the typical applications are offices, schools, museums, shops, etc.
	However, to maintain accurate CO_2 readings over time, the thermostat must be exposed to the fresh air on regular basis. This is generally the case in well ventilated buildings over night without human presence or when windows are opened.
	As a consequence, we recommend not installing RDG24KN in spaces where there is 24h/7 occupancy, such as hospitals, airports, hotel lobbies.
CO ₂ sensor calibration	RDG24KN uses a maintenance-free CO2 sensor.
	The ASC (automatic self-calibration) algorithm maintains an accurate CO_2 reading over time when the thermostat is regularly exposed to the fresh air (400 ppm). As is the case in well-ventilated buildings over night without human presence or when windows are opened. Wait 9 days for the impact of calibration on CO_2 measuring accuracy. The thermostat must always be powered. Powering off and on the device may result in wrong CO_2 indications for several days and delay ASC.
Installation and commissioning	The DC damper is connected to multifunction output U1. For those applications, U1 is not available as a multifunctional input (P155).
	The CO_2 sensor is very sensitive to mechanical force. Avoid as much as possible mechanical shocks, drops or vibrations during transport or installation, which could cause a noticeable CO_2 deviation after installation. When this occurs, we recommend waiting up to 2 or 3 weeks before retesting the CO_2 measurement.

_____ A6V11545892_en--_f

4.6.11.1 CO₂ (IAQ) monitoring (RDG2..4KN)

4.0.11.1	
CO ₂ monitoring (P450 = 0)	The easiest way to monitor CO_2 levels in a room or building, e.g. school or office, is to install or replace the existing thermostat with RDG24KN, with its built-in CO_2 sensor and ability to provide CO_2 indications on the screen and over the bus. The RDG24KN can also be used as standalone device. A bus connection is not required for on-screen CO_2 indications. The CO_2 monitoring function can be enabled for all fan coil and universal heating / cooling applications (without fan control). Set P450 (Control strategy) = 0 and P009 (Additional display information) to the
	requested IAQ information on the display.
CO2 indication (P009)	 When P009 is set as follows, CO₂ information is displayed as a numeric (concentration in ppm) or text (GOOD, FAIR, BAD) value, together with the IAQ symbol ⁽³⁾ P009 = 6: Indication CO₂ concentration in ppm P009 = 7: Indication indoor air quality level as text, e.g. GOOD P009 = 8: Indication humidity (%) and CO₂ concentration (ppm) P009 = 9: Indication humidity (%) and IAQ level as text, e.g. GOOD When P009 is set as 8 or 9, the alternating display interval of humidity and IAQ values is 10 s. Note: The CO₂ measured value is not stable until 5 minutes after power on.
CO in num	
CO₂ in ppm	Selection P009 = 6 or 8: Indication of CO ₂ concentration in ppm The CO ₂ concentration in ppm is displayed on the second line with the IAQ symbol Maximum display: 5000 ppm
CO ₂ level	
	Selection P009 = 7 or 9: Indication of indoor air quality level as
	text The indoor air quality level is displayed on the second line as follows.
	 □□□□ Recommended thresholds for occupant wellbeing IAQ monitoring (P450 = 0 or 1) CO₂ concentration < 800 ppm IAQ control (P450 ≥ 2) CO₂ concentration < IAQ setpoint (P023) □□□□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □

 IAQ control (P450 ≥ 2) CO₂ concentration is between "IAQ setpoint (P023)" and "IAQ setpoint (P023) + P-band Xp (P454, P456)".

Higher concentrations may result in decreased performance. Add fresh air to the room.

- IAQ monitoring (P450 = 0 or 1)• CO₂ concentration > 1200 ppm
- IAQ control (P450 \ge 2) •
 - CO₂ concentration > "IAQ setpoint (P023) + P-band Xp (P454, P456)"

The "CO2 display text" and MENU, e.g. scheduler, can be displayed in different languages by selecting P031 (Language).

The indication has a maximal length of 4 characters.

IAQ CO₂ concentration, level indication:

EN	DE	FR	ІТ	ES	NL	FI	HU
GOOD	GUT	BON	BUON	BIEN	GOED	GOOD	GOOD
FAIR	FAIR	FAIR	ОК	ОК	ОК	FAIR	FAIR
BAD	BAD	BAS	BASS	MALA	LAAG	BAD	BAD
CZ	DK	NO	PL	RO	SK	TR	GR
0000							
GOOD	GOOD	GOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	IYI	GOOD
FAIR	GOOD FAIR	GOD OK	GOOD FAIR	GOOD FAIR	good Fair	IYI ORTA	GOOD FAIR

Error display

• The thermostat displays "---" if the received value is ≥5000 ppm.

• The thermostat displays "ER6" if sensor is broken.

4.6.11.2 CO₂ (IAQ) control in the room (RDG2..4KN)

CO₂ control (P450, P023)

The function improves indoor air quality by increasing the volumetric air flow. IAQ control is only available when the thermostat is in Comfort mode. The function is disabled on the other operating modes. When P450 is set as 2 (T + IAQ) or 3 (T + r.h. + IAQ), IAQ control is enabled. This function adjusts indoor air quality via damper when the measured IAQ - CO₂ is higher than the setpoint (P023). The factory setting is 1000 ppm.

The fresh air symbol \subseteq displays when the damper is open.



IAQ can be adjusted via KNX S-Mode object 107.

cooling (P450, P023)

IAQ control + air cooling is available only if the thermostat is in Comfort mode.

The function is disabled in the other operating modes.

When P450 is set to 5 (T + IAQ + air cooling) or 6 (T + IAQ + air cooling plus), IAQ control + air cooling is enabled. This function adjusts the indoor air quality via the damper when the measured IAQ CO₂ exceeds the setpoint (P023) and supplies air cooling in parallel (P450 = 5) or in sequence (P450 = 6). The factory setting is 1000 ppm.

The fresh air symbol \bigcirc displays when the damper is open.

RDG204KN fan coil and universal (CLC, with no fan) applications with IAQ control + air cooling:

FCU	CLC Fan ¹⁾		an 1)	H/C Control outputs	Damper signal ²⁾
application	app ³⁾	DC	3-speed	signal combination	DC
2-pipe	\checkmark	\checkmark		On/Off (PWM)	\checkmark
	\checkmark		\checkmark	• 3-pos	\checkmark
2-pipe+ RAD 2-pipe+ el. heat	\checkmark	\checkmark		 2 × On/Off (PWM) On/Off (PWM) + 3-pos 	\checkmark
4-ріре	√		~	 3-pos + On/Off (PWM) 2 × 3-pos 	\checkmark
	\checkmark		\checkmark	 2 × On/Off (PWM) 3-pos + On/Off (PWM) 	\checkmark

RDG264KN fan coil and universal (CLC) applications with IAQ control + air cooling:

FCU	CLC	F	an 1)		H/C Control outputs	Damper signal ²⁾
application	app ³⁾	DC	3-speed		signal combination	DC
2-pipe	\checkmark	\checkmark		•	On/Off	\checkmark
	\checkmark		\checkmark	•	DC	\checkmark
2-pipe+ RAD	\checkmark	\checkmark		•	2 × On/Off	\checkmark
2-pipe+ el. heat				•	On/Off + DC	
4-pipe	\checkmark		\checkmark	•	DC + On/Off	\checkmark
				•	2 × DC	
4-pipe with 6-port ball valve	\checkmark			•	DC	\checkmark
4-pipe with PICV + 6-port valve as changeover	\checkmark	\checkmark		•	On/Off + DC	\checkmark

¹⁾ Selectable via P351 (Fan speeds)

²⁾ Selectable via P453 (Indoor air quality damper)



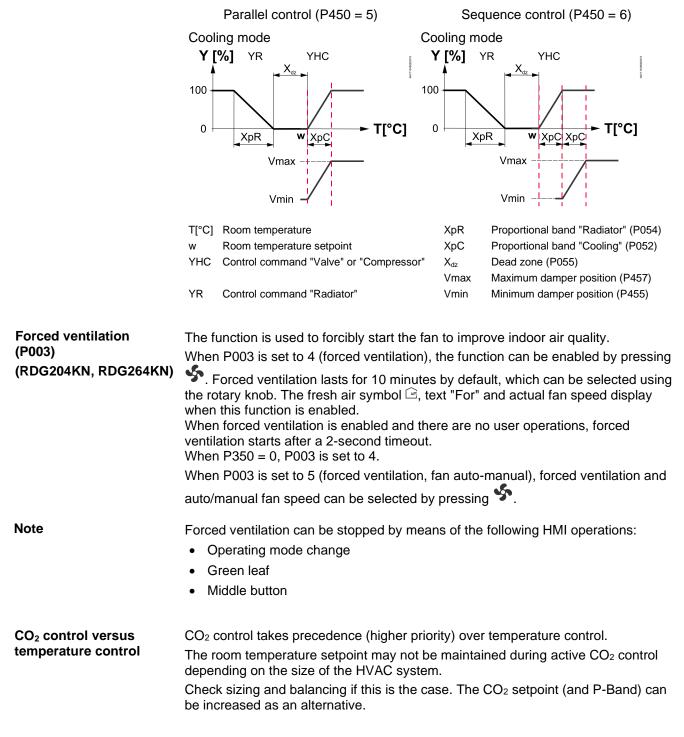
 $^{3)}$ Universal (CLC) applications can be set by switching off fan functions (P350 = 0)

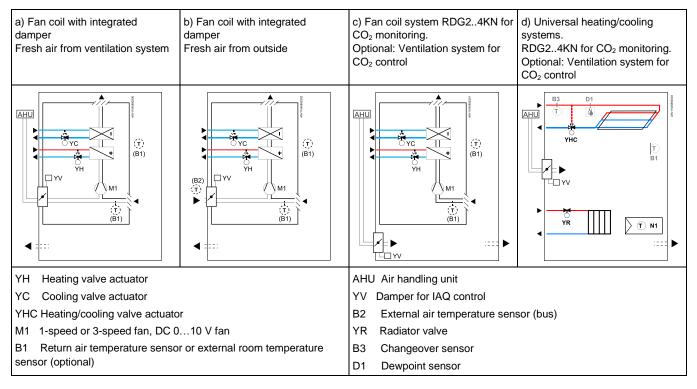
Note for "cooling with air"

- "Cooling with air" supports cooling demand.
- If changeover water is available, it is always cooling.

The following graphics show output U1 (max. "cooling & IAQ") as active parallel to the cooling valve or starting when the cooling valve reaches 100% (sequence).

- P450 = 5: Ventilation parallel to cooling valve
- P450 = 6: Cooling air starts when the cooling valve reaches 100%





Use cases with IAQ control:

 Use case a): IAQ - CO₂ control in fan coil systems with integrated fresh air damper
 The fresh air is provided via an external ventilation system, e.g. an air handling

The fresh air is provided via an external ventilation system, e.g. an air handling unit (AHU)

 Use case b): IAQ - CO₂ control in fan coil systems with direct fresh air from outside

By activating the frost protection function and setting the frost protection setpoint (P109), the outside fresh air is provided via damper into the fan coil and then to the room. When the outside temperature (sent to RDG2..4KN via e.g. LTE-mode, zone 31) drops below the frost protection setpoint, the thermostat closes the damper to protect the equipment.

- Use case c): IAQ CO₂ monitoring (P450 = 0 or 1) or control (P450 ≥ 2), in traditional fan coil systems (without built-in fresh air damper) For CO₂ control, the fresh air is provided via an external ventilation system. Damper controlled via RDG2..4KN is required.
- Use case d): IAQ CO₂ monitoring (P450 = 0 or 1) or control (P450 ≥ 2) in universal heating and cooling systems
 For CO₂ control, the fresh air is provided via an external ventilation system. Damper controlled via RDG2..4KN is needed.

The thermostats support indoor air quality control on several HVAC fan coil or universal applications, for different types of control outputs and fan signals. Consult the tables below to determine whether the thermostat can control your equipment:

- Select HVAC application (e.g. 4-pipe)
- Select fan type (DC, 3-speed or no fan (fan disabled))
- Check available control signals (On/Off, PWM, 3-pos, DC)
- Verify availability of IAQ control type (DC or On/Off damper)

FCU	CLC Fan ¹⁾		an 1)	H/C Control outputs	Dampe	Damper signal 2)	
application	app ³⁾	DC	3-speed	signal combination	DC	On/Off	
2-pipe	\checkmark	\checkmark		On/Off (PWM)	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	\checkmark		\checkmark	• 3-pos	\checkmark	\checkmark	
2-pipe+ RAD	\checkmark	\checkmark		• 2 × On/Off (PWM)	\checkmark	\checkmark	
2-pipe+ el. heat				• On/Off (PWM) + 3-pos			
2-pipe/2-stage	\checkmark		\checkmark	• 3-pos + On/Off (PWM)	\checkmark		
4-pipe				• 2 × 3-pos			
	\checkmark		\checkmark	• 2 × On/Off (PWM)		\checkmark	
				• 3-pos + On/Off (PWM)			
4-pipe+ el. heater	\checkmark	\checkmark		• 3 × On/Off (PWM)	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	\checkmark		~	 On/Off (PWM) + 3-pos + On/Off 	\checkmark		
				(PWM)			
	\checkmark		\checkmark	• 3 × On/Off (PWM)		\checkmark	
4-pipe/2-stage	\checkmark	\checkmark		• 4 × On/Off (PWM)	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark		

RDG204KN fan coil and universal (CLC, with no fan) applications with IAQ control:

RDG264KN fan coil and universal (CLC) applications with IAQ control:

FCU	CLC Fan ¹⁾		an ¹⁾	H/C Control outputs	Dampe	r signal 2)
application	app ³⁾ DC 3-speed signal combination		DC	On/Off		
2-pipe	\checkmark	\checkmark		On/Off	\checkmark	\checkmark
	\checkmark		\checkmark	• DC	\checkmark	
2-pipe+ RAD	\checkmark	\checkmark		• 2 × On/Off	\checkmark	\checkmark
2-pipe+ el. heat				• On/Off + DC		
2-pipe/2-stage	\checkmark		\checkmark	• DC + On/Off	\checkmark	
4-pipe				• 2 × DC		
4-pipe+ el. heater	\checkmark	\checkmark		• 3 × DC	\checkmark	\checkmark
	\checkmark		\checkmark	• On/Off + 2 × DC	\checkmark	
4-pipe/2-stage	\checkmark	\checkmark		• 4 × DC		\checkmark
4-pipe with 6-port ball valve	\checkmark			• DC	\checkmark	\checkmark
4-pipe with PICV + 6-port valve as changeover	\checkmark	\checkmark		• On/Off + DC	\checkmark	\checkmark

¹⁾ Selectable via P351 (Fan speeds)

²⁾ Selectable via P453 (Indoor air quality damper)

 $^{3)}$ Universal (CLC) applications can be set by switching off the fan functions (P350 = 0)

Note for IAQ control on universal (CLC) heating and cooling systems.

Application can be set as per Applications for universal systems [\rightarrow 47] and by switching off the fan function (P350 = 0).

On applications without fan control, the thermostat controls the position of the damper when the IAQ setpoint P023 is exceeded. An independent fresh air system guarantees fresh air flow to the room.

See the possible combinations of applications, control signals and damper types in the above table for RDG204KN and RDG264KN.

Frost protection function is not available on universal applications.

IAQ - CO₂ control, KNX objects	 IAQ - CO₂ S-Mode objects: 100 Built-in room air quality values (out)
	 101 External room air quality values (in, for M/S – manager/subordinate function)
	• 102 DC damper demand (1-byte out)
	• 103 On/Off damper demand (1-bit in)
	The CO_2 concentration is available on the bus via S-Mode object 100 "Built-in room air quality value". This information can share the CO_2 concentration in the rooms to an independent fresh air controller.
	S-Mode object 102 "DC damper demand" and object 103 "On/Off damper demand" can share the current damper position to 3rd party equipment.
	When the thermostats use M/S - manager/subordinate function, the CO ₂ concentration of the manager can be received from the subordinate device via S-Mode object 101 "external room air quality value".
Frost protection (P109)	Enable IAQ frost protection to protect the coils (set P109 frost setpoint) when fresh air from outside is supplied to the equipment.
	Frost protection closes the damper if the outside temperature value from the bus (sent to RDG via e.g. LTE-mode, zone 31) is below the setpoint and open again if. the outside temperature increases by 2K (hysteresis) above the setpoint.
	Forst protection is supported only if the fan is enabled (P350 \neq 0) on RDG204KN and RDG264KN for IAQ control (P450 = 26).
	P109 is invisible and not supported on RDG204KN and RDG264KN:
	• If fan is disabled (P350=0)
	 If RDG204KN and RDG264KN are not used for IAQ control (P450 = 0 or 1)

4.6.11.3 CO_2 control with DC damper (P453 = 1)

IAQ - CO₂ control – damper signal (P453, P454, P455, P456, P457, P458)

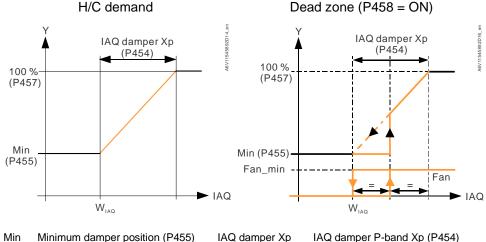
If DC 0...10 V damper control is selected, the following parameters are available:

- P453: Indoor air quality damper (1 = DC 0...10 V (U1))
- P454: IAQ damper proportional band Xp
- P455: Minimum damper position
- P457: Maximum damper position
- P353, P357: Fan min. output



The min. and max. damper positions can be adjusted via KNX S-Mode objects 108 and 109.

The following graphics show DC damper position during heating/cooling demand and in the dead zone; the fan is switched on via IAQ demand.



 $W_{IAQ} \quad IAQ \text{ setpoint (P023)} \qquad Fan_min \qquad Min. DC 0...10 V fan speed (P357)$

The damper position is based on CO_2 value. The damper is open if CO_2 (IAQ) concentration is higher than the setpoint (P023).

When an independent air ventilation system provides fresh air to the room, the following setting is relevant:

- When P458 (fan during IAQ control) = ON, the fan runs during IAQ demand.
- When P458 = OFF, the fan does not operate during IAQ demand.

For fan coil systems (P458 = ON) in the dead zone (no H/C demand), the damper does not open, and the fan does not operate until CO₂ concentration reaches IAQ setpoint + $\frac{1}{2}$ P-band.

For universal heating/cooling (without fan control), IAQ demand controls the damper and the fan remains on Off.

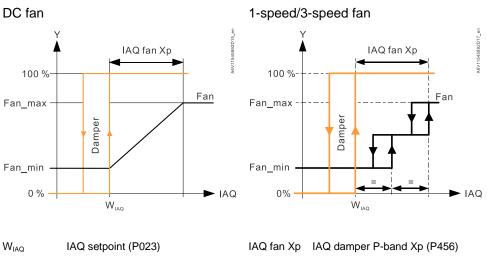
DC damper can be connected directly to thermostat terminal U1 or controlled via S-Mode object 102: DC damper demand.

4.6.11.3.1 CO₂ control with On/Off damper (P453 = 2 or 3)

If On/Off damper control is selected, the following parameters are available:

- P453: Indoor air quality damper (2 = On/Off (normally open), 3 = On/Off (normally closed))
- P456: IAQ fan P-band Xp
- P357, P353: Fan min. output
- P359 & P360, P355: Fan max. output

The following graphics show the IAQ control by running the fan, in applications with On/Off damper.



Fan_min Min. DC 0...10 V fan speed (P357) Fan_max Max. DC 0...10 V fan speed (P359 for heating & P360 for cooling)

The damper is fully open if CO_2 (IAQ) concentration is higher than the setpoint (P023).

The hysteresis of the damper is fixed at 100 ppm. The 3-speed fan switch off point is 100 ppm below the switch on point.

In the dead zone (no H/C demand), the damper does not open, and fan does not operate until CO_2 concentration reaches the IAQ setpoint.

On/Off damper can be connected directly to thermostat terminal Q3 or Y4 (see IAQ - CO2 connection diagrams [\rightarrow 193]) or controlled via S-Mode object 103: On/Off damper demand.

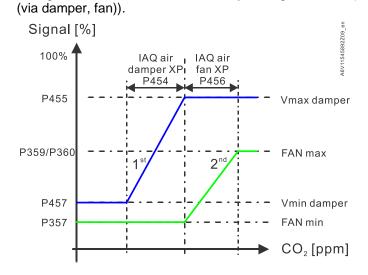
Notes:

- When On/Off damper is selected, the fan speed depends on the higher fan request between temperature demand and IAQ demand.
- For energizing the damper during IAQ demand, select "IAQ damper" P453 = 3 (normally close).

This logic can be inverted by selecting P453 = 2 (normally open).

4.6.11.3.2 CO₂ control via damper and fan (2-stage) P450 = 4

CO₂ control via damper and fan (2-stage) (P450) To control air quality in a room, some devices require 2-stage IAQ control. For IAQ demand, in the 1st stage, the thermostat needs to open the air damper and supply fresh air to the room. In the 2nd stage, the fan speed needs to be increased. 2-stage IAQ control can be enabled by setting P450 to 4 (temperature, air quality



The parameters for fan and ventilation need to be adjusted to achieve optimum control performance.

4.6.12 Power reserve clock (RDG2..T)

Power reserve clock for 20 h during power failure

When the thermostat detects a power failure, all parameters and customer settings (time program, operating mode, setpoint and fan speed) are saved internally and the display switches off.

The clock continues to run during power failure. The display switches on once power resumes. The thermostat reloads the previous settings and continues to operate with the correct clock time.

The correct time clock must be set manually on the thermostat if the power failure exceeds the maximum backup time.

4.6.13 Control strategy (P450)

P450 (control strategy) enables and disables the thermostat's control functions.

All thermostats can be set to control room temperature and humidity (P450 = 0 and 1).

For RDG2..4KN with built-in CO₂ sensor, the thermostat functionality can be extended to control CO₂ concentration by setting P450 to 2, 3 or 4 (default: P450 = 2).

Additionally, for cooling demand, cold air from an external ventilation system (e.g., AHU) can be used to reduce room temperature (P450 = 5 or 6) via the fresh air damper.

The P450 setting extends the range of applications to:

- Cooling with air combined with fan coil systems, see Cooling with air and IAQ in fan coil systems [→ 111]
- Cooling with air combined with universal H/C system, see Cooling with air and IAQ in universal H/C system [→ 113]
- Cooling with air in ventilation systems, see Cooling with air and IAQ control in ventilation systems [→ 114]

P450	Function	Description	RDG20T	RDG20KN	RDG24KN
0	Temperature (T)	Temperature control	1	1	1
1	Temperature (T) + relative humidity (r.h.)	Temperature and humidity control		1	1
2	Temperature (T) + air quality (IAQ)	Temperature, CO ₂ (IAQ) control			1
3	Temperature + humidity + air quality	Temperature, humidity and CO_2 (IAQ) control			1
4	Temperature + air quality (damper, fan)	 Temperature control and CO₂ (IAQ) 2-stage control 1st stage by opening the air damper 2nd by increasing fan speed 			✓ ¹⁾
5	Temperature + air quality + air cooling, 1 st stage	Temperature and CO ₂ (IAQ) control by opening the air damper. For cooling, the damper ²⁾ supplies cold air to reduce the temperature in the room. See Cooling with air and IAQ control in ventilation systems $[\rightarrow 114]$			✓ 1)
6	Temperature + air quality + air cooling, 2 nd stage	Temperature and CO ₂ (IAQ) control by opening the air damper. For cooling, using cold air, the damper ²⁾ and water cooling system are used for 2 nd stage cooling See Cooling with air and IAQ in universal H/C system [→ 113]			✓ 1)

1) Supported by RDG2..4KN with SW version V7.2.x or higher

2) The control signal of the air damper is controlled by the higher value between cooling and IAQ demand.

4.7 Control sequences

4.7.1 Sequence overview (setting via P001)

The main control sequence (water coil sequence of the fan coil unit) can be set via P001.

The following sequences can be activated in the thermostats (with or without auxiliary heating).

The available sequences depend on the application (selected via DIP switches, see Application overview [\rightarrow 45]).

Parameter	P001 = 0		P001 = 1		P001 = 2		P001 = 3		P001 = 4	
Sequence		т€	Ø. ₩	* T*C		/ 		⁷ ∕ ★ T℃		/* T*C
Available for basic application 1): ↓	Heating		Cooling `\ = heating sequence electric heater/ra	e for	Automati heating/c changeo external temperat sensor o switch	ooling ver via water ure	Manually heating c sequence HMI)	or cooling	Heating a cooling s , that is, 4	equence
 2-pipe 2-pipe with el. 2-pipe with rac 2-pipe/2-stage 	diator		\checkmark				/	``	1	
 4-pipe 4-pipe with el. 4-pipe/2-stage (RDG2KN) 	e H and C							\checkmark	2)	\checkmark
 4-pipe with 6-p for C/H ceiling 4-pipe with Plo port valve as changeover, C or fan coil 4-pipe with 6-p (RDG26) 	CV + 6- C/H ceiling									√ 3)

¹⁾ For chilled/heated ceiling and radiator applications, see Chilled/heated ceiling and radiator applications [\rightarrow 107];

²⁾ For manual changeover with 4-pipe applications, see 4-pipe fan coil unit [\rightarrow 100].

• 4-pipe manual changeover (P001 = 3) means activating either cooling or heating outputs

³⁾ P001 cannot be configured for applications with 6-port ball valve.

For the relationship between setpoints and sequences, see Setpoints and sequences [\rightarrow 122].

4.7.2 Application mode



The behavior of the thermostat can be influenced via building automation and control system (BACS) and bus using command "Application mode".

Cooling, heating or both can be enabled or disabled using this signal. Application mode is supported in LTE-Mode and S-Mode.

RDG2..KN KNX thermostats support the following commands:

#	Application mode	Description	Control sequence enabled
0	Auto	The thermostat automatically changes over between heating and cooling.	Heating, cooling or both
1	Heat	The thermostat only allows for heating.	Heating only
2	Morning warm-up	If "Morning warm-up" is received, the room is heated up as fast as possible (as needed). The thermostat only allows for heating.	Heating only
3	Cool	The thermostat only allows for cooling.	Cooling only
4	Night purge	Not supported by fan coil applications.	N/A (= Auto)
5	Pre-cool	If "Pre-cool" is received, the room is cooled down as fast as possible (as needed). The thermostat only allows for cooling.	Cooling only
6	Off	Thermostat does not control outputs, that is, all outputs go to off or 0%.	Neither heating nor cooling
8	Emergency heat	The thermostat heats as much Heating only as possible. The thermostat allows only heating.	
9	Fan only	All control outputs are set to 0% and only the fan is set to high speed. The function is terminated by any operation on the thermostat.	Run fan at high speed

With all other commands, the thermostat behaves as if in Auto mode, thus, heating or cooling by demand.

The heating and cooling states of the thermostat can be monitored with the ACS tool (diagnostic value "Control sequence"). The last active mode is displayed when the thermostat is in the dead zone or temperature control is disabled.



Heating or cooling

With a 2-pipe application, the control sequence state is determined by the application mode and the state of the heating/cooling changeover signal (via local sensor or bus), or fixed according to the selected control sequence (P001 = heating (0)/cooling (1)).

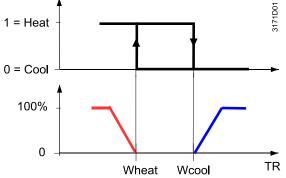
Application mode (via bus)	State changeover/continuous heating or cooling	Control sequence state (ACS diagnostic value)
Auto (0)	Heating	Heating
	Cooling	Cooling
Heat (1), (2), (8)	Heating	Heating
	Cooling	Heating
Cool (3), (5)	Heating	Cooling
	Cooling	Cooling
Night purge (4),	Heating	Heating
Fan only (9)	Cooling	Cooling

Heating and cooling

With a 4-pipe, 2-pipe with electric heater, and 2-pipe with radiator application, the control sequence state is based on the application mode and heating/cooling demand.

Application mode (via bus)	Heating/cooling demand	Control sequence state (ACS diagnostic value)
Auto (0)	Heating	Heating
	No demand	Heating/cooling depending on last active sequence
	Cooling	Cooling
Heat (1), (2), (8)	Heating	Heating
	No demand	Heating
	Cooling	Heating
Cool (3), (5)	Heating	Cooling
	No demand	Cooling
	Cooling	Cooling
Night purge (4), Fan only (9)	No temperature control active	Heating/cooling based on last active sequence

The diagram below shows the control output value as a function of room temperature for heating and cooling:



Wheat = Current heating

setpoint

Wcool = Current cooling setpoint

TR = Room temperature

4.7.3 2-pipe fan coil unit

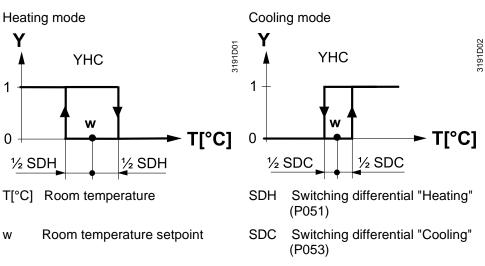
In 2-pipe applications, the thermostat controls a valve in heating/cooling mode with changeover (automatically or manually), heating only, or cooling only (factory setting, P001 = 1).

The diagrams below show the control sequence for On/Off control.

On/Off control

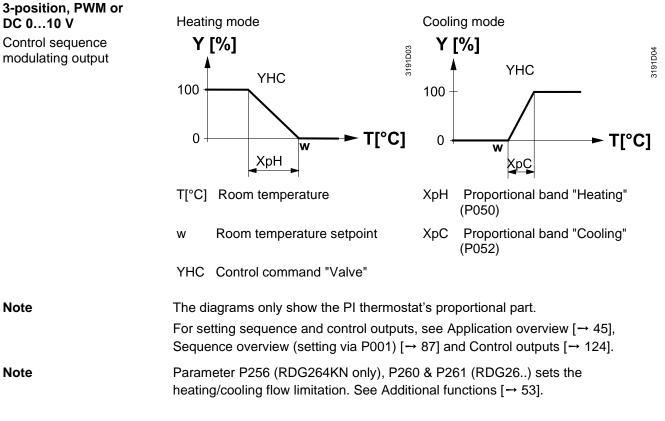
Control sequence On/Off control output

Modulating control:



YHC Control command "Valve"

The diagrams below show the control sequence for modulating PI control.



4.7.4	2-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater
Heating or cooling with auxiliary heater	In 2-pipe applications with electric heater, the thermostat controls a valve in heating/cooling mode with changeover, heating only, or cooling only plus an auxiliary electric heater. Cooling only is factory-set (P001 = 1) with enabled electric heater (P027).
Electric heating, active in cooling mode	In cooling mode, the valve receives an Open command if the acquired temperature is above the setpoint. The electric heater receives an On command if the acquired room temperature drops below "setpoint" minus "dead zone" (= setpoint for electric heater) while the electric heater is enabled (P027 = On).
Note	"Setpoint for electric heater" is limited by parameter "Maximum setpoint for Comfort mode" (P016).
Electric heating in heating mode	In heating mode, the valve receives an Open command if the acquired temperature is below the setpoint. The electric heater is used as an additional heat source when the heating energy controlled by the valve is insufficient. The electric heater receives an On command, if the temperature is below "setpoint" minus "setpoint differential" (= setpoint for electric heater).
Digital input "Enable electric heater	Remote enabling/disabling of the electric heater is possible via input X1, X2 or U1 (RDG2KN)/X3 (RDG2T) for tariff regulations, energy savings, etc Input X1, X2, or U1/X3 must be commissioned accordingly (P150, P153 and P155). See Multifunctional input, digital input [\rightarrow 138].
Enable electric heater	The electric heater can also be enabled/disabled via bus. (RDG2KN)

Note

Do not assign the function to a local input X1, X2 or U1 if "Enable electric heater" input is used via bus.

	The electric heater must always be protected by a safety limit thermostat!			
On/Off electric heater with DC 010 V fan	 With a DC 010 V fan, On/Off control for the electric heater can be selected by setting P203 = 4. The electric heater must be connected to outputs Q2 (RDG26KN), Y2 (RDG20KN). 			
	• The electric heater starts with a delay of 15 seconds, to ensure the fan supplies sufficient air flow to dissipate the heat (also applies to applications with DC control of the electric heater).			
	 A CAUTION! If the fan is disabled, the electric heater is not influenced and may still run. 			
	 To avoid overheating of the electric heater, the thermostat guarantees at least fan speed medium (Auto fan speed: value in the middle of Vmin (P357) – Vmax (P359), manual fan speed: P358) if the electric heater needs to be energized. 			
Adaptive temperature compensation for electric heater	We generally recommend controlling the electrical heater via one external relay. This applies when the application is covered by RDG20KN (max current output on the triac is 1 A), but also for application with RDG26KN where the current is lower than the max load supported by Q2.			

In this case, an electric heater is connected directly to outputs Q2 (RDG26..KN), and the current heats up the relay contact. This falsifies the internal temperature sensor reading. The thermostat compensates the temperature, if the rated power of the electric heating is entered at P217.

Factory setting P217: 0.0 kW, setting range: 0.0...1.2 kW.

The diagrams below show the control sequence for On/Off control.

On/Off control

Control sequence On/Off output

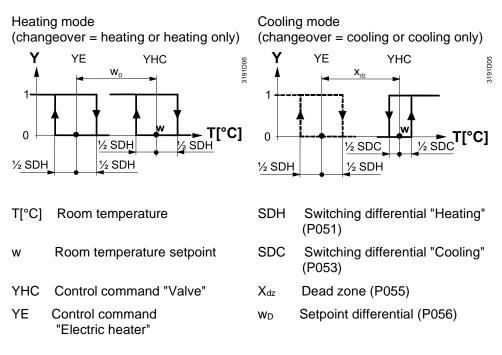
Modulating control:

3-position, PWM or

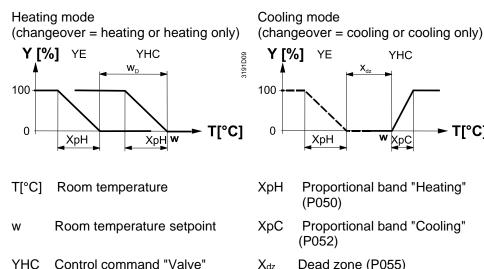
modulating control output

Control sequence

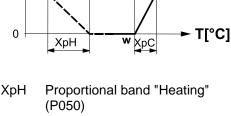
DC 0...10 V



The diagrams below show the control sequence for modulating control.



YΕ Control command "Electric heater"



YHC

3191D08

- Proportional band "Cooling"
- X_{dz} Dead zone (P055)

Wп Setpoint differential (P056)

The diagrams only show the PI thermostat's proportional part. Note • For setting sequence and control outputs, see Application overview [\rightarrow 45], Sequence overview (setting via P001) [\rightarrow 87] and Control outputs [\rightarrow 124]. Note Parameter P256 (RDG264KN only), P260 & P261 (RDG26..) sets the heating/cooling flow limitation. See Additional functions [\rightarrow 53].

4.7.5 2-pipe fan coil unit with radiator or floor heating

Heating or cooling with radiator or floor heating ultraction in 2-pipe applications with radiator, the thermostat controls a value in heating/cooling mode with changeover, heating only, or cooling only plus a radiator value. Cooling only is factory-set (P001 = 1).

Radiator, active in
cooling modeIn cooling mode, the valve receives an Open command if the acquired temperature
is above the setpoint.

The radiator receives an On command if the acquired room temperature drops below "setpoint" minus "dead zone" (= setpoint for radiator).

Radiator in heating mode In heating mode, the radiator receives an Open command if the acquired temperature is below the setpoint. The fan coil unit is used as an additional heat source when the heating energy controlled by the radiator is insufficient.

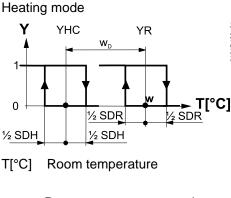
The fan coil unit receives an On command if the temperature is below "setpoint" minus "setpoint differential" (= setpoint for fan coil unit).

Floor heatingThe radiator sequence can also be used for floor heating."Floor heating limitation (P252)" function, see Monitoring and limiting functions

[**→** 59].

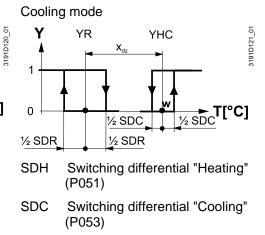
On/Off control

The diagrams below show the control sequence for On/Off control.



w Room temperature setpoint

- YHC Control command "Valve" or "Compressor"
- YR Control command "Radiator"



- SDR Switching differential "Radiator" (P054)
- X_{dz} Dead zone (P055)
- w_D Setpoint differential (P056)

Modulating control: The diagrams below show the control sequence for modulating PI control. 3-position, PWM or DC 0...10 V Heating mode Cooling mode 3191D122_01 Y [%] YHC Y [%] 3191D123_01 YR YR YHC W X_{dz} 100 100 T[°C] 0 0 T[°C] XpR _XpH w XpR **w** ХрС Proportional band "Heating" T[°C] Room temperature XpH (P050) Room temperature setpoint Proportional band "Cooling" w XpC (P052) Control command "Valve" or XpR Proportional band "Radiator" YHC "Compressor" (P054) YR Control command "Radiator" X_{dz} Dead zone (P055) Setpoint differential (P056) WD The diagrams only show the PI thermostat's proportional part. Note For setting sequence and control outputs, see Application overview [\rightarrow 45], Sequence overview (setting via P001) [\rightarrow 87] and Control outputs [\rightarrow 124]. Parameter P256(RDG264KN only), P260 & P261 (RDG26..) sets the Note heating/cooling flow limitation. See Additional functions [\rightarrow 53].

4.7.6 2-stage on 2-pipe/4-pipe heating and cooling

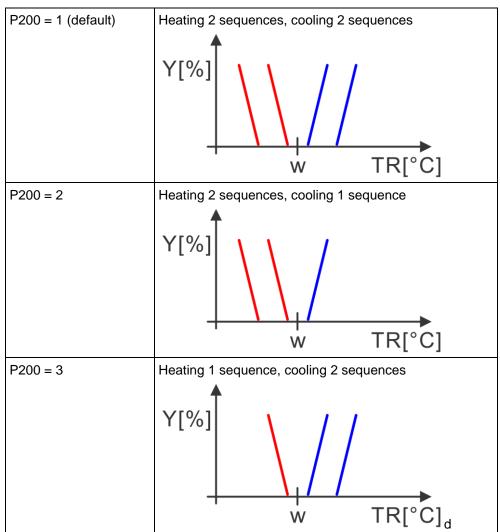
2-stage heating or cooling In 2-stage applications, the thermostat controls 2 valves or 2-stage compressors in series:

- 2-pipe/2-stage: in heating or cooling mode or changeover (automatically or manually). "Cooling only" is factory-set (P001 = 1)
- 4-pipe/2-stage: in heating and cooling mode or changeover (manually).
 "Heating and cooling" is factory-set (P001 = 4) (RDG2..KN)

Fan in the 2^{nd} stageDepending on the equipment, fan control needs to be started in the 2^{nd} stage (in
the 1^{st} stage, the fan remains Off) either in the heating or cooling sequence. To
cover the requested application, the fan can be enabled and disabled in different
sequences via P350. For further details, see Fan control [\rightarrow 134].

Limit number of heating/cooling sequence

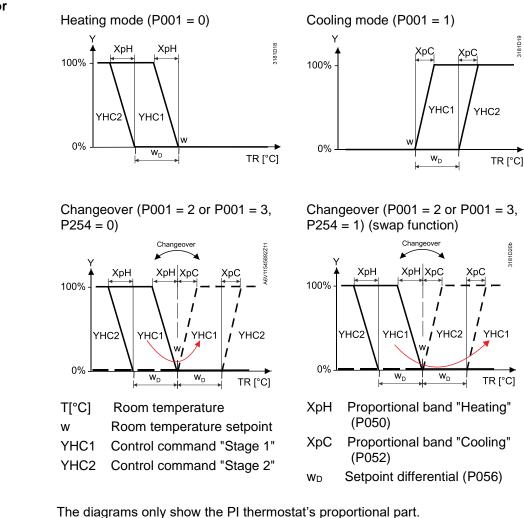
In the 2-stage application (2-/4-pipe), with parameter P200 "number of heating/cooling sequences", the number of outputs can be set to one cooling sequence (P200 = 2) or one heating sequence (P200 = 3).



4.7.6.1 2-pipe/2-stage heating or cooling

Heating mode	setpoint.	d if the acquired temperature is below the room temperature drops below "setpoint"	
Cooling mode	In cooling mode, the 1 st stage is activated if the acquired temperature is above the setpoint. The 2 nd stage is activated if the acquired room temperature exceeds "setpoint" plus "setpoint differential".		
Limit number of outputs	For applications with 1-stage heating or 1-stage cooling only, the number of controlled outputs is set via P200 (limit number of heating/cooling sequences).		
Swap function	With the swap function enabled, the 1 st stage in heating (YHC1) switches stage in cooling. This function optimizes use of heating/cooling energy in with different equipment. E.g., fan coil units combined with radiant heatin panels or floor heating/cooling. See Additional functions [\rightarrow 53] to enable function via P254.		
On/Off output	The diagrams below show the control se	quence for On/Off control.	
	Heating mode (P001 = 0)	Cooling mode (P001 = 1)	
	Changeover (P001 = 2 or P001 = 3, P254 = 0)	1- spc spc * r cooling (YHC2: 1 st Sequence)	

Modulating control: 3-position, PWM or DC 0...10 V



The diagrams below show the control sequence for modulating PI control.

For setting sequence and control outputs, see Application overview [\rightarrow 45], Sequence overview (setting via P001) [\rightarrow 87] and Control outputs [\rightarrow 124].

- For applications with different signals, On/Off (1st stage) and DC (2nd stage), heating/cooling P-band modulating (P050, P052), a small switching differential SDH / SDC (P051, P053) is suggested to start 1st sequence as soon as heating / cooling demand is requested.
- Set the heating/cooling flow limitation function with parameter P256(RDG264KN only), P260 & P261 (RDG26..) in this application. See Additional functions [→ 53].

Note

Note

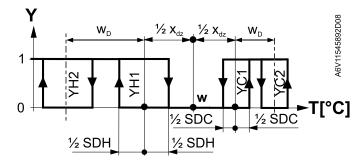
4.7.6.2 4-pipe/2-stage heating and cooling (RDG2..KN)

Heating and cooling In 4-pipe/2-stage applications, the thermostat controls max. 4 valves in heating and mode cooling mode or heating/cooling mode by manual selection. Heating and cooling mode (P001 = 4) is factory-set. The 1st stage is activated when the acquired temperature is below (heating) or above (cooling) the setpoint. The 2nd stage is activated when the acquired room temperature exceeds the "setpoint differential" value. In heating and cooling mode, the 1st and 2nd stage for heating or cooling can be activated at same time. Limit number of outputs For applications with only 1-stage heating or 1-stage cooling, the number of controlled outputs can be set to 3 via P200 (limit number of heating/cooling sequence) accordingly. **On/Off output** The diagrams below show the control sequence for On/Off control. Note RDG26..KN can not be set as On/Off control output and is fixed as DC control

ote

Heating and cooling mode (P001 = 4)

output.

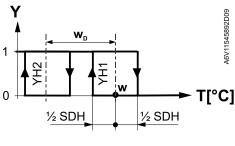


Heating mode with manual selection (P001 = 3) or

save energy (P010 = 2 & P014) in heating sequence

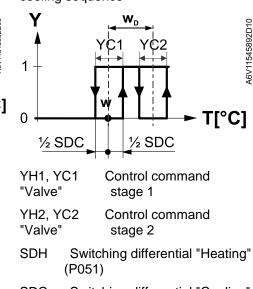
Cooling mode with manual selection (P001 = 3) or save energy (P010 = 2 & P015) in

cooling sequence



T[°C] Room temperature

- w Room temperature setpoint
- X_{dz} Dead zone (P055)
- w_D Setpoint differential (P056)

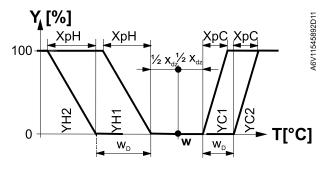


SDC Switching differential "Cooling" (P053)

Modulating control: PWM or DC 0...10 V

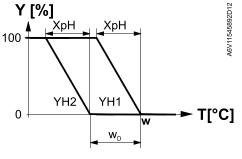
The diagrams below show the control sequence for modulating PI control.

Heating and cooling mode (P001 = 4)



Heating mode with manual selection (P001 = 3) or

to save energy (P010 = 2 & P014) in the to save energy (P010 = 2 & P015) in the heating sequence



Room temperature

Dead zone (P055)

Room temperature setpoint

T[°C]

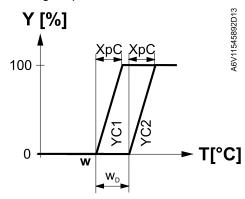
w

 X_{dz}

WD

Cooling mode with manual selection (P001 = 3) or

cooling sequence



YH1, YC1 Control command "Valve" stage 1

YH2, YC2	Control command
"Valve"	stage 2

- XpH Proportional band "Heating" (P050)
- Setpoint differential (P056) XpC Proportional band "Cooling" (P052)

Note

Note

The diagrams only show the PI thermostat's proportional part.

For setting sequence and control outputs, see Application overview [\rightarrow 45], Sequence overview (setting via P001) [\rightarrow 87] and Control outputs [\rightarrow 124].

- For applications with different signals, On/Off (1st stage) and DC (2nd stage), heating/cooling P-band modulating (P050, P052), a small switching differential SDH / SDC (P051, P053) is suggested to start 1st sequence as soon as heating / cooling demand is requested.
- Set the heating/cooling flow limitation function with parameter P256(RDG264KN only), P260 & P261 (RDG26..) in this application. See Additional functions [\rightarrow 53].

4.7.7 4-pipe fan coil unit

set to Manual (P001 = 3).

Heating and cooling

In 4-pipe applications, the thermostat controls 2 valves in heating and cooling mode, heating/cooling mode by manual selection. Heating and cooling mode (P001 = 4) is factory-set.

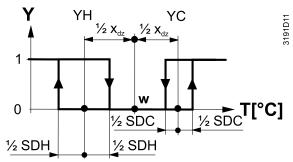
The heating or cooling output can be released via operating mode button if P001 is

4-pipe application with manual changeover

On/Off control

The diagrams below show the control sequence for On/Off control.

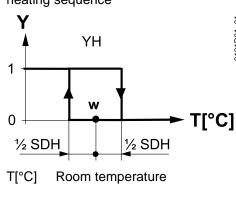
Heating and cooling mode (P001 = 4)



Heating mode with manual selection (P001 = 3) or

energy saving (P010 = 2 & P014) in heating sequence

Cooling mode with manual selection (P001 = 3) or energy saving (P010 = 2 & P015) in cooling sequence

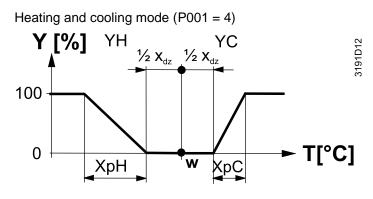


- w Room temperature setpoint
- X_{dz} Dead zone (P055)

- SDH Switching differential "Heating" (P051)
- SDC Switching differential "Cooling" (P053)

Modulating control: 3-position, PWM, or DC 0...10 V

The diagrams below show the control sequence of modulating PI control.

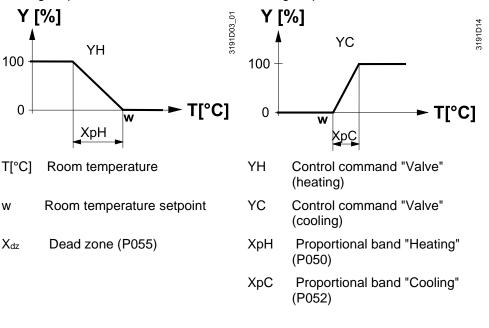


Heating mode with manual selection (P001 = 3) or

Cooling mode with manual selection (P001 = 3) or

for energy saving (P010 = 2 & P014) in heating sequence

for energy saving (P010 = 2 & P015) in cooling sequence



Note

The diagrams only show the PI thermostat's proportional part.

For setting sequence and control outputs, see Application overview [\rightarrow 45], Sequence overview (setting via P001) [\rightarrow 87] and Control outputs [\rightarrow 124]. Parameter P256 (RDG264KN only), P260 & P261 (RDG26..) sets the heating/cooling flow limitation. See Additional functions [\rightarrow 53]. •

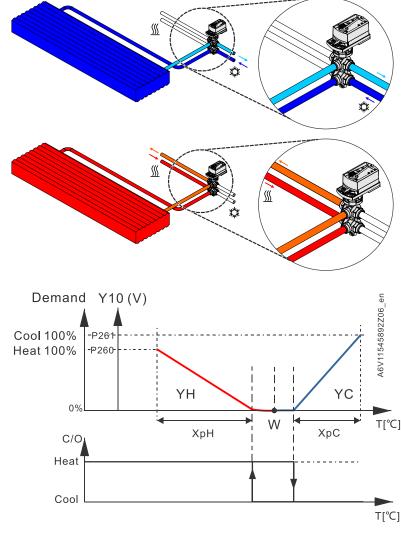
4.7.7.1 4-pipe application with one valve: 6-port ball valve or 6-port PICV (RDG26..)

RDG26.. can control a 6-port ball valve or 6-port PICV for fan coil applications.

- 4-pipe with 6-port ball valve (DIP4 = ON)
- 4-pipe with 6-port PICV (DIP2&4 = ON)

See Applications for universal systems [\rightarrow 47].

Only one DC signal (Y10 output) controls the 6-port valve / 6-port PICV.



Hydraulic and control diagram of the 6-port PICV

- W Room temperature setpoint
- YH Control command "Valve" (heating)
- YC Control command "Valve" (cooling)
- Y10 DC 0...10 V signal
- T[°C] Room temperature
- P260 Flow limitation function for heating only
- P261 Flow limitation function for cooling only

Default integral action time TN is set to 45 minutes.

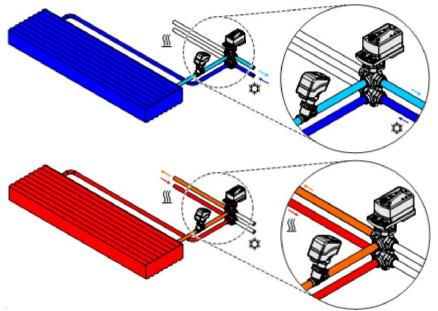
Control output configuration

Output voltage range of Y10 can be configured via P201. For details, see Control output configuration for 6-port valve (P201) [\rightarrow 124].

Principle

4.7.7.2 4-pipe application with PICV and 6-port control ball valve as changeover (RDG26..)

In a 4-pipe fan coil application with DC 0...10 V fan control, the RDG26..KN controls a combi valve (PICV) in combination with a 6-port ball valve as changeover.



Note: Set DIP# 1 & 4 to ON (4-pipe with 6-port ball valve as changeover and PICV).

Principle

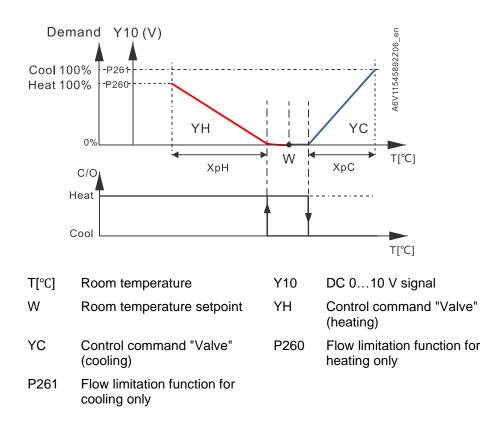
This application is used in 4-pipe systems with heat exchanger and differential pressure controller (using a PICV).

The changeover signal DC 0...10 V controls the flow rate in the PICV, while the 6-port ball valve, connected to the relay outputs, is used as changeover to switch the sequence between heating and cooling.

Enable the flow limitation function (for PICV) via parameter P256 (RDG264KN only), P260 & P261 to balance heating and cooling and avoid hydraulic problems caused by the different flow rates. (see Additional functions [\rightarrow 53]).

The fan can only be set on DC Y50 output in this application.

Set fan operation (P350) to enable (enable by default).



The connection diagram for 4-pipe applications with PICV and 6-port ball valve as changeover is available in Connection diagrams [\rightarrow 189].

4.7.8 4-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater

Heating and cooling with auxiliary heater

Electric heating in heating mode

Digital input "Enable electric heater



In 4-pipe applications with electric heater, the thermostat controls 2 valves in heating and cooling mode by manual selection, heating only, or cooling only plus an auxiliary electric heater. Heating and cooling is factory-set (P001 = 4).

The electric heater is used as an additional heat source when the heating energy controlled by the valve is insufficient.

The electric heater receives an On command, if the temperature is below "setpoint" minus "1/2 "dead zone" minus "setpoint differential" (= setpoint for electric heater).

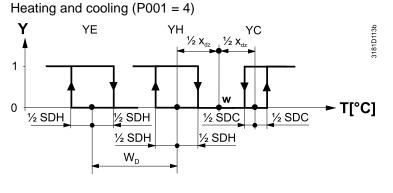
Remote enabling/disabling of the electric heater is possible via input X1, X2, or U1 (RDG2..KN)/X3 (RDG2..T) for tariff regulations, energy saving, etc. Input X1, X2, or U1/X3 must be commissioned accordingly (P150, P153 and P155). See Multifunctional input, digital input [\rightarrow 138].

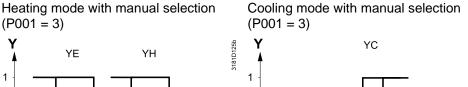
The electric heater can also be enabled/disabled via bus. (RDG2..KN)

Do not assign the function to a local input X1, X2 or U1 if the bus input is used. **CAUTION!** The electric heater must always be protected by a safety limit thermostat!

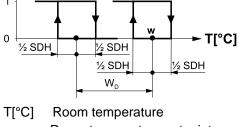
The heating or cooling output can be released via operating mode button if P001 is set to Manual (P001 = 3).

The diagrams below show the control sequence for On/Off control.



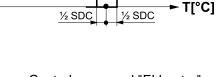


0



w Room temperature setpoint

- X_{dz} Dead zone (P055)
- w_D Setpoint differential (P056)



- YE Control command "EI heater" YH Control command
 - "Valve" (heating)
- YC Control command " Valve " (cooling)
- SDH Switching differential "Heating" (P051)
- SDC Switching differential "Cooling" (P053)

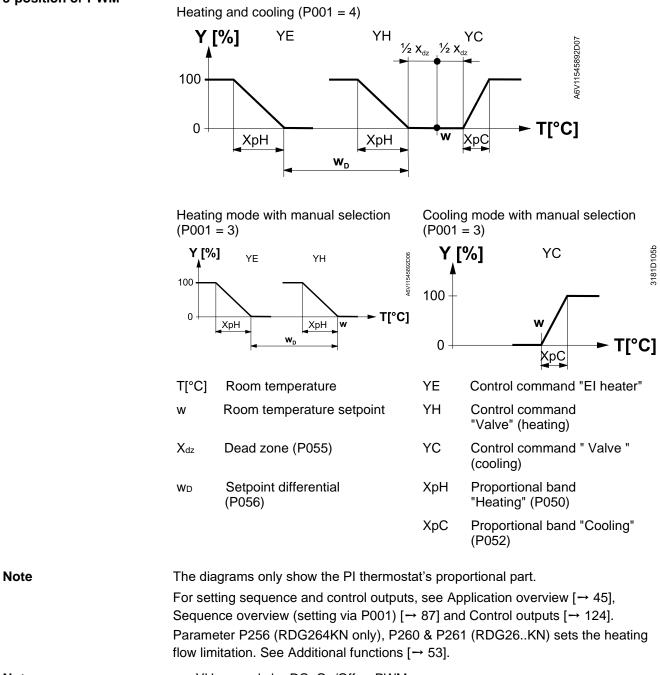
4-pipe application with manual changeover

On/Off control

3181D126b

Modulating control: 3-position or PWM

The diagrams below show the control sequence for modulating PI control.



Note

- YH can only be DC, On/Off or PWM
- YC can be DC, On/Off, On/Off 3-wired, PWM or 3-position
- YE can only be DC, On/Off or PWM

4.7.9 Chilled/heated ceiling and radiator applications

For chilled/heated ceiling and radiator applications

- Set the corresponding basic application see Application overview [\rightarrow 45].
- Disable the fan (P350)

The following applications are available:

Application for chilled/heated ceiling, radiator	Basic application	Section	Sequences
Chilled/heated ceiling with changeover	2-pipe	2-pipe fan coil unit [→ 90]	H (\) C (/)
Chilled/heated ceiling and electric heater (cooling only: disable electric heater via P027)	2-pipe with electric heater	2-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater [→ 91]	EI H + H (な\\) EI H + C (な\/) C (/)
Chilled/heated ceiling and radiator	2-pipe with radiator	2-pipe fan coil unit with radiator or floor heating [→ 93]	H + rad (\r\) Rad + C (r\/)
Chilled ceiling and radiator	4-pipe	4-pipe fan coil unit [→ 100]	H+C (\/)
Chilled/heated ceiling, 2- pipe/2-stage	2-pipe/2-stage heating or cooling	2-pipe/2-stage heating or cooling [→ 96]	H+H (\\) C+C (//)
Chilled/heated ceiling, 4- pipe/2-stage	4-pipe/2-stage heating and cooling	4-pipe/2-stage heating and cooling (RDG2KN) [→ 98]	H+C+H+C (\/\/)
Chilled/heated ceiling with 6- port control ball valve or 6- port PICV	4-pipe application with one valve: 6- port ball valve or 6- port PICV	4-pipe application with one valve: 6-port ball valve or 6- port PICV (RDG26) [→ 102]	H + C (\/)
Chilled/heated ceiling with pressure independent combi valve (PICV) and 6-port ball valve for changeover (RDG26)	4-pipe application with PICV and 6- port control ball valve as changeover	4-pipe application with PICV and 6-port control ball valve as changeover (RDG26) [→ 103]	H+C (\/)

4.7.10 Compressor applications

For compressor applications,

- Set the corresponding basic application as per Application overview [\rightarrow 45].
- Disable the fan (P350) or set the type of fan speed (P351)
- Select the type of control outputs (On/Off, P201, P203, P204, P205) The following applications are available:

Application for compressor in DX-type equipment	Basic application	Section	Sequences
1-stage compressor	2-pipe	2-pipe fan coil unit [→ 90]	H (\) C (/)
1-stage compressor with reversing valve	2-pipe	2-pipe fan coil unit [→ 90]	H+C (\/)
1-stage compressor and electric heater (cooling only: disable electric heater via P027)	2-pipe with electric heater	2-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater [→ 91]	El. H + H (⁄ է\ \) El. H + C (⁄ է\ /) C (/)
1-stage compressor for heating and cooling	4-pipe	4-pipe fan coil unit [→ 100]	H+C (\/)
2-stage compressor	2-stage heating or cooling	2-pipe/2-stage heating or cooling [→ 96]	H+H (\/) C+C (//)

Note

Minimum On/Off time:	P212/P213 (only	with On/Off control outputs)	
Fan operation:	P350 (0 = disable	ed, 1 = enabled)	
Fan speed:	P351 (1 = 1-speed, 2 = 3-speed, 3 = DC 010 V)		
Control outputs On/Off:	P201 = 4 (V1) only)	P203 = 4 (V2) (DC 010 V fan	
Control outputs DC 010 V:	P201 = 5 (V1)	P203 = 5 (V2)	

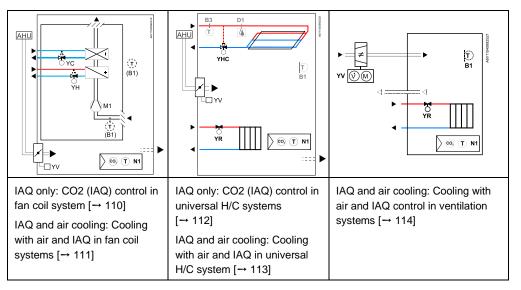
4.7.11 Additional ventilation functions (IAQ + cooling with air)

The RDG2..4KN uses the fresh air damper to lower the CO₂ concentration in the room during IAQ demand.

In addition, enabling "cooling with air" via parameter P450 (control strategy) = 5 or 6 extends the range of application to include ventilation systems by using cold air to lower the temperature.

The "cooling with air" function is available in fan coil, universal or VAV systems and works in all operating modes: Comfort, Economy and Protection.

For ventilation applications without IAQ control, use the RDG2..0KN (see Cooling with air and IAQ control in ventilation systems [\rightarrow 114]).



RDG204KN.. and RDG264KN.. support "Cooling with air".

Cold air (e.g., 16...18 °C) must be supplied via an external ventilation system (e.g., AHU). The thermostat does not measure or monitor the supply air temperature. The air cooling function does not support a manager/subordinate configuration.



The min. and max. damper position can be adjusted via KNX S-Mode objects 108 and 109.

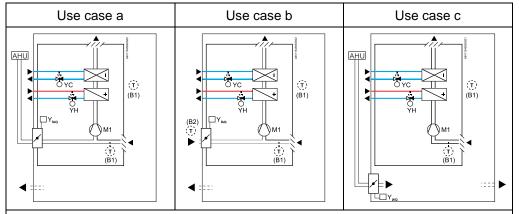
4.7.11.1 CO₂ (IAQ) control in fan coil systems

In fan coil systems with DC or 3-speed fan, the RDG204KN.. or RDG264KN control the damper position and supply fresh air to the room to lower the CO_2 concentration.

For all 2-/4-pipe fan coil applications (Applications for fan coil systems [\rightarrow 46]), IAQ can be enabled by selecting the associated control strategy: P450 = 2 (default: temperature + indoor air quality) or P450 = 3 (temperature, humidity, indoor air quality).

Outside air or treated air from a ventilation system (e.g., AHU) can be supplied to the room.

The thermostat supports fan coils with built-in fresh air damper (Use cases a and b), or air acquired via independent ventilation systems.



a) Fan coil (e.g., 4-pipe) with integrated damper. Fresh air via ventilation system

b) Fan coil (e.g., 4-pipe) with integrated damper. Fresh air from outdoor

c) Fan coil (e.g., 4-pipe) with independent air ventilation system, e.g., via AHU

IAQ can be controlled by

- Actuating a DC damper (P453 = 1)
- Opening an On/Off damper and controlling the fan (P453 = 2 or 3)
- Opening first the DC damper, and second by controlling the fan speed (P453 = 1 and P450 = 4)

To optimize the system and improve control performance, check if the following parameters need to be enabled or adjusted:

- IAQ setpoint (P023) and IAQ P-band (P454, P456)
- Run fan during IAQ control (P458), especially for equipment with built-in fresh air damper
- Min./max. damper position (P455, P457)
- Outside damper frost protection (P109)

4.7.11.2 Cooling with air and IAQ in fan coil systems

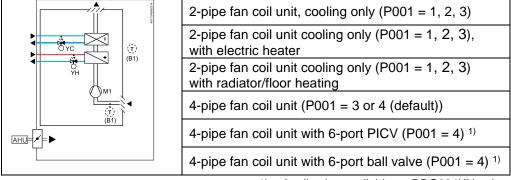
In fan coil systems with DC or 3-speed fan, the RDG204KN.. or RDG264KN.. control the damper position and supply fresh air to the room to lower CO₂ concentration and temperature.

The DC 0...10 V control signal to the fresh air damper (output U1 on the RDG) is controlled by the higher value of cooling demand or IAQ demand. The damper control signal On/Off is not supported.

Enabling "Cooling with air" (P450) while fan coil runs in cooling mode, means that cooling demand is used also to control the fresh air damper.

Cold air (e.g., 16...18 °C) must be treated and acquired via an external ventilation system (e.g., AHU). The thermostat does not measure or monitor the supply air temperature.

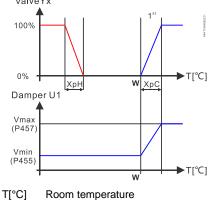
Applications supported:



1) Application available on RDG264KN only

After selecting application, enable "Cooling with air" by selecting the control strategy: P450 = 5 (temperature, air quality, air cooling) or P450 = 6 (temperature, air quality, air cooling as 2nd stage).

Cooling with air parallel to water system (P450 = 5) ValveYx



Room temperature setpoint

Proportional band "Heating" (P050)

w

ХрН

Cooling with air as 2^{nd} stage (P450 = 6) ValveYx 100% 0% Damper U1 Vmax (P457) Vmin (P455) With air as 2^{nd} stage

XpCProportional band "Cooling" (P052)VmaxMaximum damper position (P457)VminMinimum damper position (P455)

The following control signals are available to the equipment:

- RDG204KN: PWM, 3-position Note: Setting PWM algorithm P206...P209 to 1200 sec = 20 minutes is recommended.
- RDG264KN: DC 0...10 V

"Cooling with air" does not support the on/off control output signal. Parameters P201/P203 must be set accordingly. To optimize the system and improve control performance, check if the following parameters need to be enabled or adjusted:

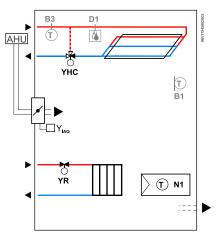
- IAQ setpoint (P023) and IAQ P-band (P454, P456)
- Run fan during IAQ control (P458), especially for equipment with built-in fresh air damper
- Min./max. damper position (P455, P457)

Notes

• 2-stage applications are not supported.

4.7.11.3 CO₂ (IAQ) control in universal H/C systems

In universal heating/cooling systems, the RDG204KN.. or RDG264KN control the damper of an independent air ventilation and supply fresh air to the room to lower CO_2 concentration in the event of IAQ demand.



Select the basic (fan coil) application as per Chilled/heated ceiling and radiator applications [\rightarrow 46] and disable fan function (P350 = 0).

To optimize the system and improve control performance, check if the following parameters need to be enabled or adjusted:

- IAQ setpoint (P023) and IAQ P-band (P454, P456)
- Min./max. damper position (P455, P457)

4.7.11.4 Cooling with air and IAQ in universal H/C systems

In universal heating/cooling systems, the RDG204KN.. or RDG264KN.. control the damper position and supply fresh air to the room to lower CO₂ concentration and cool temperature.

The DC 0...10 V control signal to the fresh air damper (output U1 on the RDG) is controlled by the higher value of cooling or IAQ demand. The On/Off damper control signal is not supported.

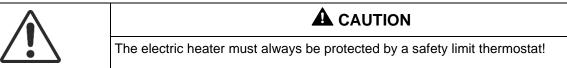
Enabling "Cooling with air" (P450) when the heating/cooling system is in cooling mode means that cooling demand is used also to control the fresh air damper.

Cold air (e.g., 16...18 °C) must be treated and acquired via an external ventilation system (e.g., AHU). The thermostat does not measure or monitor the supply air temperature.

Applications supported.			
	Universal H/C cooling application	Basic application to be selected	
	Chilled ceiling	2-pipe fan coil unit, cooling only (P001 = 1)	
	Chilled ceiling and el. heater	2-pipe fan coil unit cooling only (P001 = 1), with electric heater	
	Chilled ceiling and radiator/floor heating	2-pipe fan coil unit cooling only (P001 = 1) with radiator/floor heating	
	Chilled ceiling and radiator	4-pipe fan coil unit (P001 = 3 or 4 (default))	
	Chilled and heated ceiling control with 6-port ball valve ¹⁾	4-pipe fan coil unit with 6-port PICV (P001 = 4)	
	Chilled and heated ceiling control with 6-port PICV ¹⁾	4-pipe fan coil unit with 6-port ball valve (P001 = 4)	
	1)	Application available on PDG264KN only	

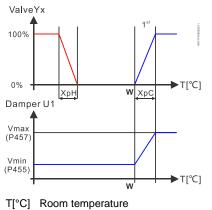
Applications supported:

Application available on RDG264KN only



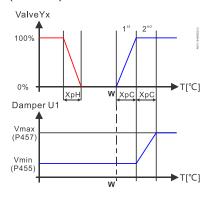
After the basic (fan coil) application selection, disable the fan function (P350 = 0) and enable "Cooling with air" by selecting P450 = 5 (temperature, air quality, air cooling) or P450 = 6 (temperature, air quality, air cooling as 2^{nd} stage)

Cooling with air parallel to water system (P450=5)



- w Room temperature setpoint
- XpH Proportional band "Heating" (P050)

Cooling with air as 2nd stage (P450=6)



XpCProportional band "Cooling" (P052)VmaxMaximum damper position (P457)VminMinimum damper position (P455)

The following control signals are available for the equipment:

- RDG204KN: PWM, 3-position Note: Setting PWM algorithm P206...P209 to 2700 sec = 45 minutes to control valves is recommended.
- RDG264KN: DC 0...10 V

Note	Air cooling does not support the on/off control output signal. The output parameters
	P201/P203 need to be set accordingly.

To optimize the system and improve control performance, check if the following parameters need to be enabled or adjusted:

- IAQ setpoint (P023) and IAQ P-band (P454, P456)
- Min./max. damper position (P455, P457)

«Nordic» application Universal heating/cooling application for "European Nordic countries": Thermostats can be set to control both chilled ceiling and floor heating. Fresh air is provided for IAQ control and to lower the temperature in the room ("cooling with air" supports chilled ceiling) during cooling demand. See Ventilation air cooling (RDG2..KN) [→ 204], example 2.

4.7.11.5 Cooling with air and IAQ control in ventilation systems

In ventilation systems, if there is a request to decrease the room temperature using fresh air, use the RDG2..0KN to control the fresh air damper. If at the same time, the CO₂ concentration in the room (IAQ control) must be reduced, use the RDG204KN or RDG264KN.

On the RDG2..4KN, the DC 0...10 V control signal to the fresh air damper is controlled by the higher value of cooling and IAQ demand. The On/Off damper control signal is not supported.

Cold air (e.g., 16...18 $^{\circ}$ C) must be treated and acquired via an external ventilation system (e.g., AHU). Prerequisite for correct operation is an air temperature that is below the room temperature.

As the thermostat does not measure or monitor the supply air temperature, heating the room with warm air is not supported.

Applications supported:

- Single duct (cooling only) and IAQ control, see Single duct (cooling only) application and IAQ control [→ 115]
- Single duct (cooling only) and radiator/floor heating and IAQ control, see Single duct (cooling only) application with IAQ control and radiator/floor heating [→ 116]
- Single duct air cooling only, with electric heater and IAQ control, see Single duct (cooling only) application with IAQ control and electric heater [→ 118]

Applications with RDG2..4KN:

To optimize the system and improve control performance, check if the following functions need to be enabled or adjusted:

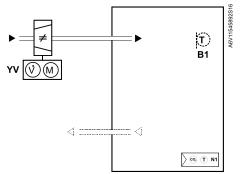
- IAQ setpoint (P023) and IAQ P-band (P454, P456)
- Min./max. damper position (P455, P457)

Applications with RDG2..0KN:

Check if the following functions need to be adjusted for best user operation:

- Lock fan button function for end user on HMI, P028 (keypad) = 5
- End user can select auto ventilation auto or off, P003 = 3 (Auto Protection)

4.7.11.5.1 Single duct (cooling only) application and IAQ control



Two options are available to control the fresh air damper:

- RDG2..0KN: To lower the room temperature. The damper is connected to output Y50.
- RDG2..4KN: To lower the room temperature and CO₂ concentration/IAQ control, the damper is connected to output U1.

In single-duct applications, the thermostat controls an actuator (air damper, VAV system, etc.) in cooling mode only (factory-set P001 = 1).

Set basic application 2-pipe fan coil unit [\rightarrow 90]

RDG20	4KN / RDG264KN	RDG20KN		
Cooling	Cooling with air and IAQ control		Cooling with air only	
output U	The damper actuator is connected to output U1 on RDG and controlled by the modulating DC 010 V signal.		The damper actuator is connected to fan output Y50 on RDG and controlled by the modulating DC 010 V signal.	
enabled quality, a	"Cooling with air" function must be enabled (P450 = 5, temperature, air quality, air cooling) and fan functions must be disabled (P350 = 0).		Select fan speed DC 010 V, P351 = 3	
be limite	The output signal for the air flow can be limited to min. (P455) and max. (P457) value as required.		The output signal for the air flow can be limited to a min. and max. value as required. (P357, P360)	
•	Proportional band "Cooling" (P052) Proportional band "IAQ" (P454)		Proportional band "Cooling" (P052)	
Modulation control DC 010 V for damp		ber:		
100%	I XpCI		A0V11546802213	
Vmax · Vmin ·	I YV	V max.		
0%				
0 % T	w			
Vmax	Max. ventilation, P457	Vmax.	Max. ventilation in cooling mode, P360	
Vmin	Min. ventilation, P455	Vmin. Min. ventilation, P357		
W	Room temperature setpoint			

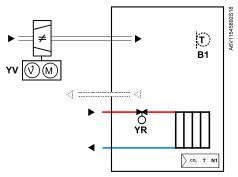
ol command VAV box/damper
rtional band "Cooling" (P052) rtional band "IAQ" (P454)

Vmin/Vmax values must be provided by planners (depending on air balancing or parameter settings for the VAV controller).

Recommendations for applications with RDG2..0KN:

- Switching point, P356 = 1 %
- Min. ventilation, P357 = 30 %
- Set Vmin in dead zone in Comfort mode, P029 = 1
- Enable ventilation Vmin in dead zone in ECO mode, P364 (periodic fan kick Economy) = 0
- Because the DC fan output signal on terminal Y50 controls the damper position, enabling the following functions is not recommended:
 - Fan overrun (setting P352 = 0)
 - Fan start delay (setting P365 = 0)

4.7.11.5.2 Single duct (cooling only) application with IAQ control and radiator/floor heating



Two options are available to control the fresh air damper:

- RDG2..0KN: To lower the room temperature. The damper is connected to output Y50.
- RDG2..4KN: To lower the room temperature and CO₂ concentration/IAQ control, the damper is connected to output U1.

In single-duct applications with radiator or floor heating, the thermostat controls an actuator (air damper, VAV system, etc.) and the radiator valve actuator.

Set basic application 2-pipe fan coil unit with radiator or floor heating [\rightarrow 93], with P001 =1, set to cooling only

RDG204KN / RDG264KN	RDG20KN
Cooling with air and IAQ control	Cooling with air only
The damper actuator is connected to output U1 on RDG and controlled by the modulating DC 010 V signal.	The damper actuator is connected to fan output Y50 on RDG and controlled by the modulating DC 010 V signal.
"Cooling with air" function must be ena- bled (P450 = 5, temperature, air quality, air cooling) and fan functions must be disabled (P350 = 0).	Select fan speed DC 0…10 V, P351 = 3
The output signal for the air flow can be limited to min. (P455) and max. (P457) value as required.	The output signal for the air flow can be limited to a min. and max. value as re- quired. (P357, P360)

Functions Control sequences

4

Proportional band "Cooling" (P052) Proportional band "Cooling" (P052) Proportional band "IAQ" (P454) The radiator is connected on Y20/Y2 The radiator is connected on Y20/Y2 and controlled by the modulating and controlled by the modulating DC 0...10 V (RDG260KN..) or On/Off, DC 0...10 V (RDG264KN..) or PWM, 3-pos (RDG200KN..). PWM/3-pos (RDG204KN) signal. The On/Off control signal is not supported. Modulation control DC 0...10 V for damper: XpC_! 100% Vmax V_{\max} YΥ Vmin 0% TR[°C] XpH 100% YR w 0% ►TR[°C] Xdz Vmax Max. ventilation, P457 Max. ventilation in cooling Vmax. mode, P360 Vmin Min. ventilation, P455 Vmin. Min. ventilation, P357 Room temperature setpoint w ΥV Control command VAV box/damper

wRoom temperature setpointYVControl command VAV box/damperXpCProportional band "Cooling" (P052)
Proportional band "IAQ" (P454)XpHProportional band "Heating" (P050)XdzDead zone (P055)YRControl command "Radiator"

Vmin/Vmax values must be provided by planners (depending on air balancing or parameter settings of the VAV controller)

The following control signals are available for radiator:

- RDG204KN: PWM, 3-position RDG200KN: On/Off, PWM, 3-position Note: Setting PWM algorithm P206...P209 to 2700 sec = 45 minutes is recommended.
- RDG26...KN: DC 0...10 V

The air cooling on RDG2..4KN does not support the On/Off control output signal. Output parameters P201 / P203 must be set accordingly.

Note

Recommendations for applications with RDG2..0KN:

• Switching point, P356 = 1 %

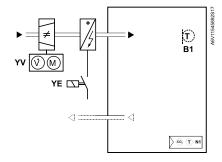
•

- Set Vmin in dead zone in Comfort mode, P029 =1
- If ventilation runs in operating mode ECO, set Vmin = P364 (periodic fan kick Economy) to 0.
- Because the DC fan output signal on terminal Y50 controls the damper position, enabling the following functions is not recommended:
 Fan overrun time (setting P352 = 0)
 - Fan start delay (setting P352 = 0)

Radiator, active in cooling mode The thermostat increases the air flow when the room temperature exceeds the cooling setpoint. When the acquired room temperature drops below the heating setpoint (= radiator setpoint), the thermostat releases the heating sequence.

Floor heating The radiator sequence can also be used for floor heating. "Floor temperature limitation" is described in Monitoring and limiting functions [→ 59].

4.7.11.5.3 Single duct (cooling only) application with IAQ control and electric heater



Two options are available to control the fresh air damper:

- RDG2..0KN: To lower the room temperature. The damper is connected to output Y50.
- RDG2..4KN: To lower the room temperature and CO₂ concentration/IAQ control, the damper is connected to output U1.

Caution 🗥

General rule: When air flow is insufficient, the thermostat cannot protect the electric heater against overtemperature. Thus, the heater **must** be equipped with a separate safety device (thermal cutout).

In single-duct applications with electric heater, the thermostat controls an actuator (air damper, VAV system, valve, etc.) and an electric heater.

Set basic application 2-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater [\rightarrow 91] with P001 = 1, set to cooling only.

RDG20	4KN / RDG264KN	RDG20	IKN
Cooling with air and IAQ control		Cooling with air only	
The damper actuator is connected to output U1 on RDG and controlled by the modulating DC 010 V signal.		DC 010 V damper actuator is con- nected to fan output Y50 on RDG.	
bled (Pa air cooli	g with air" function must be ena- 450 = 5, temperature, air quality, ing) and fan functions must be d (P350 = 0).	Select fan speed DC 0…10 V, P351 = 3	
limited t	put signal for the air flow can be o min. (P455) and max. (P457) s required.	limited to	but signal for the air flow can be o a min. (P357) and max. P359) value as required
the ventilati ventilati ting of \	ne electric heater is in operation, tilation remains constant at min. on (P455). Make sure the set- /min guarantees sufficient air avoid overheating the system.	While the electric heater is in operation, ventilation is controlled between max. ventilation for heating P359 and med. ventilation P358.	
	ional band "Cooling" (P052)	Proportio	onal band "Cooling" (P052)
•	ional band "IAQ" (P454)		
The electric heater is connected on Y20/Y2 and controlled by the modulat- ing DC 010 V (RDG264KN) or PWM (RDG204KN) signal. The On/Off control signal is not supported.		The electric heater is connected on Y20/Y2 and controlled by the modulat- ing DC 010 V (RDG260KN) or On/Off, PWM, 3-pos (RDG200KN).	
Modula	tion control DC 0…10 V for dampe	er:	
Vmax Vmin 0% 100%	TR[°C]	Vmax Vmed Vmin 0%	XpH YE Xdz TR[°C]
Vmax	Max. ventilation, P457	Vmax.	Max. ventilation in cooling mode, P360
Vmin	Min. ventilation, P455	Vmin.	Min. ventilation, P357
Vmed	Med. ventilation, P358	Vmax	For heating, P359
w	Room temperature setpoint		~ `

	ХрС	Proportional band "Cooling" (P052)
		Proportional band "IAQ" (P454)
	ХрН	Proportional band "Heating" (P050)
	Xdz	Dead zone (P055)
	YE	Control command "Electric heater"
	parame	max values must be provided by planners (depending on air balancing or ter settings of the VAV controller) to avoid overheating during electric operation.
	The foll	owing control signals are available for electric heater:
	RD Not	G204KN: PWM, 3-position G200KN: On/Off, PWM, 3-position e: Setting PWM algorithm P206…P209 to 0 sec = 20 minutes is recommended.
	• RD	G26KN: DC 010 V
Note	The air cooling on the RDG24KN does not support the On/Off control output signal. Set output parameter P201/P203 accordingly.	
Electric heating, active in cooling mode	The air flow increases depending on the acquired room temperature and the setpoint. The electric heater is enabled, when the acquired room temperature drops below the heating setpoint (= setpoint for electric heater).	
Digital input "Enable elec- tric heater"	Remote enabling/disabling of the electric heater is possible via input X1, X2 for tariff regulations, energy savings, etc. Commission multifunctional input X1/X2 accordingly (P150, P153) (see Multifunctional input, digital input [\rightarrow 138]).	
Enable electric heater	The ele	ctric heater can also be enabled/disabled via bus.
Note		"Enable electric heater" is used via bus, the function must not be assigned al multifunctional input X1, X2.
Fan overrun time		d overheating of an electric heater when switched off, the air flow signal of ust be maintained and ensured by the primary controller (e.g. AHU).
	Recom	mendations for applications with RDG20KN:
	 Swi Set If verease Ecconstruction Beconstruction 	itching point, P356 = 1 % Vmin in dead zone in Comfort mode, P029 =1, P357 = 50 % entilation runs in operating mode ECO, set Vmin = P364 (periodic fan kick pnomy) to 0. cause the DC fan output signal on terminal Y50 controls the damper ition, enabling the following functions is not recommended: an overrun time (set P352 = 0)

- Fan overrun time (set P352 = 0)
 Fan start delay (set P365 = 0)

4.7.12 Applications with external AQR sensor or QMX room operator unit (RDG2..KN)

The equipment combination is intended for commercial buildings, offices, schools, museums, shops, etc.

Advantages of equipment combination		AQR/QMX sensor	
		LTE- Mode	S-Mode
a)	Sensor can be installed in the optimal place for temperature and humidity measurement.	\checkmark	\checkmark
b)	Unauthorized persons cannot change settings on sensors installed in the room.	\checkmark	\checkmark
c)	HVAC equipment and measuring point (T, r.h.) are far apart (in large spaces). Installing the thermostat near the equipment and the sensor on the measuring point reduces wiring costs and increases control accuracy.	1	\checkmark
d)	Several RDG2KN room thermostats can operate with one room temperature and/or humidity value (in large spaces).	×	\checkmark
e)	AQR/QMX sensor is better suited to interior designs.	\checkmark	\checkmark

With sensor AQR25.. or QMX3..0 Sensor AQR25..., QMX3.P30 or QMX3.P70 supplies relative humidity and room temperature values to the RDG2..KN.

RDG2..KN and the sensors use LTE-Mode (KNX) communication. To exchange information (humidity or room temperature), both units must have the same geographic zone apartment and room (A.R.1, where "A" is the value of P901 and "R" is the value of P902 of the RDG2..KN).

This equipment combination works on a 1-to-1 basis. Values cannot be provided from the sensor to several RDG2..KN room thermostats.

For applications in S-Mode, set the objects for humidity and room temperature of the RDG2..KN to **Receive** in ETS. The thermostat then works with the values acquired by the sensor. Default setting **Transmit** indicates that the RDG2..KN provides the local room temperature and relative humidity over the bus. One sensor sends data to several thermostats.

4.7.13 Setpoints and sequences

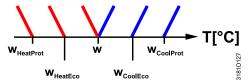
2-pipe applications

In changeover applications, the Comfort setpoints for heating and cooling sequence are the same (w).

In 2-pipe applications with electric heater, the Comfort setpoint is either at the first heating sequence (in heating mode) or at the cooling sequence (in cooling mode). In 2-pipe applications with radiator, the Comfort setpoint is either at the radiator sequence (in heating mode) or at the cooling sequence (in cooling mode).

The setpoints for Economy and Protection are below the Comfort setpoints (for heating) and above the Comfort setpoints (for cooling).

They can be set via P019, P020 (Economy) and P100, P101 (Protection).



Application	Comfort mode		Economy/Protection mode		
	Heating Cooling		Heating	Cooling	
2-pipe		Y / / / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Y WHeatEco/Prot		
2-pipe with electric heater	Y YE 2) W T	Y YE ¹⁾	Y YE 2) WHeatEco/Prot T	Y YE ¹⁾ V WHeatEco/Prot WCoolEco/Prot T	
2-pipe with radiator		Y YR W T	Y YR WHeatEco/Prot	Y YR WHeatEco/Prot WCoolEco/Prot	
2-pipe/ 2-stage heating or cooling	Y W T	Y V V V V	Y WHeatEco/Prot		

¹⁾ If P027 = On

W = Setpoint in Comfort mode

W_{HeatEco/Prot} = Setpoint heating in Economy or Protection mode

W_{CoolEco/Prot} = Setpoint cooling in Economy or Protection mode

YR = Radiator sequence

YE = Electric heater sequence

4-pipe applications

In 4-pipe applications, the Comfort setpoint (w) is in the middle of the dead zone, between the heating and cooling sequences.

The dead zone can be adjusted via P055.

If manual changeover is selected, either the cooling sequence or the heating sequence is released. In this case, the Comfort setpoint is at the selected heating or cooling sequence.

Application		Economy/Protection mode		
	P010 = 1 and cooling a		Cooling only ¹⁾ or heating and cooling P010 = 2	Heating and/or cooling
4-pipe	Y V V T	Y W T	Y / / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Y WHeatEco/Prot WCoolEco/Prot
4-pipe with electric heater	Y YE	Y YE W T	Y / / / · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Y WHeatEco/Prot WCoolEco/Prot T
4-pipe/2-stage (RDG2KN)	° ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓		Y //	Y W _{HeatEco/Prot} W _{CoolEco/Prot}

¹⁾ Manual changeover, P001 = 3

W = setpoint in Comfort mode

 $W_{HeatEco/Prot}$ = heating setpoint for Economy or Protection mode

 $W_{\text{CoolEco/Prot}}$ = cooling setpoint for Economy or Protection mode

YE = electric heater sequence

4.8 Control outputs

4.8.1 Overview

Overview of control
outputsDifferent control output signals are available and defined during commissioning
(see below).

Control output	On/Off	PWM	3-position	DC 010 V	On/Off 3-wire
Product No.					
RDG20	Y1, Y2, Y3 (3 x NO [*])	Y1, Y2, Y3 (3 x PWM)	Y1/Y3, Y2/Y4 (2 x ♥/▲)		Y1/Y3, Y2/Y4 (2 x ♥/▲)
RDG26	Q1, Q2 (2 x NO)			Y10, Y20, Y30, U1 **)	
RDG26 with 6-port valves				Y10 ***)	

Notes	*) NO: Normally open				
	^{**)} Multifunctional input/output U1 as DC output in 4-pipe/2-stage application.				
	***) RDG260 with 6-port valves supports DC 010 V, DC 210 V and inverse signals.				
On/Off control signal (2-position)	The valve receives the On command via control output Y1 (Q1 on RDG26) or Y3 (Q2 on RDG26), if:				
	 The acquired room temperature is below the setpoint (for heating) or above the setpoint (for cooling), 				
	 The control outputs are inactive for more than the "Minimum output off time" (factory setting 1 minute, adjustable via P213). 				
	The valve receives the Off command, if:				
	 The acquired room temperature is above the setpoint (for heating) or below the setpoint (for cooling), 				
	 The valve is active for more than the "Minimum output on time" (factory setting 1 minute, adjustable via P212). 				
Note	 For switching differential (P051, P053, P054), see Control sequences [→ 86]. 				
On/Off control signal	The valve receives the On command via control output Y1 or Y2 on RDG20KN, if:				
(3-wire)	 The acquired room temperature is below the setpoint (for heating) or above the setpoint (for cooling), 				
	 The control outputs are inactive for more than the "Minimum output off time" (factory setting 1 minute, adjustable via P213). 				
	The valve receives the Off command via control output Y3 or Y4 on RDG20KN, if:				
	 The acquired room temperature is above the setpoint (for heating) or below the setpoint (for cooling), 				
	 The valve is active for more than the "Minimum output on time" (factory setting 1 minute, adjustable via P212). 				
Note	 For switching differential (P051, P053, P054), see Control sequences [→ 86]. 				
Electric heater control signal (On/Off)	The electric heater receives an On command via the auxiliary heating control output (RDG26KN: Q2, RDG20KN: Y2 or Y3, see Mounting Instructions [\rightarrow 6] [1] & [2]), if				
	1. The acquired room temperature is below the "Setpoint for electric heater",				
	2. The electric heater is switched off for at least 1 minute.				

The Off command for the electric heater is output, if

- 1. The acquired room temperature is above the setpoint (electric heater),
- 2. The electric heater is switched on for at least 1 minute.

▲ CAUTION! A safety limit thermostat (to prevent overtemperature) must be provided externally.

Note	The electric heater can be controlled via the On/Off control output (RDG26KN: Q2, RDG20KN: Y2 or Y3) by setting P203 or P204 to 4. For adaptive temperature compensation (P217: RDG26KN): see 2-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater [\rightarrow 91], 4-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater [\rightarrow 105].						
3-position control signal (RDG20 only)	 Heating: Output Y1 provides the Open command, and Y3 the Close command to the 3-position actuator. Cooling: Same with Y2 and Y4. The factory setting for the actuator run time is 150 seconds. It can be adjusted vie P214 (Y1 and Y3) or P215 (Y2 and Y4). The parameters are displayed only, if 3-position is selected via DIP switches 7 a 						
Synchronization		ure the actuator clo	ommand for the actuator run time oses fully and synchronizes to 'fully close" or "fully open", the				
	actuator run time is extended position is synchronized to th3. After the actuator reaches th time of 30 seconds is applied	d by + 150 % to er ne control algorith ne position calculat	nsure the correct actuator m. ted by the thermostat, a waiting				
PWM control (RDG20 only)	via Y1, Y2 Y3, and Y4 to the value signal for thermal actuators. The proportional to the heating/cooline PWM interval.	ve actuator as a P control output is a ng demand and the s 1200 seconds (fa (Y3) or P209 (Y4) DIP switches 7 an nization, especially	activated for a period en switched off for the rest of the actory setting). It can be adjusted . These parameters are only nd 8 and if PWM is selected via / for thermal valve actuators				
Note	 The proposed PWM cycle (9001800 seconds) allows for controlling thermal valve actuators in parallel when used for floor heating/radiators. If several fan coils are controlled by the same room thermostat, it is impossible to ensure exact parallel running of 2 or more thermal valve actuators using the PWM control signal. We recommend setting On/Off (2-position) control signals or using motorized actuators with On/Off or 3-position control signal. For P-band (P050, P052, P054), see Control sequences [→ 86]. 						
PWM for electric heaters (RDG20)	 ers To control electrical equipment, we recommend using a suitable external switching element to switch the maximum current. If output Y2 controls external mechanical relays, the optimal run time (P207) depends on the technical characteristics of the equipment. As initial setting, we suggest the following values, which can be modified within the described setting range as needed: Electric heater applications: 300 s (5 min) / range 30300 s (5 min) 						
•	Electric radiator applications:Electric floor heating:	. ,	/ range 1201800 s (30 min) / range 301800 s (30 min)				

If output Y2 controls one external solid state relay:

- Electric heater applications: 60 s (1 min) / range 15...60 s (1 min)
 - Electric radiator applications: 300 s (5 min) / range 30...300 s (5 min)
- Electric floor heating: 600 s (10 min) / range 30...900 s (15 min)

To avoid burn-off of mechanical contacts by frequent switching, use a current valve in place of a relay or contactor.

To avoid possible supply problems, when many consumers are switching on at the same time in a building, consider the following:

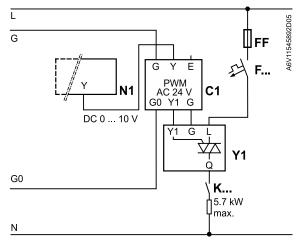
- Set slightly different PWM cycles
- Do not switch all rooms to Comfort at the same time

DC 0...10 V control This function is available with RDG26..KN only.

The demand calculated by PI control from the current room temperature and setpoint is provided via Y10, Y20, Y30 and U1 (RDG2..KN: U1, for 4-pipe/2-stage applications) to the valve actuator as a continuous DC 0...10 V signal.

- Parameter P256 (RDG264KN only), P260 & P261 (RDG26..KN) sets the heating flow limitation if PICV is installed at output for heating and cooling. See Additional functions [→ 53].
 - For P-band (P050, P052, P054), see Control sequences [→ 86].
- The demand calculated by PI control from the current room temperature and setpoint is provided via Y20 as a continuous DC 0...10 V signal
- The signal converter (SEM61.4) converts the DC 0...10 V signal to AC 24 V PDM pulses for the current valve
 - The current valve (SEA45.1) supplies the electric heater with pulsed current

The electric heater can be controlled via the On/Off control output (Q2) by setting P203 or P204 to 4. For adaptive temperature compensation, see 2-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater [\rightarrow 91].



RDG26..KN

N1

- C1 Signal converter SEM61.4
 - (see Data Sheet N5102)
- Y1 Current valve SEA45.1 (see Data Sheet N4937)

K... Safety loop (e.g. safety thermostat and high-temperature cutout)

- FF Very fast-acting fuse
- F... Overcurrent trip

Note

Note

DC 0...10 V

DC 0...10 V

Note

for valve actuators

for electric heaters

DC 0...10 V DC 2...10 V for 6-port control ball valve (RDG26.. only) The RDG26.. can control a 6-port control ball valve that provides heating and cooling within one DC 0...10 V or DC 2...10 V signal.

These 2 signals allow for controlling Siemens valves as well as DC 2...10 V valves by other suppliers.

For the same application, RDG26.. can also provide an inverse signal DC 10...0 V or DC 10...2 V signal for inversed hydraulic connections on the valve. The selection of the signal is set with P201.

	Description	Explanations
P201 = 6	6-port valve (DC 0…10 V control signal)	Suitable for Siemens and competitor 6-port control valves and actuators with DC 010 V signal
P201 = 7	6-port valve (DC 210 V control signal)	Suitable for competitor 6-port control valves and actuators with DC 210 V signal (e.g. Belimo)
P201 = 8	inverse signal, 6-port valve (DC 10…0 V control signal)	Useful for inversed hydraulic connection on the 6-port control ball valve with Siemens or competitor DC 010 V actuator*
P201 = 9	inverse signal, 6-port valve (DC 102 V control signal)	Useful for inversed hydraulic connection on the 6-port control ball valve with competitor DC 210 V actuator (e.g. Belimo)*

* Inverting the signal might cause hydraulic balancing issues

4.8.2 Control output configuration for 6-port valve (P201)

The RDG26.. can control an actuator connected to a 6-port control ball valve or a DC 0...10 V 6-port PICV, that provides heating and cooling with one DC 0...10 V or DC 2...10 V DC 2...10 V signal. The control output is Y10 and cannot be changed. (RDG26.. only) The 2 signals control Siemens and third-party valves/actuators. For the same application, RDG26.. can also provide an inverse signal DC 10...0 V or DC 10...2 V signal for inversed hydraulic connections on the valve. The control signal is set via P201. See tables below for details. Note For supporting the actuators **GDB161.9.**/6W, the thermostat control algorithm for P201 values (6, 7, 8 and 9) is adjusted to optimize temperature control performance. A new RDG26.. that controls an older actuator GDB161.9E or third-party actuator, must set P201 to 10 or 11. This setting is also important when replacing devices in the field. See tables below for details.

	Description	Explanation
P201 = 6	6-port valve (DC 010 V control signal)	Suitable for Siemens 6-port control valves and actuators with DC 010 V signal
P201 = 7	6-port valve (DC 210 V control signal)	Suitable for Siemens 6-port control valves and actuators with DC 210 V signal
P201 = 8	inverse signal, 6-port valve (DC 100 V control signal)	For inversed hydraulic connection on the 6-port control ball valve with Siemens DC 010 V actuator *
P201 = 9	inverse signal, 6-port valve (DC 102 V control signal)	For inversed hydraulic connection on the 6-port control ball valve with Siemens DC 210 V actuator *
P201 = 10	6-port valve (DC 0…10 V control signal) 3 rd part	Suitable for Siemens actuators GDB161.9E or competitor DC 010 V actuators, with 6-port control valves
P201 = 11	6-port valve (DC 210 V control signal) 3 rd part	Suitable for Siemens actuators GDB161.9E or competitor DC 210 V actuators, with 6-port control valves (e.g. Belimo)

* Inverting the signal may cause hydraulic balancing issues

Version compatibility RDG's, actuators and valves:

Actuator / valve combination	Product: Product index	P201
GDB161.9/6W with	RDG260KN: D or higher	6, 7, 8, 9
6-port PICV VWPG51 or 6-port ball valve	 RDG264KN: B or higher 	
VWG41 / VWG42	 RDG260T: Z, A or higher 	
GDB161.9E with	• RDG260KN: Z, A, B, C	6, 7, 8, 9
6-port ball valve VWG41 / VWG42	• RDG264KN: Z, A	
GDB161.9E with	RDG260KN: D or higher	10, 11 ¹⁾
6-port ball valve VWG41 / VWG42	RDG264KN: B or higher	
	RDG260T: Z, A or higher	
GDB161.9/6W with	• RDG260KN: Z, A, B, C	Need new RDG. ²⁾
6-port PICV VWPG51 or	• RDG264KN: Z, A	
6-port ball valve VWG41 / VWG42		

Note

1) When replacing RDG260.. connected to the actuator GDB161.9E, verify the settings for control output signal P201.

2) RDG with previous product indices do not support the GDB161.9.../6W actuators. We recommend upgrading (via KNX SW download tool) or replacing the RDG260.. with a new version.

4.8.3 Control output configuration (setting via DIP switches 7/8 or tool, and P201/P203/P204/P205)

Overview

Application	Fa	in	Control outputs					Product no.
	DC 010 V	3-speed/ 1-speed	Mod. DC 010 V	On/Off (2-pos)	On/Off (3-wire)	Mod. PWM (2-pos)	Mod. 3- pos.	RDG
2-pipe	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	20
	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark					26
	\checkmark			\checkmark				26
2-pipe with electric	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	20
heater	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark					26
	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark				26
2-pipe with	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	20
radiator/floor heating	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓					26
	√		✓	\checkmark				26
2-pipe/2-stage,	\checkmark	~		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	~	20
cooling or heating	\checkmark	~	✓					26
	\checkmark		✓	\checkmark				26
4-pipe	\checkmark	~		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	~	20
	√	~	✓					26
	√		✓	\checkmark				26
4-pipe with electric	√	~		\checkmark		\checkmark	√ 1)	20
heater	√	~	✓					26
	\checkmark		√	√ ²⁾				26
4-pipe/2-stage	√	~		\checkmark		\checkmark		20KN
	√	~	✓					26KN
Heating / Cooling with 6-port valve			\checkmark					26
Heating / Cooling with 6-port valve as changeover and PICV valve	1		√	√ ³⁾				26
Heating / Cooling with 6-port PICV	\checkmark		√	√ ³⁾				26

¹⁾ Only available for cooling actuator

²⁾ Only selectable for electrical heater

³⁾ Relay outputs for 6-port valve as changeover

Note: On/off (2-pos) on RDG20.. are a triac outputs (max 1A), and relay outputs (max 5(4)A) on RDG26..

RDG20..

The type of the control outputs (2- or 3-position) is set via DIP switches 7 and 8. Patterns of DIP switches 7 and 8:

DIP NO.: 78 → ON = , OFF =	7 8	7 8	7 8	78
Y1/Y3 =	2-position (PWM)	2-position (PWM)	3-position	3-position
Y2/Y4 =	2-position (PWM)	3-position	2-position (PWM)	3-position

Notes	 If 2-position (PWM) is selected via DIP switches, the control output is On/Off (factory setting). To select PWM (pulse width modulation), set P201, P203 and/or P204, P205 to 3. 4-pipe with electric heater: As the electric heater requires 1 of 4 outputs, only the cooling valve actuator can be 3-position. For commissioning via tool, all DIP switches have to be set to Off or related application configuration. Control outputs need to be set via tools. For details on connecting field devices and setting the DIP switches, refer to the Mounting Instructions [→ 6] [1] & [2]
RDG26	 Applications with DC 010 V fan control (Y50) or without fan: The type of valve actuator control outputs can be changed from DC 010 V (factory setting) to On/Off. To select On/Off valve actuator control, set P201 and/or P203 to 4 or DIP switch 7 and/or 8 to ON. Example for 4-pipe application: Cooling: DC 010 V Y10 (P201 = 5, default), On/Off on Q1 (P201 = 4) Heating: DC 010 V Y20 (P203 = 5, default), On/Off on Q2 (P203 = 4)
Notes	 For 2-pipe and 2-stage application, P203 can be set to 3 or 4 to enable the swap function. See Additional functions [→ 53] The fan type is selected via P351 or DIP switch 6, see Fan control [→ 131] RDG26KN On/Off valve actuator control on applications without fan function, setting sequence: Set DIP switch 6 to OFF and P351 to 3 Disable the fan function by setting P350 to 0 Set the valve actuators to On/Off by setting P201 and/or P203 to 4 For commissioning via tools, set all DIP switches to Off or the related application configuration. The control outputs must be set using tools

4.9 Fan control

Overview fan outputs	In RDG20 and RDG26, the available fan output signals are one On/Off 1- speed/3-speed fan or one modulating fan DC 010 V and control type can be selected via P351.
	The fan control signal (DC 010 V or 3-speed) is selected via DIP switch 6, local HMI (P351) or tool (ACS, ETS, ABT Site (RDG2KN) or Siemens smartphone application PCT Go).
	The fan operates in automatic mode or at the speed selected in manual mode.
	In automatic mode, the fan speed is based on the setpoint and the current room temperature. When the room temperature reaches the setpoint, the control valve closes and the fan switches off or stays at fan speed I (min. fan speed) as per the setting of P029 (fan stage in dead zone Comfort mode).
	The factory setting for "Fan in the dead zone" is Off.
	Only one fan output at one time is On, either Q1, Q2 or Q3.
Fan and control outputs	If the application is set via DIP switches and DIP 6 is set to Off:
	DC 010 V fan on Y50 is selected
	 P351 = 3 (DC 010 V fan) cannot be modified
	 3-speed/1-speed fan output is not available
	If the application is set via DIP switches and DIP 6 is set to On:
	 3-speed fan on Q1, Q2, Q3 is selected, P351 = 2
	 1-speed fan (on Q1) can be selected via HMI (P351 = 1) or via tools (ACS, ETS, ABT Site (RDG2KN) or PCT Go)
	DC 010 V fan output is not available
	 3-speed fan output is enabled only if the application has also been selected via DIP switches
	If all DIP switches are Off (commissioning via tool ACS, ETS, ABT Site (RDG2KN) or PCT Go):
	 Application and type of fan must be set and downloaded via tools
	 If DC 010 V fan is set, the type of fan output cannot be modified via HMI
	 If 3-speed or 1-speed is selected, P351 can be modified locally to 2 (3-speed) or 1 (1-speed)
\frown	Fan speed and mode can be changed via bus. (RDG2KN)
KNX '	For this purpose, the fan command value must be enabled.

Fan command value Enable fan command value

Fan operation Fan stage I-II-III Fan output Fan speed and mode can be monitored via bus. (RDG2..KN)

Fan control with modulating heating/cooling control (PWM, 3-pos or DC 0...10 V)

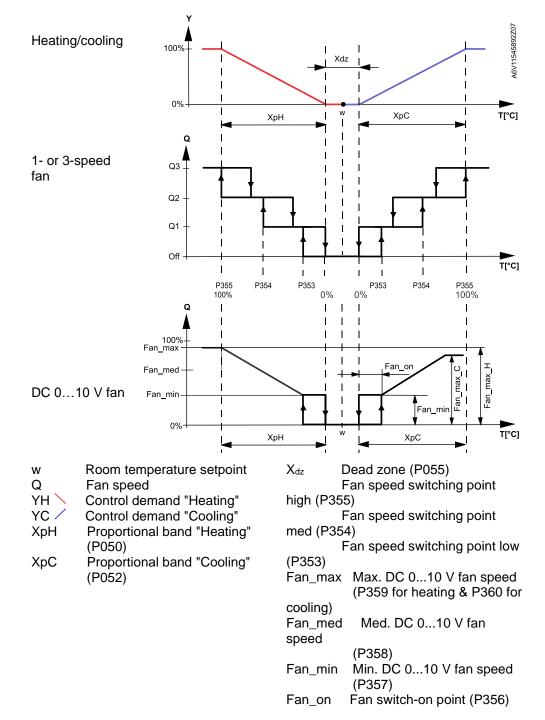
For 3-speed fan control:

The individual switching points for each fan stage can be adjusted via P353...P355. The fan speed switch off point is 20% below the switch on point. The diagrams below show fan speed control for modulating PI control.

For DC 0...10 V fan control:

If DC 0...10 V fan control is selected, the fan switching points are set using the following parameters:

- P359 & P360: DC 0...10 V fan max. output
- P358: DC 0...10 V middle speed output
- P357: DC 0...10 V fan min. output
- P356: Switching point for fan



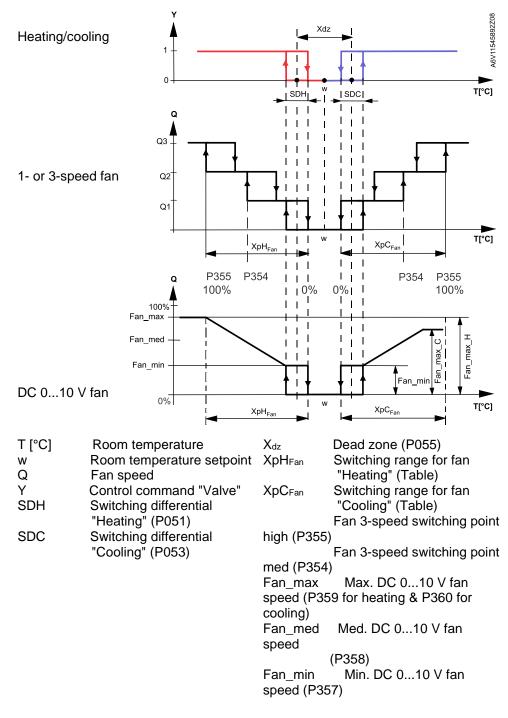
Note

The diagram only shows the proportional part of PI control.

Fan control with On/Off heating/cooling control

In applications with On/Off control:

- 1. The switching point for low fan speed is synchronized to the heating/cooling output. P353 (switching point fan speed low) is not relevant.
- 2. The maximum switching range of the fan (XpH_{Fan} /XpC_{Fan}) is defined by the switching differential (SDH/SDC) via a reference table.



Reference table with
On/Off control

SDH/SDC	[K]	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	>4.5
XpH _{Fan} /XpC _{Fan}	[K]	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

1-speed/3-speed fan

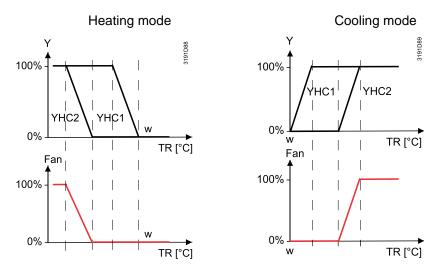
The thermostat can control a 1- or 3-speed fan (selected via P351). A 1-speed fan is connected to terminal Q1, and a 3-speed fan to terminals Q1, Q2 and Q3.

Manual operation DC 010 V fan	Fan spe When th efficient	eed I = Min. fan speed selectable via P357 eed II = Medium fan speed selectable via P358 ne DC fan characteristic is not linear, fan speed manual speed II. eed III = Max. fan speed selectable via P359 (he	e via P358 , fan speed II can be adapted to an				
	Q 100% - Fan II Fan II 0% -	Fan_min Xdz	Note: Manual fan settings do not influence control signals "Heating" and "Cooling".				
Note		eating with electric heater only, manual fan spe ee the necessary minimum air flow for the elect ating.					
2 sequences heating/cooling		ting or cooling with 2 sequences (e.g. heating with a heating coil and an heater, or 2-stage cooling), the fan is always synchronized to the 1 st stage.					
Fan in the 2 nd stage	run in th cooling	ipe and 2-stage applications, based on the equipment, the fan may have to he 2-stage only (in the 1 st stage the fan remains Off), either in the heating or sequence. lowing settings are available by selecting fan control P350 accordingly:					
P350 = 4: 2 nd stage		Fan runs in the 2 nd stage in heating and cooling (example 1 or 2 when combined with the swap function)					
P350 = 5: Heating and 2 nd stage cooling		Fan runs in heating mode and in the 2 nd stage cooling (example 3)					
P350 = 6: Cooling and 2 ^r heating	nd stage	Fan runs in cooling mode and in the 2 nd stage heating					
P350 = 7: 2 nd stage cooli	ng only	Fan runs in the 2 nd stage cooling only and not in heating mode					
P350 = 8: 2 nd stage heating only		Fan runs in the 2 nd stage heating only and not in cooling mode					

Example 1

The fan runs only in the 2nd stage in the heating and cooling sequence (2-pipe and 2-stage application).

Set both P201 and P203 to 4 or 5 (based on the requested control signal) and set P350 to 4 (fan in the 2nd stage).



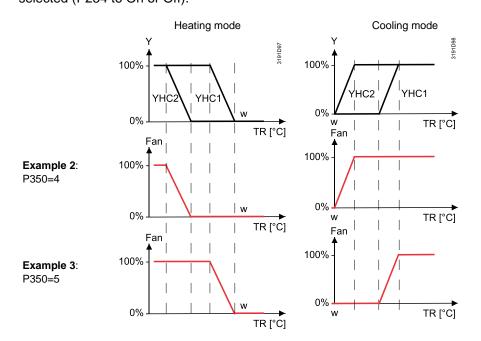
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Functions Fan control

- The output for the 1st stage (YHC1) in heating mode is also the 1st stage in cooling
 - This function is available for DC/3-speed/1-speed fans

Example 2We recommend enabling the swap function on applications with fan coil units and
floor heating/cooling. In this application, the fan runs during cooling demand (fan
coil unit and floor cooling) and only in the 2nd heating stage (with the fan coil unit).
Set P254 to On or Off, depending on the selected control signal (swap function),
and set P350 to 4 (fan in the 2nd stage).

Example 3The fan runs during heating demand and only in the 2nd cooling stage, e.g. for
applications with fan coil units and radiant heating/cooling panels.
This setting is available only when P350 is set to 5, and the swap function is
selected (P254 to On or Off).



Notes

Notes

- Swap function: The output for the 1st stage in heating mode is the 2nd stage for cooling
- This function is available for DC/3-speed/1-speed fans

Examples, other combinations

The following table shows the relation between fan behavior (switching range fan XpH_{Fan}/XpC_{Fan} as per reference table or proportional band XpH/XpC) for 2-pipe / 2-stage applications depending on the selected output signals and synchronization of the fan to the first or second sequence.

Combination	1 st stage signal	2 nd stage signal	Fan type	Fan synchro	Fan behavior
1	On/off	On/off	DC	1 st sequence	XpH _{Fan} /XpC _{Fan} , P-control
2	DC	DC	DC	1 st sequence	XpH/XpC, P/PI control
3	On/off	On/off	DC	2 nd sequence	XpH _{Fan} /XpC _{Fan} , P-control
4	DC	DC	DC	2 nd sequence	XpH/XpC, P/PI control
5	On/off	DC	DC	1 st sequence	XpH _{Fan} /XpC _{Fan} , P-control
6	On/off	DC	DC	2 nd sequence	XpH/XpC, P/PI control
7	DC	On/off	DC	1 st sequence	XpH/XpC, P/PI control
8	DC	On/off	DC	2 nd sequence	XpH _{Fan} /XpC _{Fan} , P-control
9	DC	DC	3-speed	1 st sequence	XpH/XpC, P/PI control
10	DC	DC	3-speed	2 nd sequence	XpH/XpC, P/PI control

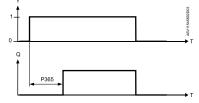
Fan operation as per heating/cooling mode, or	Fan operation can be limited to be active with cooling only or heating only, or even disabled via P350.			
disabled	When fan operation is disabled, the fan symbol on the display disappears and pressing the fan button has no impact.			
	This function allows for using the thermostat in universal applications such as chilled/heated ceilings and radiator, etc. (see Chilled/heated ceiling and radiator applications [\rightarrow 107]).			
Fan minimum on- time	In automatic mode, a dwelling time of 2 minutes (factory setting) is active. The fan maintains each speed for at least 2 minutes before changing to the next speed. The minimum on-time can be adjusted from 16 minutes via P362.			
Periodic Fan kick (P363, P364)	In automatic fan mode and with the room temperature in the dead zone, the control valve is normally closed and the fan is disabled. With the periodic fan kick function, the fan can be released from time to time at low speed for a minimum on-time (see above) even if the valve is closed.			
	This function is used to prevent damage from moisture due to a lack of air circulation, or to allow a return air temperature sensor to acquire the correct room temperature.			
	Y Q1 A6V11645892D01			
	① Periodic fan kick			
	② Minimum on-time			
	Periodic fan kick time can be selected individually for Comfort via P363, and via P364 for Economy.			
Notes	 Fan kick value 0 means the fan runs continuously in the dead zone (only selectable in Economy via P364) 			
	Fan kick value 1 and higher: Value in minutes			
	Fan kick value Off means the fan does not run in the dead zone			
Fan stage in dead zone P029	The fan speed in the dead zone (Comfort mode) can be set via P029 (Service level) ask per customer preferences.			
	To save energy, the manual fan in the dead zone is controller same as the auto fan $(P029 = 3, 4 \text{ or } 5)$.			
	The following options are available:			
	Auto fan does not run in the dead zone			
	 Auto fan runs in the dead zone at low speed during heating and cooling (P029 = 1) 			
	• Auto fan runs in the dead zone at low speed during cooling only (P029 = 2). During heating, the fan does not run in the dead zone.			
	 Auto or manual fan does not run in the dead zone (P029 = 3) 			
	 Auto or manual fan runs in the dead zone at low speed during heating and cooling (P029 = 4) 			
	• Auto or manual fan runs in the dead zone at low speed during cooling only			
	 Auto or manual fan runs in the dead zone at low speed during cooling only (P029 = 5). 			
	(P029 = 5). During heating, the fan does not run in the dead zone.			
	(P029 = 5).			

Fan start kick (P361) When the fan starts from standstill, it starts at speed 3 for 1 second to ensure safe fan motor start by overcoming inertia and friction (selected via P361). 03-Q2 Q1 Fan start, minimum In the heating sequence, when the return water temperature exceeds 30 °C (factory setting, P366), fan operation is enabled even if the fan start delay time water temperature (P366) (P365) is not reached. The fan can be started manually. Blocking is active only in automatic mode. The thermostat checks if the water temperature is above the setpoint only before releasing the fan. If the fan runs when the water temperature is below the setpoint, the thermostat does not stop the fan. The universal input "coil temperature" (P150, P153 or P155 = 12) is required to activate this function. Fan overrun (P352) When the electric heater (2-pipe/4-pipe) is switched off, the fan overruns for 60 seconds (P352) to avoid overtemperature of the electric heater or prevent the thermal cutout from responding. A minimal DC fan speed 2 is available on electrical heater applications with DC fan control. For other applications, the fan overrun can be enabled by setting the expected running time to a max. value of 600 sec (P352) for drying the heating/cooling exchangers and reducing the risk of moisture after the system stops. The default value is 0. The fan is set to the minimal fan speed during fan overrun.

	Fan failure		
	In case of fan failure, the thermostat cannot protect the electric heater against overtemperature. For this reason, the electric heater must have a separate safety device (thermal cutout).		
Clean fan filter reminder	The "Clean fan filter reminder" function counts the fan operating hours and displays message "FIL \clubsuit " to remind users to change/clean the fan filter as soon as the threshold is reached. This does not impact thermostat, which continues to run normally. The function is set via P501 (default = Off (0)).		
Fault information	The "Clean filter reminder" is reset when the operating mode is manually set to Protection and back.		
Fan in Auto mode	In Auto mode, the default fan mode is automatic. The fan mode can be changed to Manual by pressing the FAN button. The fan returns to automatic mode after each switchover from Comfort to Economy, and vice versa.		
Fan start delay	To allow the heating/cooling coil to reach its temperature, fan start can be delayed by a time period set via P365.		

Example

Function for On/Off control outputs is listed as per the following figure:



Fan operation with combi valve PICV and a 6-port ball valve as changeover Fan control is set to enable by default (P350 = 1), if the thermostat is set with control sequence "H/C ceiling with PICV and 6-port ball valve as changeover". For this application, where the combi valve PICV controls the flow rate and the 6-port ball valve works as changeover heating / cooling, fan control can:

- Also be disabled (P350 = 0)
- Run only in heating (P350 = 2) sequence
- Run only in cooling (P350 = 3) sequence

For this application, only DC fan control is available at output Y50.

4.10 Multifunctional input, digital input

The thermostat has 3 multifunctional inputs X1, X2 and U1.

An NTC type sensor like NTC 3k, a LG-Ni1000 (AI, analog input) or a switch (DI, digital input) can be connected to the input terminals. The functionality of the inputs can be configured via P150 + P151 for X1, P153 + P154 for X2, and P155 + P156 for U1 (RDG2..KN)/X3 (RDG2..T).

KNX[·]

The current temperature or state of the inputs X1/X2 and U1 is available on the bus for monitoring purposes. (RDG2..KN)

	#	Input function	Description	Type X1/X2/U1/ X3
	0	Not used	No function	
	1	External/return air temperature	Sensor input for external room temperature sensor or return air temperature sensor to acquire the current room temperature.	AI
KNX'	2	Heating/cooling changeover	Sensor input for "Automatic heating/cooling changeover" function.	AI/DI
Heating/			A switch can also be connected rather than a sensor.	
cooling changeover			Important: Switching state configured via P151, P154, P156. See also Additional functions [\rightarrow 53].	
			Heating/cooling changeover is possible via bus. In this case, the function must not be assigned to local inputs X1, X2, U1. See also Additional functions $[\rightarrow 53]$.	
			Diagnostic value 0 ° C is displayed for closed contact, 100 ° C for open contact, if a switch is connected.	
KNX'	3	Window contact	Digital input to change over the operating mode to Protection.	DI
Window contact			If the window contact is active, user operations are ineffective and OFF is displayed.	
			Window contact is also possible via bus. In this case, do not assign the function to local inputs X1, X2 or	
			U1. See also Operating modes [\rightarrow 31].	

The parameters can be set to the following values:

	#	Input function	Description	Type X1/X2/U1/ X3
	4	Dewpoint monitor	Digital input for dewpoint sensor to detect condensation. Cooling is stopped in the event of condensation.	DI
Enable electric heater	5	Enable electric heater	Digital input to enable/disable the electric heater via remote control. Enable electric heater is also possible via bus. In this case, do not assign the function to local inputs X1, X2, U1. See also Control sequences [\rightarrow 86].	DI
Fault information	6	Fault	Digital input to signal an external fault (e.g.: dirty air filter). If the input is active, ALx is displayed and a fault is sent on the bus. See also Fault and alarms function on KNX [\rightarrow 151]. (Alarm x, with x = 1 for X1, x = 2 for X2, x = 3 for U1). Note : Fault displays have no impact on thermostat operation. They merely represent a visual signal.	DI
U1, X1, X2 (Digital)	7	Monitor input (digital) (RDG2KN)	Digital input to monitor the state of an external switch via bus	DI
U1, X1, X2 (Digital)	8	Monitor input (temperature) (RDG2KN)	Sensor input to monitor the state of an external sensor (e.g., NTC 3k) via bus.	AI
U1, X1, X2 (Temp.)	9	Supply air temperature limitation	Sensor input to acquire supply air temperature. The thermostat controls the room temperature via built-in sensor. The control output (DC 010 V) is reduced if the supply air temperature drops below the min. limit or exceeds the max. limit (P063, P064)	AI
Presence detector	10	Presence detector	Presence detector input switches the operating mode to Comfort when the room is occupied and returns to previous operating mode when the room is unoccupied. Presence detector is also possible via bus. In this case, do not assign the function to local inputs X1, X2 or U1. See also Presence detector [\rightarrow 56].	DI
	11	External temperature limit	The sensor is connected to the pipe and measures the temperature of the floor heating water. When the value exceeds the selected limit (P252), heating is stopped. See also Monitoring and limiting functions $[\rightarrow 59]$	AI
	12	Coil flow temperature	To avoid cooling flow air in the room, the sensor measures the coil water temperature and releases the fan only when the selected minimum water temperature limit is exceeded (P366). See also Fan control [→ 137]. To measure the flow temperature of the return flow delta temperature control	AI

	#	Input function	Description	Type X1/X2/U1/ X3
Hotel presence detector	13	Hotel presence detector	Hotel presence detector input switches the operating mode to Economy when the room is unoccupied and symbol $\widehat{\Box}$ is displayed (buttons are locked) and returns to previous operating mode when the room is occupied. Hotel presence detector is also possible via bus. In this case, do not assign the function to local inputs X1, X2 or U1. See also Presence detector [\rightarrow 56].	DI
	14	Coil return temperature	To save energy, the thermostat controls the valve to adjust flow speed when ΔT between flow and return temperature value is less than P061 or P062. See also Monitoring and limiting functions [\rightarrow 62].	AI

- Control action can be changed from normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) via P151, P154 or P156.
- Each input X1, X2 or U1/X3 must be configured with a different function (1...5 & 9...13). Exception: 1, 2 or 3 inputs can be configured as fault (6) or monitor input (7,8).
- X1 is factory-set to "External sensor" (1), X2 to "Not used" (0) or RDG200T & RDG260T: "H/C changeover" (2), and U1/X3 to "Window contact" (3) or RDG204KN & RDG264KN: "Not used" (0).

For more detailed information, see Application overview [\rightarrow 45].

Note

- For inputs X1, X2, or U1/X3, one physical switch can be used for up to 20 thermostats (parallel connection).
- In 4-pipe/2-stage application of RDG26..KN, U1 is fixed as DC output (YC2) and cannot be set as input.

Caution! Do not mix X1/X2 and U1/X3.

• For sensors on inputs X1, X2, or U1/X3, the maximum cable length is 80 m.

4.11 Handling system faults

Temperature out of range	If the room temperature exceeds or drops below the measuring range, i.e. above 49 °C or below 0 °C, the limiting temperatures blink, e.g., 0 °C or 49 °C. In addition, the heating output is activated if the current setpoint is not set to Off, the thermostat is in heating mode and the temperature is below 0 °C. For all other cases, no output is activated. The thermostat resumes Comfort mode as soon as the temperature is within the measuring range.
Fault "Er1, Er2, Er3, Er4, Er5" on display	 If the built-in temperature or humidity sensor fails and no external temperature sensor is connected, fault message Er1 is displayed on the thermostat. If EEPROM is damaged, fault message Er2 is displayed on the thermostat. Replace the thermostat to measure the room temperature. If the external / remote temperature sensor fails and no external sensor is connected, if input X1/X2/U1 (RDG2KN)/X3 (RDG2T) is configured as AI

displayed on the thermostat. Check related sensor input terminals.				
Fault	Thermostat		Fault information on bus	
	Display	Error code	Default fault text	
Built-in sensor fails and no external sensor is connected	Er1			
EEPROM is damaged	Er2			
External / remote sensor error	Er3	101	[N.X1] sensor error	
External / remote sensor error	Er4	102	[N.X2] sensor error	
External / remote sensor error	Er5	103	[N.U1]/[N.X3] sensor error	
Internal CO ₂ sensor error	Er6			



For fault status messages on the bus, see Fault and alarms function on KNX [\rightarrow 151].

except room temp external sensor/return (AI), fault message Er3, Er4 or Er5 is

4.12 KNX communications (RDG2..KN)

RDG2..KN thermostats support communications as per KNX specifications.

S-Mode	Standard mode; engineering via group addresses.
LTE-Mode	Logical Tag Extended mode, for easy engineering, is used together with Synco and ABT Site.
PL-Link	Logical tag extended mode for easy engineering, is used together with Desigo PXC4/5/7

4.12.1 S-Mode

This mode corresponds to KNX communications.

Connections are established via ETS by assigning communication objects to group addresses.

4.12.2 M/S, Manager/subordinate configuration in KNX S-Mode

Manager and subordinate can be bound via parameters or communication objects in S-Mode.

Setting manager or subordinate

1 2

Open the project in ETS and select a device.

Click the Parameters tab and set parameter P258 as Manager or Subordinate.

0.2.3 RDG204KN Room Thermostat > Basic Configuration

Basic Configuration	[DIP] Plant type	2-pipe / 2 stage	•
Device	[P001] Control sequence	Cooling only	•
Room Operating Mode	[P258] Manager / Subordinate (M/S)	Subordinate O Manager	
Room Temperature and Setpoi	[P450] Control strategy	Temp. (T) + Air quality (IAQ)	•
Controller			
Alarm			
Inputs			
Outputs			
Fan			

3

If a thermostat is set as subordinate, parameter P259 value needs to be set accordingly.

0.2.248 RDG204KN Room Thermostat > Basic Configuration				
Basic Configuration	[DIP] Plant type	2-pipe / 2 stage	•	
Device	[P001] Control sequence	Cooling only	.	
Room Operating Mode	[P258] Manager / Subordinate (M/S)	Subordinate Manager		
Room Temperature and Setpoi	[P259] Subordinate identification	1	•	
Controller	[P450] Control strategy	 Temperature (T) Temp. (T) + Air quality (IAQ) 		
Alarm				
Inputs				
Outputs				
Fan				

Note

The following two $\ensuremath{\text{M/S}}$ - manager/subordinate binding options are alternatives. They cannot be used together.

M/S - manager/subordinate binding via P901 & P902

4

- Manager and subordinate binding is set using parameters P901 and P902.
- Binding setting on manager

RDG204KN Room Thermostat > Device				
Basic Configuration	[P002] Operation via room operating mode selector	Auto - Protection 👻		
Device	[P003] Operation via fan operating selector	Auto - Manual 🔻		
Room Operating Mode	[P004] Unit	Degrees Celsius Degrees Fahrenheit		
Room Temperature and Setp	[P005] Scheduler	Disabled Enabled		
Room Indoor Air Quality	[P008] Standard display	Room temperature Setpoint		
Controller	[P009] Additional display information	v		
Alarm	[P017] Summer time	Europe 🔻		
	[P028] Keypad	Unlocked 🔹		
Inputs	[P030] Buzzer function	Oisabled O Enabled		
Outputs	[P031] Language	German		
Fan	[P500] NFC	Disabled Disabled		
	[P502] Password	Disabled Enabled		
	[1 302] 1 3330010			
	[P503] Password	0 *		
	[P901] Geographical zone (apartment)	29 🗸		
	[P902] Geographical zone (room)	1 🔹		

• Binding setting on subordinate

RDG204KN Room Thermostat > Device				
Basic Configuration	[P004] Unit	O Degrees Celsius O Degrees Fahrenheit		
Device	[P008] Standard display	Room temperature Setpoint		
Room Operating Mode	[P009] Additional display information	······ •		
Room Temperature and Setpoi	[P030] Buzzer function	Disabled O Enabled		
Room Indoor Air Quality	[P031] Language	German 👻		
Controller	[P500] NFC	Disabled O Enabled		
	[P502] Password	O Disabled O Enabled		
Alarm	[P503] Password	0 *		
Inputs	[P901] Geographical zone (apartment)	29 🗸		
Outputs	[P902] Geographical zone (room)	1 •		
Fan				

M/S - manager/subordinate binding via communication objects

4

The M/S - manager/subordinate binding is set using communication objects, for object details, see Manager/subordinate communication in KNX S-Mode [\rightarrow 74].

	S-Mode objects manager			S-Mode objects subordinate				
Setpoint:	[90]	Room temp: Current cooling setpoint (send)	→	[93]	Room temp: Current cooling setpoint (receive)			
	[91]	Room temp: Current heating setpoint (send)	→	[92]	Room temp: Current heating setpoint (receive)			
	[27]	Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (send)	→	[26]	Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (receive)			
Room temperature:	[37]	Built-in room temperature value	→	[36]	External room temperature value			
Room humidity:	[77]	Built-in room relative humidity value [%r.h.]	→	[78]	External room relative humidity value [% r.h.]			
Operation mode:	[17]	Room operating mode: Status	→	[94]	Room operating mode: Status (receive)			
ChangeOverWater:	[95]	ChangeOverWater status	→	[96]	ChangeOverWater status			
Fan speed:	[97] [51]	Manual fan command value (send) FanStatus	++	[52] [50]	Fan command value FanManual			
Room air quality	[100]	Built-in room air quality value	→	[101]	External room air quality value			

• Binding setting on manager

		•	•	
25	Room temp: Comfort basic setpoint	Receive	New group addre0/3/25	2 bytes C - W - U temperature (°C) Low
■‡ 26	Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (receive)	Receive	New group addre0/3/26	2 bytes C - W - U temperature (°C) Low
27	Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (send)	Send	New group addre0/3/27	2 bytes C R - T - temperature (°C) Low
28	Room temp: Current setpoint	Send		2 bytes C R - T - temperature (°C) Low
29	Setpoint heat set (receive)	Receive	New group addre0/3/29	8 bytes C - W Temperature setpoint setting for 4 HVAC Modes Low
1	Setpoint cool set (receive)	Receive	New group addre0/3/30	8 bytes C - W Temperature setpoint setting for 4 HVAC Modes Low
1	Setpoint heat set (send)	Send		8 bytes C R - T - Temperature setpoint setting for 4 HVAC Modes Low
■‡ 32	Setpoint cool set (send)	Send		8 bytes C R - T - Temperature setpoint setting for 4 HVAC Modes Low
■‡ 33	Room temperature: Comfort setpoint rel (receive)	Receive	New group addre0/3/33	2 bytes C - W - U temperature difference (K) Low
■₹ 34	Room temperature: Comfort setpoint rel (send)	Send		2 bytes C R - T - temperature difference (K) Low
■₽ 35	Extended comfort mode status	Send		1 bit C R - T - state Low
■‡ 36	External room temperature value	Receive	New group addre0/3/36	2 bytes C - W - U temperature (°C) Low
37	Built-in room temperature value	Send	New group addre0/3/37	2 bytes C R - T - temperature (°C) Low
1	Frost alarm (0=No alarm/1=Alarm)	Send		1 bit C R - T - alarm Low
2 39	Heat alarm (0=No alarm/1=Alarm)	Send		1 bit C R - T - alarm Low

• Binding setting on subordinate

1	Number 🔺	Name	Object Function	Description	Group Addres	E Length	с	R	w	т	U	Data Type	Priority
∎7 4		Fault information	Send			6 bytes	С	R	- '	T -		alarm info	Alarm
∎₽ 5		Fault status (0=No alarm/1=Alarm)	Send			1 bit	С	R	- '	T -	-	alarm	Low
■2 6		Fault transmission (0=Disable/1=Enable)	Receive			1 bit	С	- 1	w ·	- 1	U	enable	Low
2	6	Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (receive)	Receive	New group addre	0/3/27	2 bytes	С	- 1	w -	- 1	U	temperature (°C)	Low
1 3	6	External room temperature value	Receive	New group addre	0/3/37	2 bytes	С	- '	w .	-	U	temperature (°C)	Low
∎₽ 4	0	X1: Temperature [°C]	Send			2 bytes	С	R ·	- 1	T -		temperature (°C)	Low
∎‡ 4′	1	X1: Digital (0=Off/1=On)	Send			1 bit	С	R	- '	T -	-	switch	Low
∎₹ 42	2	X2: Temperature [°C]	Send			2 bytes	С	R	- '	r -		temperature (°C)	Low

4.12.3 LTE-Mode

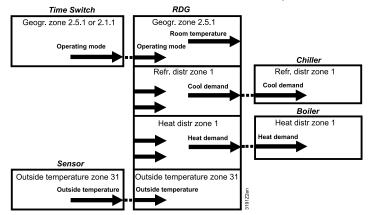
LTE-Mode was specifically designed to simplify engineering. Unlike with S-Mode, individual connections (group addresses) need not be created in the tool. The devices autonomously establish connections.

Definitions

The following circumstances are predefined:

- Every device or subdevice is located within a zone
- Every data point (input or output) is assigned to a zone
- Every data point (input or output) has a precisely defined "name"

Whenever an output and an input with the same "name" are located in the same zone, a connection is established automatically, as shown in the following diagram.



Engineering and commissioning

- For a detailed description of KNX (topology, bus supply, function and setting of LTE zones, filter tables, etc.), see "Communication via the KNX bus for Synco 700, 900 and RXB/RXL, Basic Documentation [→ 6]" [7]
- LTE-Mode data points and settings are described in the Synco Application Manual [→ 6] [14]
- To engineer and commission a specific system, use the Synco700 planning and commissioning protocol [→ 6] (XLS table in HIT, [8])

4.12.4 Zone addressing in LTE-Mode (with Synco)

Zone addresses must be allocated where RDG2..KN KNX room thermostats are used in LTE-Mode (e.g. in conjunction with Synco).

The following zone addresses must be defined together with the Synco devices at the planning stage based on application.

Short description	Factory setting	Parameter
Geographical zone (apartment)	(out of service)	P901
Geographical zone (room)	1	P902
Heat distr zone heating coil	(out of service)	P903
Refr distr zone cooling coil	(out of service)	P904
Heat distr zone heating surface	(out of service)	P905

Note

- "Subzone" of "Geographical zone" is fixed at 1 (not adjustable). The device sends and receives LTE communication signals only, if the zone address is valid (not OSV = not out of service).
- Both geographical zones P901 and P902 cannot be set to same value on two devices simultaneously.

The zones are defined as follows:

	nes ale defined as follows.
Geographical zone (space zone) (Apartment . Room . Subzone) Apartment =, 1126 Room =, 163 Subzone = fix 1	Zone where an RDG2KN KNX room thermostat is physically located. Other room-specific devices may also be located in this zone. Information exchanged in this zone is related specifically to the device like operating mode, setpoints, room temperature, etc. The designations "Apartment", "Room" and "Subzone" are not necessarily literal. E.g., Apartment can be used to refer to a group of rooms, floor or section of a building. "Room", however, really does refer to a room. Subzone is not used for HVAC devices. It is more relevant to other disciplines, such as lighting. Subzone is fixed at "1" and not displayed. The schedule information is expected from the same zone where the thermostat uses the information received from the same zone, the thermostat uses the information received from the same apartment but with room "1" A.1.1 (Office). Example: Commercial building In a commercial building, the schedule information is sent by the RMB975 central control unit. The zones are divided into so called "Room groups" (e.g., 14), where each "Room group" can have an individual schedule. A room thermostat in the same "Room group" must have the same apartment address. Key: D = Device address (P900) G = Geographical zone (P901, P902) (Apartment.Room.Subzone) D = 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Heat distribution zone heating coil	Information related specifically to the hot water system in heating coils is
Zone =, 131	exchanged within this zone. The zone also includes a Synco device to
	process the information (e.g., RMH7xx or RMU7xx with changeover).
Heat distribution zone beating	
Heat distribution zone heating	Information related specifically to the hot water system of a radiator is
surface (radiator)	exchanged within this zone (e.g., heating demand). This zone also includes
Zone =, 131	a Synco device to process the information (e.g., RMH7xx or RMB795B).
Refrigeration distribution zone	Information related specifically to the chilled water system is exchanged
cooling coil	within this zone (e.g., cooling demand). This zone also includes a Synco
Zone =, 131	device to process the information (e.g., RMU7xx).
Outside temperature zone	Outside temperature received in outside temperature zone 31 can be
Zone	displayed on the room thermostat when commissioned accordingly
	(P009 = 2).

4.12.5 M/S, Manager/subordinate configuration in LTE-Mode

- 1 In the ACS program, select **Plant** \rightarrow **Open** to open the plant.
- 2 To open the parameter settings, select **Applications** \rightarrow **Plant engineering**.

🚰 ACS Tool [RDG200&260] - [:	Start page]					
😵 Project View Applicat	tions Actions Tools Wind					
📑 📑 🔳 💷 🧯 🛃 Top	ology	🐝 😂 i 🔧 i 🖻 🖭	, i 🗕 🚳 🔫 ,			
🚽 🗞 😢 🗾 🛯 📥 Pla	nt engineering					
V. Pla	nt commissioning					
🗾 Trei	nd and Task Manager					
	transfer					
	nt operation					
		-				
	_					
New project	Project status Get sta	rted Service contact				
-						
Open project	Project:	RDG200&260			Edit project pr	operties
Recent projects	Categories:					
RDG2008260	Description:					
Test N146_3	Description:					
	Project type:	KNX (KNX bus)				
	Connections:	Communication	Device	Address	Connection type	Details
	Connections		OCI700 (KNX cable) / OCI702	Address	USB	OCI700 [V1.0]
		Disconnected	OCTYOD (NAX CABIE) / OCTYO2		030	001/00 [V1.0]
		٢				>
	Number of devices:	3				
	Not found:	0				
	Current view:	Administration				
	Startup view:	Administration				

3 Select **Plant engineering** \rightarrow **Device**, then set parameter P258 as **Manager** or **Subordinate**.

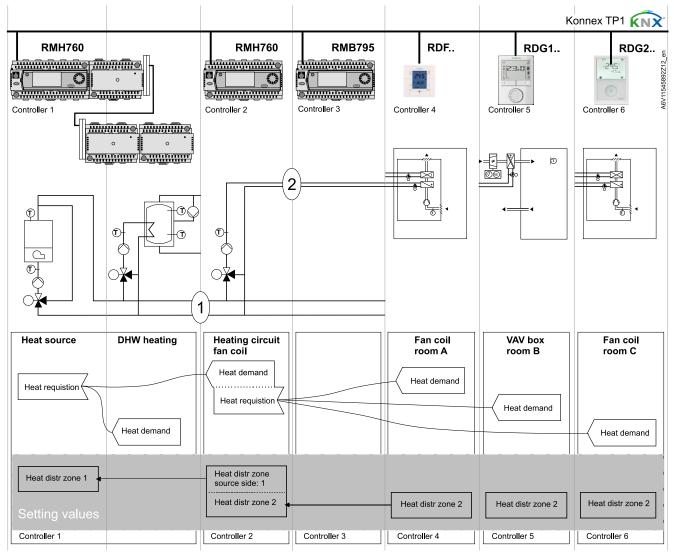
Project Edit View Applications Actions				
🜁 ڬ 💷 📖 🜌 🜌 🗶 🕮 🖬 🏧 🗙 I 🍞 🚆	🐜 😂 🔧 ∋ 3+ 🖕 🚨 🎯 🔏 🚽 🗟	😼 I 🔄 🖂 I 🏲 📮		
EE 🗐 🥒 🔂 🔂 🔛 🕰 2006 📮 📔				
Plant engineering	Device			
✓ ■	Data point	Value	Unit	Parameter
🗸 💷 🍋 Current parameter set	Manager/Subordinate	Manager		P258
 Image: Image: Ima	Scheduler	Disabled		P005
Basic configuration	Operation via room op selector	Auto - Protection		P002
Communication	Operation via fan op selector	Auto - Manual		P003
Room setpoints	🗹 🧭 Unit	Degrees Celsius		P004
Inputs	Standard display	Room temperature		P008
🔳 🖹 Controller	Sectional display information			P009
🗹 🖺 Fan control	🗹 🧭 Keypad	Unlocked		P028
Texts	🗹 🧭 Temporary Comfort mode		min	P102
> 💷 0.2.3 RDG204KN	🗹 🧭 Buzzer	Enabled		P030
> 💷 0.2.4 RDG204KN	Password	Disabled		P502
	Password	0		P503
	🗹 🧭 Language	English		P031
	✓ ØNFC	Enabled		P500
	🗹 🧭 Summer time	Europe		P017
	C O Energy indicator	Green and Red dimmed out		P110
	C C Energy indicator	Green and Red dimmed out		P110

4 If the device is set as **Subordinate**, parameter P259 value needs to be set accordingly.

		🍕 : 🔮 🍇 😢 । 🛄 🖂 । 🎦 :	
: 💷 🥒 🖬 🖓 🔛 💭 🚥 📮			
Plant engineering	Device		
~ 🗏 📩 RDG264_204	Data point	Value	Unit Param
✓ ■ A Current parameter set	Manager/Subordinate	Subordinate	P258
✓ ■■ 0.2.247 RDG264KN	Subordinate Identificat	tion 1	P259
🗹 🖺 Basic configuration	🗹 🧭 Unit	Degrees Celsius	P004
Communication	Standard display	Room temperature	P008
🔳 🛓 Device			
🗹 🖹 Room setpoints	Additional display info		P009
🗹 🗎 Inputs	🗹 🧭 Buzzer	Enabled	P030
🔳 🖹 Controller	🗹 🧭 Password	Disabled	P502
🗹 🖺 Fan control	Password	0	P503
🗹 🖺 Texts	🗹 🏈 Language	English	P031
> 🗉 🎟 0.2.3 RDG204KN	Ø MFC	Enabled	P500
> 🗉 🎟 0.2.4 RDG204KN		Lindbled	-500
Select Applications →	Plant operation → Setti	ings → Communication, then	set parameters P901
P902.	: 🖬 🔁 🔨 📑 II 📑 🍇 🔘 🔫 🍙 🖗 🛛		
Plant operation	Communication		
✓ m RDG264_204	Data point	Value	Unit
✓ ■ Manager	Geographical zone (apartment)	29	P90
Standard diagram	Geographical zone (room)	1	P90
Y Standard popcard	Geographical zone (room)		P90
E Controller	Refrig distr zone cooling coil		P90
Room operating mode	G Transformation Precomfort	Economy	P91
 Room setpoints Inputs 		conony	
Faults			
✓ ■ Settings			
Basic configuration			
Communication			
Device			
Room settings			
Inputs Controller			
Fan control			
Texts			
Device information			
> 🛄 Subordinate			
	9		
Plant operation	Communication		
~ m RDG264_204	Data point	Value	Unit
Manager Subordinate_1	Geographical zone (apartment)	29	P90
 Subordinate_1 Subordinate_2 	Geographical zone (room)	1	P90
Standard diagram	G Heat distr zone heating coil		P90
Standard popcard	G Transformation Precomfort	Economy	P91
Controller			
Room operating mode			
 Room setpoints Inputs 			
E Faults			
10010			
Settings			
 Settings Basic configuration 			
Basic configuration Communication			
 Basic configuration Communication Device 			
 Basic configuration Communication Device Room settings 			
Basic configuration Boromunication Device Room settings Inputs			
Basic configuration Communication Device Room settings Inputs Controller			
Basic configuration Boromunication Device Room settings Inputs			

4.12.6 Example of heating and cooling demand zones

The building is equipped with Synco controls on the generation side and RDF../RDU../RDG.. room thermostats on the room side.



Explanation relating to the illustration

In the case of a typical application, the individual RDF../RDG.. room thermostats send their heat demand to the primary controller (in the above example to the RMH760).

(1) and (2) designate the numbers of the distribution zone.

Notes

- This type of application can also be applied to refrigeration distribution zones.
- If no 2-pipe fan coil unit is used, heat and refrigeration demand signals are sent simultaneously to the primary plant.

4.12.7 Send heartbeat and receive timeout

In a KNX network, S-Mode and LTE-Mode communication objects can be exchanged between individual devices. The "Receive timeout "defines the period of time within which all the communication objects requested from a device is received at least once. If a communication object is not received within this period, a predefined value is used.

Similarly, the "Send heartbeat" defines the period of time within which all the communication objects requested must be transmitted at least once.

LTE-Mode/S-Mode Fixed times are specified as follows:

- Receive timeout: 31 minutes
- Send heartbeat: 15 minutes

Object [KNX obj. no.]	I/O	Minutes	Default value
Room operating mode: Time switch [13] *	Receive	31	Comfort
Application mode [48]	Receive	31	Auto
Heating/Cooling mode status [46] *	Receive	31	Heating

* RDG2.. recognizes whether the devices have the heartbeat function. If yes, the two communication objects are set to the predefined object for a timeout. Otherwise, it retains the original value (COV) that RDG2.. receives for a timeout.

Reducing the bus load Individual zones can also be disabled (out of service) via control parameter if they are not being used. In disabled zones, the LTE signal no longer sends periodically and therefore reduces bus load.

4.12.8 Startup

Startup responseThe application is restarted after every reset, so that all the connected motorized
valve actuators are synchronized (see Control outputs [\rightarrow 124]).

Startup delayAfter a reset, it takes up to 5 minutes for all the connected room thermostats to
restart. This is designed to avoid overloading the mains power supply when
restarting. At the same time, it reduces the load on the KNX network, as not all
thermostats transmit data at the same time. The delay (TwaitDevice) is determined by
the thermostat's device address. The device starts to send after the delay.

4.12.9 Heating and cooling demand

Heating output primary Heating output secondary Cooling output primary Cooling output secondary Together with Synco, the heating and/or cooling demand from each room is transmitted to the BACS to provide the required heating or cooling energy. An example for LTE-Mode is described in Example of heating and cooling demand zones [\rightarrow 149].

In S-Mode, the current state signals of the control outputs are available.

4.12.10 Fault and alarms function on KNX

A fault is sent on the bus in the event of a fault occur (for example, digital fault input, Dewpoint, communication configuration, etc.).

An RDG2..KN room thermostat monitors the bus and sends its fault, if the fault has the highest alarm priority. This ensures that the management station does not miss any alarms.

The alarm with the highest priority is displayed first and sent over the bus if alarms occur at the same time.



Fault transmission is different in LTE-Mode and S-Mode:

S-Mode	LTE-Mode		
Fault state	Alarm info (error code + internal information)		
Fault information (internal information)	Alarm text (default text can be edited with ACS tool)		

The table below shows the error code and default alarm texts.

Priorities	Fault	Thermostat	Fault information on bus		
		Display	Error code	Default fault text	Text adjustable
-	No fault		0	No fault	\checkmark
1	Bus power supply ²⁾	A BUS	5000	No bus power supply	
2	Device address error	🐥 Addr	6001	>1 id device address	
3	Condensation		4930	Condensati on in the room	\checkmark
4	External fault input X1	🐥 AL1	9001	Fault input 1	\checkmark
5	External fault input X2	AL2	9002	Fault input 2	\checkmark
6	External fault input U1	AL3	9003	Fault input 3	\checkmark

Priorities	Fault	Thermostat	Fault information on bus		
		Display	Error code	Default fault text	Text adjustable
7	Clean filter reminder	FiL	3911	Dirty filter	\checkmark
8	Room sensor error	Er1	60	Room sensor error	\checkmark
9	Internal error	Er2	1800	Internal error	\checkmark
10	Sensor error input X1	Er3	101	[N.X1] sensor error	\checkmark
11	Sensor error input X2	Er4	102	[N.X2] sensor error	\checkmark
12	Sensor error input X3	Er5	103	[N.X3] sensor error	\checkmark
13	Air quality sensor error	Er6	87	Air quality sensor error	\checkmark

¹⁾ Default alarm texts are stored in the thermostat's non-volatile memory and can be adjusted using the ACS commissioning tool.

²⁾ This error is not sent over the bus (because there is no bus, not enough bus power supply, bus is overloaded or bus signal is distorted).

Priority of alarms



• Priority order is #1...7

• External faults #4...6: If faults are active, the display shows **AL1**, **AL2**, **AL3**, alternating. Only the fault with the highest priority is sent over the bus.

A supervisor alarm system may command the thermostat to stop sending faults to the bus via the communication object "Fault transmission" (disable/enable). This has no impact on the local display of faults.

After a timeout of 48 hours, the sending of faults is automatically enabled again.

4.12.11 PL-Link integration in PXC 4, 5 and 7

	Communication between PXC4, PXC5, and PXC7 automation stations and field devices with KNX PL-Link has been optimized to provide plug-and-play functionality offering automatic device recognition, device connection, and device configuration.
	All communicating RDG2 thermostats with the following FW versions support PL- Link integration into PXC4 / 5 / 7.
	 RDG200KN: FW Version ≥V5.6 RDG260KN FW Version ≥V5.6 RDG204KN: FW Version ≥V7.4 RDG264KN FW Version ≥V7.4
System characteristics	Desigo topology, see Integration via KNX bus [\rightarrow 20]
	 With an external KNX power supply, the system runs in max. 64 KNX PL-Link nodes per KNX network and automation station.
RDG commissioning and integration	Commission and configure KNX PL-Link RDGs by using the Desigo standard tool ABT Site. For commissioning and service support, use ABT Go.
	Follow the instructions and indications as described in the Desigo documentation A6V13054432 and A6V13054435 for integration.
	Important for commissioning:
	 Before commissioning, all RDG DIP switches must be set to Off. RDG commissioning mobile app PCT Go cannot be used for settings. Local parameter setting on RDG HMI is not allowed. Set thermostat in programming mode (press left and right buttons simultaneously for 6 seconds) to assign with ABT Go
Assign KNX address	With PL-Link integration into PXC4, 5 and 7, the KNX address is assigned and set automatically via system.
KNX PL-Link test mode (on RDG)	KNX PL-Link test mode helps check the PL-Link connection of the thermostat. Press both the left and middle buttons simultaneously to activate PL-Link test mode, indicated by TEST on the display.
	Press button ✓ to activate a new test: If the PXC is connected, OK is displayed; if not, FAIL . Press button ⊃ (Esc) to exit.
ABT Site terminology	Desigo uses a slightly different terminology than Synco RDG and mobile app PCT Go. Major deviations pertain to configuration of multifunctional inputs (parameters P151, P153 and P155). The parameter table in the Expert level parameters with diagnostics and test $[\rightarrow 167]$ shows the terminology for Desigo and Synco to set multifunctional inputs.

Restrictions		initial PL-link integration does not support all RDG features, some of these will provided as part of future upgrades.
	1)	 Manager / Subordinate (M/S) on all RDG2KN M/S function is not supported by geographical zone. Use mapping functions in ABT Site programming instead of coordinating multiple RDGs.
	2)	 On RDG260KN (FW V5.6), hydraulic balancing on 6-port PICV application Setting parameters P260, P261 via ABT Site is not available. Solution: a) Update RDG260KN to FW version ≥ V5.7 or b) after RDG260KN FW V5.6 is commissioned via ABT Site, set up the hydraulic balancing parameters P260, P261 on the RDG260 locally via mobile app PCT Go. Note that after a device reset (P506) on the RDG or after uploading changes from ABT project, P260 and P261 need to be readjusted accordingly.

4.13 Communication objects (RDG2..KN)

4.13.1 Overview



Object No. and name		Thormostot		Object No. and name
Object No. and name		Thermostat RDG		Object No. and name
	-	RDG		
1 System time 2 Date	-	4 }	-	4 Fault information 5 Fault status (0 = No alarm / 1 = Alarm)
2 Date 3 Time of day	-	4 }	-	5 Fault status ($0 = No alarm / T = Alarm)$
S Time of day	,	1 1	+	8 Room operating mode: Preselection
6 Fault transmission (0 = Disable / 1 = Enable)	-	1 1	,	8 Room operating mode. Preselection
94 Room operating mode: Status (receive)	÷	1 1	-	17 Room operating mode: Status
7 Room operating mode: Preselection (receive)	÷	1 1	,	Tr Room operating mode. Status
	÷	1 1	-	18 Room operating mode: Comfort status
9 Room operating mode: Preselection Auto	-	4 }		19 Room operating mode: Economy status
10 Room operating mode: Preselection Comfort	-	4 }		20 Room operating mode: Economy status
11 Room operating mode: Preselection Economy	-	4 4	-	20 Room operating mode: Protection status
12 Room operating mode: Preselection Protection		4 4		
13 Room operating mode: Time switch		4 4		27 Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (send)
14 Room operating mode: Time switch Comfort	1	1		28 Room temp: Current setpoint
15 Room operating mode: Time switch Economy	1			31 Setpoint heat set (send)
16 Room operating mode: Time switch Protection	1	1 1		32 Setpoint cool set (send)
				34 Room temperature: Comfort setpoint rel (send)
21 Room temp: [P19] Economy heating setpoint	1	1 1		35 Extended comfort mode status
22 Room temp: [P20] Economy cooling setpoint	1	1 1		37 Built-in room temperature value
23 Room operating mode: Window contact (0 = Close / 1 = Open)	1			38 Frost alarm (0 = No alarm / 1 = Alarm)
24 Room operating mode: Presence detector (0 = NotOccupied / 1 = Occupied)	1		1	39 Heat alarm (0 = No alarm / 1 = Alarm)
25 Room temp: Comfort basic setpoint	Ť	j ľ	-	40 X1: Temperature [°C]
26 Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (receive)	+	1 1		41 X1: Digital (0 = Off /1 = On)
		1 1		42 X2: Temperature [°C]
29 Setpoint heat set (receive)	-	1 1		43 X2: Digital (0 = Off $/1$ = On)
30 Setpoint cool set (receive)	-	1 1		44 U1: Temperature [°C]
33 Room temperature: Comfort setpoint rel (receive)	-	1 1		45 U1: Digital (0 = Off /1 = On)
		1 1		
36 External room temperature value	-	1 1	+	47 Heating/Cooling mode status (1 = Heating / 0 = Cooling) (send)
	,	1 1	· ·	
46 Heating/Cooling mode status (1 = Heating / 0 = Cooling) (receive)	-	1 1	+	51 Fan operation (0 = Auto / 1 = Manual)
to heating/cooling mode status (1 = heating / 0 = cooling) (receive)	,	1 1	,	51 Fall Operation (0 = Auto / 1 = Manual)
	-	4 }		53 Fan output
48 Application mode	-	4 }		
49 Dew point alarm (0 = No alarm / 1 = Alarm)	-	4 4		57 Fan speed 1 (0 = Off / 1 = On)
50 Enable fan command value (0 = Disable / 1 = Enable)	-	4 4		58 Fan speed 2 (0 = Off / 1 = On)
	_	1 1	-	59 Fan speed 3 (0 = Off / 1 = On)
52 Fan command value	1		_	
	_	1 1		61 Heating, control value continuous
54 Fan speed 1 (0 = Off / 1 = On)	1	1 1		62 Heating, control value continuous, seq 2
55 Fan speed 2 (0 = Off / 1 = On)	1			63 Cooling, control value continuous
56 Fan speed 3 (0 = Off / 1 = On)	1			64 Cooling, control value continuous, seq 2
60 Outside temperature	t	1 1		65 Heating, control value status (0 = Inactive / 1 = Active)
				66 Heating, control value status seq 2 (0 = Inactive / 1 = Active)
76 Enable electric heater (0 = Disable / 1 = Enable)	1] [67 Cooling, control value status (0 = Inactive / 1 = Active)
			+	68 Cooling, control value status seq 2 (0 = Inactive / 1 = Active)
78 External room relative humidity value [% r.h.]	1	1 [1	69 Heating or cooling, control value status (0 = Inactive / 1 = Active)
79 Room rel. humidity: Setpoint high] [70 Heating or cooling, control value status seq2
	-		⇒	(0 = Inactive / 1 = Active)
106 Room rel. humidity setpoint high Eco	1	1 [
80 Room rel. humidity: Setpoint low	+	1 1	1	71 Heating or cooling, control value continuous
81 Reset the Energy efficiency status (Green leaf) (0 = No action / 1 = Reset)	+	1 1		72 Heating or cooling, control value continuous seq 2
83 Enable or disable Leaf indication (0 = Disable / 1 = Enable)	-	1 1		73 Control dehumidification (0 = Inactive / 1 = Active)
84 Keypad: Lock fan speed	-	1 1		74 Control humidification (0 = Inactive / 1 = Active)
85 Keypad: Lock fan speed in "auto" mode	-	1 1		75 Hum. Control mode (inactive/hum/dehum)
86 Keypad: Lock the setpoint shift	i 🔺	1 1	<u>ا</u>	
87 Keypad: Lock the operating mode	-	1 1	+	77 Built-in room relative humidity value [%r.h.]
or Reypau. Lock the operating mode	,	1 1	,	
	-		-	82 Energy efficiency status / Green Leaf (0 = Green / 1 = Red)
			-7	oz Energy eniciency status / Green Lear (U = Green / 1 = Red)
				90 Poom operating mode: Window contact (0, Object (4, Object)
				89 Room operating mode: Window contact (0=Close/1=Open)
	1			88 Room operating mode: Presence detector
				(0=NotOccupied/1=Occupied)
92 Room temp: Current heating setpoint (receive)	-	1 I		91 Room temp: Current heating setpoint (send)
93 Room temp: Current cooling setpoint (receive)	-	1 I		90 Room temp: Current cooling setpoint (send)
96 ChangeOverWater status (1=Heating/0=Cooling) (receive)	1			95 ChangeOverWater status (1=Heating/0=Cooling) (send)
	<u> </u>		-	97 Manual fan command value (send)
98 DC fan speed: [P359] Maximum speed heating	-			
99 DC fan speed: [P360] Maximum speed cooling	1] [
101 External room air quality value	1] [
		j i	-	100 Built-in room air quality value
	E	j ľ	-	102 DC damper demand
		1 1	-	103 On/Off damper demand
104 PICV heating maximal position [P260]	+	1 1		
		1 1		
105 PICV cooling maximal position [P261]	-			
	+			
107 Room air quality: Setpoint [ppm] [P023]				
107 Room air quality: Setpoint [ppm] [P023] 108 Minimum damper position [%] [P455]	-			
107 Room air quality: Setpoint [ppm] [P023]	† †			Output communication object

4.13.2 Description of communication objects

Obj 1				
1	Object name	Function	Type/ length	Flags
	System time	Time and date	19.001 8 bytes	CWU
Syste	m time for display on	the room thermosta	at. See P00)9 (3 or 4)
2	Date	Date	11.001 3 bytes	CWU
	nonth and year for di (3 or 4)	splay on the room tl	hermostat.	See
3	Time of day	Time of day	10.001 3 bytes	CWU
	er object for receiving ostat. See P009 (3 or		display on	the room
4	Fault information	Alarm Info	219.001 6 bytes	CRT
Comm transn	non alarm output. If a nitted.	n alarm occurs, the	alarm num	nber is
5	Fault status	Alarm	1.005 1 bit	CRT
Comm	non alarm output. If a	n alarm occurs, the	alarm flag	is set.
6	Fault transmission	Disable Enable	1.003 1 bit	CWU
	ervisory alarm systen s sent by the devices	. This has no impac	t on the loo	cal
displa	y of alarms. After a til omatically enabled ag		ule seliulių	g of faults
displa			20.102 1 byte	CWU
displa is auto 7 Contro	Room operating mode: Preselection	ain. Auto Comfort PreComf. Economy Protection	20.102 1 byte	CWU
displa is auto 7 Contro (Mana The co object opera Note :	Room operating mode: Preselection (receive) Dis the room operating ager) via bus. command can also be s (912). The last int ting mode button or v The thermostat will the	ain. Auto Comfort PreComf. Economy Protection g mode selection of submitted as four 1 teraction wins – eith ia bus. ransform Pre-Comfo	20.102 1 byte the thermo- bit commo- ber from loc	CWU ostat unication cal
displa is auto 7 Contro (Mana The co object opera Note :	Room operating mode: Preselection (receive) bls the room operating ager) via bus. ommand can also be s (912). The last int ting mode button or v	ain. Auto Comfort PreComf. Economy Protection g mode selection of submitted as four 1 teraction wins – eith ia bus. ransform Pre-Comfo	20.102 1 byte the thermo- bit commo- ber from loc	CWU ostat unication cal

operating mode button or via bus.

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/ length	Flags
9 10 11 12	Room operating mode: Preselection - Auto - Comfort - Economy - Protection	Trigger	1.017 1 bit	CW
Econo	n room operating moc omy or Protection. st interaction wins – (-		
button 13	Room operating mode: Time switch	Comfort PreComf. Economy Protection	20.102 1 byte	CWU
and de The co comm Protec Note :	nformation is provided afines the actual HVA command can also be unication objects (14 ction has the highest p The thermostat trans nfort (selectable via F	C operating mode of submitted via three 16). priority and cannot h forms Pre-Comfort	of manager 1-bit pe overridd	len.
14 15 16	Room operating mode: Time switch - Comfort - Economy - Protection	Trigger	1.017 1 bit	CW
	n the HVAC mode to e of manager.	either Comfort, Eco	nomy or Pr	otection
17	Room operating mode: Status	Comfort Economy Protection	20.102 1 byte	CRT
(consi state i	room operating mod dering time switch, us nformation is availabl nmunication objects (ser selection, windo e via one 8-bit enur	w contact,	etc.) This
18 19 20	Room operating mode: - Comfort status - Economy status - Protection status	ON OFF	1.011 1 bit	CRT
Corres	sponding communica	tion object of manag	ger sends '	'True".

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/ length	Flags
21	Room temp: [P19]	Temperature	9.001	CW
	Economy heating setpoint		2 bytes	
Comm	nunication object adju	sts the Economy he	ating sets	oint used
	thermostat (Manage			
]). It directly changes			
	omy heating setpoint		•	
The ra	ange is (0), 5 °C…l	P020 (or max. 40 °0	C).	
	le object needs to be			
	erature: Economy Se			
	conomy heating setpe the EEPROM depend			
	his communication of		write cyci	es. inevei
22	Room temp: [P20]		9.001	CW
	Economy cooling	remperature	2 bytes	0
	setpoint		,	
Comm	nunication object adju	sts the Economy co	oling setp	oint used
	thermostat (Manage			
	 It directly changes 		al parame	ter
	omy cooling setpoint"			
	ange is (0), P019 (i de object needs to be		Bacm	
	erature: Economy Se	, ,		FTS
	conomy cooling setpo			
	the EEPROM depend			
	his communication of			
23	Room operating	Open	1.019	CWU
	mode: Window	Closed	1 bit	
	contact			
	DG2KN operating m			
	"1" (open) is received for value "0" (closed)			
	(switch and has the s			
	U1 (P150, P153 or P			
	a local input X1/X2/U			
24	Room operating	Occupied	1.018	CWU
	mode: Presence	Unoccupied	1 bit	
	detector			
	ard presence: The the			
	if value "1" (occupied			
previo	us operating mode w ence detector" is sent	hen the value is "0"	(unoccupi	ed).
	presence detector fun			
•	P155).		(paramete	511150,
	one input source must	t be used, either loc	al input X1	/X2/U1
-	X bus.	·	•	
25	Room temp:	Temperature	9.001	CWU
	Comfort basic		2 bytes	
	setpoint			
	tion "Temporary com			
	ting mode of manage			
	by the user and via c			
	the thermostat is rese ange is 540 °C.	a to the Comfort ba	sic setpoin	ι.
	Setpoints that have b	een changed via th	e local HM	ll may be
	ritten during a system	•		
overw		i stattup itum a uen	liai manac	lei
	ller, e.g., RMB795B.	i startup nom a cen	liai manag	lei

The Comfort basic setpoint is stored in EEPROM (see Setting and adjusting setpoints [\rightarrow 42]). The service life of the EEPROM depends on the number of write cycles. Never write this communication object cyclically.

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/ length	Flags
26	Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (receive)	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CWU
thermo setpoi thermo	nunication object shift ostat (Manager) receints $[\rightarrow 42]$). The prior ostat. The last selected angle is 540 °C.	ved via bus (see Se ity is same as local	etting and a setpoint s	adjusting
	The Comfort basic se	etnoint (object 25) w	/ill not be c	hanged
27	Room temp: Comfort setpoint abs (send)	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CRT
	the current Comfort KN (Manager) (see]).			
28	Room temp: Current setpoint	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CRT
	nt setpoint, including sostat (Manager) for te		, etc., used	d by the
29 30	Setpoint heat set (receive) cool set (receive)	Temperature setpoint setting for 4 HVAC modes	275.100 8 bytes	CW
Deper heatin accord	is 540 °C.) nding on selected app g / only cooling / hea dingly. ng setpoint value mus Setpoint heat set (send) cool set (send)	ting and cooling will	be stored	,
Send	a set of cool / heat se	modes topints used in the	device for	all modes
of mar Deper heatin accord	nager. (Comfort, Ecor nding on selected app g / only cooling / hea dingly.	nomy and Protection blication, the relevar ting and cooling will	n) ht setpoint be sent	of only
33	Room temperature: Comfort setpoint rel (receive)	Temperature	9.002 2 bytes	CWU
thermo [→ 42 thermo The ra	nunication object shift ostat (Manager) (see]). The priority is sam ostat. The last selecte ange is -3 K+3 K. The Comfort basic se	Setting and adjusting e as local setpoint s ed option is always	ng setpoint shift on the used.	is
34	Room temperature: Comfort setpoint rel (send)	Temperature	9.002 2 bytes	CRT
RDG2 [→ 42	the current Comfort KN (Manager) (see]).			
Note:	ange is -3 K…+3 K. The Comfort basic se bject works only when			hanged.

4

Functions

Communication objects (RDG2..KN)

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/ length	Flags
35	Extended comfort mode status	ON OFF	1.011 1 bit	CRT
Indica	tes the status of Com	fort mode extension	n of manag	ger.
36	External room temperature value	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CWU
	nermostat receives ar In external sensor.	nd works with the ro	om temper	ature
37	Built-in room temperature value	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CRT
	alue of the room temp al sensor is available		via built-in	sensor or
38	Frost alarm	No alarm Alarm	1.005 1 bit	CRT
Sends setting	an alarm if the room	temperature is belo	ow the fros	t alarm
39	Heat alarm	No alarm Alarm	1.005 1 bit	CRT
Sends setting	an alarm if the room g.	temperature is abo	ve the hea	ıt alarm
40 42 44	X1: Temperature X2: Temperature U1: Temperature	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CRT
	te the values of the ten nputs X1/X2/U1	emperature sensors	connected	d to the
41 43 45	X1: Digital X2: Digital U1: Digital	OFF ON	1.001 1 bit	CRT
	te the status of the di P154/P156) including			on
46	Heating/Cooling changeover (receive)	Heating: 1 Cooling: 0	1.100 1 bit	CWU
Chang	geover information re-	ceived via bus.		
	It: Current mode befo	•		
X1/X2	ame function is also a /U1 (P150, P153, P1	55).		·
Only o KNX b	one input source mus	t be used, either loc	al input X1	/X2/U1or
47	Heating/Cooling mode status (send)	Heating: 1 Cooling: 0	1.100 1 bit	CRT
Sends	the current heating of	or cooling mode of t	he thermo	etat

Sends the current heating or cooling mode of the thermostat.

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/ length	Flags
48	Application mode	HVAC control mode	20.105 1 byte	CWU
0	Auto (default)	Heating and/or cod	oling	
1	Heat	Heating only		
2	Morning warmup*	Heating only		
3	Cool	Cooling only		
5	Precool*	Cooling only		
6	OFF	Neither heating no	r cooling	
8	Emergency heat*	Heating only		
9	Fan only	Fan runs at high s	peed	
* Fund	ction handled like Hea	at (1) or Cool (3)		
49	Dew point alarm	No alarm Alarm	1.005 1 bit	CWU
Indica	tes the status of dew	point operation.		
50	Enable fan command value	Enable Disable	1.003 1 bit	CWU
contro (52) w Defau	n mode to Auto (disal ol unit. If Manual, the v rill be used to comma lt: Enable ast interaction wins – o s.	value received on F nd the fan speed.	an comma	and value
51	Fan operation	Auto Manual	1.001 1 bit	CRT
Indica	tes the status of the f	an mode: Auto (0) o	or Manual ((1).
52	Fan speed value	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CWU
	an can be set to a spe manual fan operation		NX contro	l unit
	Speed	Fan command value (physical KNX value)		
	1	133 % (185)		
	2	3467 % (86170)		
	3	68100 % (171255)		
	peed "0" is not suppo I will remain unchang		tat and the	fan

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/	Flags
0.0)		T unotion	length	Tiugo
53	Fan output	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CRT
Indica	tes the current fan sp	eed as a value 01	100 %.	•
Speed DC fan outp KNX value)		DC fan output (phy KNX value)	/sical	3-speed fan
	OFF	0 % (0)		
	1	P357		33
	2	P357+1P358		66
	3	P358+1P359/P3	360	100
	For DC fan manual s 58, speed 3 is P359/P		1 is P357, :	speed 2
54 55 56	Fan speed 1 (receive) Fan speed 2 (receive) Fan speed 3 (receive)	Off On	1.001 1 bit	CWU
	an can be set to a spe manual fan operation		NX control	unit
57 58 59	Fan speed 1 (send) Fan speed 2 (send) Fan speed 3 (send)	Off On	1.001 1 bit	CRT
Indica	te the state of the rela	ay outputs.		
60	Outside temperature	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CWU
displa inform	utside temperature m yed on the thermosta aation" is set to 2 (out ange is -50+100 °C.	t, if P009 "Additiona side temperature).		i be
61	Heating, control value continuous	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CRT
stage.				
The s syster	ignal controls (via KN m)	X) the heating valve	e (e.g. for a	a 4-pipe
62	Heating, control value continuous, seq 2	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CRT
secon The s	tes the physical posit d stage. ignal controls (via KN I-pipe / 2-stage syste	X) the heating valve		
63	Cooling, control value continuous	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CRT
stage.	tes the physical posit The signal controls (ystem).			
64	Cooling, control value continuous, seq 2	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CRT
secon	tes the physical posit d stage. The signal c 2 (e.g. for a 4-pipe / 2	ontrols (via KNX) th		

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/ length	Flags
65	Heating, control value status	Inactive Active	1.011 1 bit	CRT
Indica	tes the control status	of heating actuator	of the first	stage
66	Heating, control value status seq 2	Inactive Active	1.011 1 bit	CRT
Indica stage.	tes the control status	of heating actuator	of the sec	ond
67	Cooling, control value status	Inactive Active	1.011 1 bit	CRT
Indica	tes the control status	of cooling actuator	of the first	stage.
68	Cooling, control value status seq 2	Inactive Active	1.011 1 bit	CRT
Indica stage.	tes the control status	of cooling actuator	of the seco	ond
69	Heating or cooling, control value status	Inactive Active	1.011 1 bit	CRT
Indica stage.	tes the control status	of heating/cooling a	actuator of	the first
70	Heating or cooling, control value status seq2	Inactive Active	1.011 1 bit	CRT
	tes the control status d stage.	of heating/cooling a	actuator of	the
71	Heating or cooling, control value continuous	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CRT
the fire	tes the physical posit st stage. The signal c (e.g. for a 2-pipe syst	ontrols (via KNX) th		
72	Heating or cooling, control value continuous seq 2	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CRT
the se	tes the physical posit cond stage. The sign g/cooling valve for sta n).	al controls (via KNX	() the	
73	Control dehumidification	Inactive Active	1.011 1 bit	CRT
Indica	tes the control status	of the dehumidifica	tion.	
74	Control humidification	Inactive Active	1.011 1 bit	CRT
Indica	tes the control status	of the humidificatio	n.	

Communication objects (RDG2..KN)

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/ length	Flags
75	Hum. Control mode	Inactive Humidification Dehumidification	20.115 1 byte	CRT
0 = ina		numidity control func		1
2 = de P024	umidification; relative humidification; relativ 5 = not used			
76	Enable electric heater	Enable/disable	1.003 1bit	CWU
(e.g., t The sa X1/X2 Only c	ectric heater can be d to meet tariff regulatio ame function is also a /U1 (P150, P153, P1 one input source mus	ons). available via local m 55).	ultifunctior	nal input
KNX t 77	bus. Built-in room relative humidity value [%r.h.]	I/O	9.007 2 bytes	CRT
	alue of the room hum ble on bus.	idity measured via I	ouilt-in sen	sor is
78	External room relative humidity value [%r.h.]	I/O	9.007 2 bytes	CWU
	nermostat receives ar an external sensor.	nd works with the re	lative hum	idity value
79	Room rel. humidity: Setpoint high	1	9.007 2 bytes	CWU
the the S-Moo to " as The ra The he service	hunication object adju ermostat. It changes i de object must be ena group object" in ET ange is (0), P026 (mir umidity maximum set e life of the EEPROM s. Never write this con	the value of P024. abled by setting " Hu S. n. 20 %)90 %. point is stored in Ef I depends on the nu	Imidity se EPROM. T Imber of w	tpoints" he
80	Room rel. humidity: Setpoint low	1	9.007 2 bytes	CWU
the the S-Moo to " as The ra The he life of	hunication object adju ermostat. It changes de object must be ena group object" in ET ange is (0), 20 %PC umidity minimum setp the EEPROM depend	the value of P026. abled by setting " Hu S.)24 (max. 90 %). point is stored in EE ds on the number of	imidity se PROM. Tr	tpoints" ne service
81	his communication of Reset the Energy efficiency status	No action Reset	1.017 1 bit	CWU
	(Green leaf)			
Poset	s the settings to gree			

Indicates current status of green leaf.

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/	Flage
Obj	Object name	Function	length	Flags
83	Enable or disable Leaf indication	Disable Enable	1.003 1 bit	CWU
Enabl	es or disables the lea	f (green or red) indi	cation.	
84	Keypad: Lock fan speed	Lock Unlock	1.002 1 bit	CWU
Locks	or unlocks the fan op	eration keypad in c	urrent fan	speed.
85	Keypad: Lock fan speed in "auto" mode	Lock Unlock	1.002 1 bit	CWU
Locks	or unlocks the fan op	eration keypad in "	auto" spee	d.
86	Keypad: Lock the setpoint shift	Lock Unlock	1.002 1 bit	CWU
Locks	or unlocks the setpoi	nt shift keypad.		
87	Keypad: Lock the operating mode	Lock Unlock	1.002 1 bit	CWU
Locks	or unlocks the operation	ting mode keypad.		
88	Room operating mode: Presence detector	Unoccupied Occupied	1.018 1 bit	CRT
	s of the presence moo sal inputs X1, X2 or L		m KNX bus	s or from
89	Room operating mode: Window contact	Close Open	1.019 1 bit	CRT
	ow state of the device 2 or U1.	, from KNX bus or f	rom univer	sal inputs
90	Room temp: Current cooling setpoint (send)	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CRT
the the	nunication object adju ermostat (see Setting de object needs to be nt setpoint to as gro	and adjusting setpe enabled by setting	pints $[\rightarrow 42]$	2]).
91	Room temp: Current heating setpoint (send)	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CRT
the the S-Mod	nunication object adju ermostat (see Setting de object needs to be nt setpoint to as gro	and adjusting setpe enabled by setting	pints $[\rightarrow 42]$	2]).
92	Room temp: Current heating setpoint (receive)	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CWU
receiv setpoi The ra S-Moo	nunication object adjued by the thermostat nts [→ 42]). ange is 540 °C. de object needs to be nt setpoint to as gro	from bus (see Setti enabled by setting	ng and adj	usting

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/ length	Flags
93	Room temp: Current cooling setpoint (receive)	Temperature	9.001 2 bytes	CWU
receiv setpoi The ra S-Moo	nunication object adjued by the thermostat nts [\rightarrow 42]). ange is 540 °C. de object needs to be nt setpoint to as gro	from bus (see Setti enabled by setting	ng and adj	usting
94	Room operating mode: Status (receive)	Comfort Economy Protection	20.102 1 byte	CWU
(Mana windo	room operating mod ger) from bus (consid w contact, etc.) This s umeration.	dering time switch, u	user select	
95	ChangeOverWater status (send)	Heating: 1 Cooling: 0	1.100 1 bit	CRT
Sends	the water changeover	er information.		
96	ChangeOverWater status (receive)	Heating: 1 Cooling: 0	1.100 1 bit	CWU
Water	changeover informat	ion received via bu	s.	
97	Manual fan command value (send)	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CRT
Sends	the manual fan com	mand value.		
98	DC fan speed: Maximum speed heating	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CWU
DC fa	n speed for maximum	heating output rec	eived via b	us.
99	DC fan speed: Maximum speed cooling	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CWU
DC fa	n speed for maximum	cooling output rec	eived via b	us.
100	Built-in room air quality value	Air quality	9.008 2 bytes	CRT
	oom air quality value (al sensor over the bu	· /	via built-in	sensor or

Obj	Object name	Function	Type/ length	Flags
101	External room air quality value	Air quality	9.008 2 bytes	CWU
	nermostat (Subordina ality value from an ex		orks with th	e room
102	DC damper demand	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CRT
Indica	tes the control status	of DC damper.	•	
103	On/Off damper demand	On Off	1.001 1 bit	CRT
Indica	tes the control status	of On/Off damper.	•	
104	PICV heating maximal position [P260]	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CWU
PICV	heating maximal posi	tion received via b	us.	
105	PICV cooling maximal position [P261]	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CWU
PICV	cooling maximal posi	tion received via bu	us.	
106	Room rel. humidity setpoint high Eco	1	9.007 2 bytes	CWU
Room	relative humidity hig	h setpoint in Econo	my receive	d via bus
107	Room air quality: Setpoint [ppm] [P023]	Air quality	9.008 2 bytes	CWU
Room	air quality setpoint re	eceived via bus.		
108	[P455] Minimum damper position [%] [P455]	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CWU
Minim	um damper position i	received via bus.		
109	[P457] Maximum damper position [%] [P457]	0100 %	5.001 1 byte	CWU
Maxin	num damper position	received via hus		•

4.14	Communication	objects	(LTE-Mode)	(RDG2KN)
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			RDG		
			Geographical zone A.R.S		
Room operating mode: Time switch		→	(Time switch zone) X.1.1/X.Y.1		
Application mode		+			
Room operating mode: Preselection		→	Geographical zone A.R.S X.Y.1		
			,	⇔	Room temperature
				\leftrightarrow	Room air quality
				-	Supply air temperature
				-	Dew point status
Comfort setpoint		→		\leftrightarrow	Room humidity [% r.h.]
Setpoint heating	1			1 · ·	
Setpoint cooling					
TempRoomSetpSetHeat		→		+	TempRoomSetpHeatEff
TempRoomSetpSetCool		+		+	TempRoomSetpCoolEff
TempRoomSetpUserOffset		+		→	TempRoomSetpUserOffsetEff
Fan speed		→		-	FanSpeedUserEff
				→	FanSpeedSetpEff
- · · · · · ·					
Setpoint shift heating		-			
Setpoint shift cooling					
Energy efficiency request				→	Energy efficiency indication
Energy emelency request		-		7	
				⇔	Window status
				\leftrightarrow	Presence status
			Heat distr. zone	→	Heating coil energy demand
FlowTemperatureHeat		+	heating coil		
Heating/cooling changeover			Ref. distr. zone		
FlowTemperatureCool	1	→	Cooling coil	→	Cooling coil energy demand
			Heating distr. zone	┨──	
		1	Heating surface	→	Energy demand heating surface
			Broadcast	Ĺ	
Fault transmission	İ	→		→	Fault information
				-	Fault text
		1	Outside air temp. zone	1	
Outside temperature	1	→	Fixed at 31	1	
	1				
				1	

4.15 Control parameters

To optimize control performance, a number of control parameters can be readjusted on the thermostat via HMI, commissioning/operating tool, or Siemens smartphone application PCT Go. These parameters can also be set during operation without opening the unit.

Power failureIn the event of a power failure, all settings for control parameter, setpoint, operating
mode and changeover value are retained.

The control parameters are assigned to 2 levels:

- Service level, and
- Expert level, including communications, diagnostics and test

The Service level contains a small set of parameters to set up the thermostat for the HVAC system and to adjust the user interface. These parameters can be adjusted any time.

The parameters at the Expert level need careful configuration because they impact the thermostat's control performance and functionality.

4.15.1 Parameter setting via local HMI

Enter only Service level	Press both left and right buttons simultaneously for 3 seconds device beeps if the buzzer is enabled (P030). Release and within 0.54 seconds, press the right button aga displayed. Continue with step 2.	
Enter Expert level with Diagnostics and test	Press both left and right buttons simultaneously for 3 seconds device beeps if the buzzer is enabled (P030). Release and within 0.54 seconds, press the left button again temperature display disappears. Turn the rotary knob counterclockwise minimum ½ rotation. Proceeding to the continue with step 2.	n until the
Adjust parameters	Select the required parameter by turning the rotary knob. Press \checkmark (OK); the current value of the selected parameter beg can be changed by turning the rotary knob. Press \checkmark (OK) to confirm the adjusted value or press \backsim (Esc) to change.	-
	If you want to adjust additional parameters, repeat steps 24.	
	Press ڬ (Esc) to exit parameter setting mode.	
Reset parameters	e factory setting for the control parameters can be reloaded via anging the value to On. Confirm the change by pressing the righ 88 is then displayed during reloading and device restarts 4 s lat	nt button.
Note:	bassword protection (needs to be done by HVAC installer) is enaust enter the password to open parameter setting mode. If the password 5 times, the thermostat is locked and the password canninutes. Symbols \bigcirc and $\boxed{\Box}$ are displayed.	assword is

4.15.2 Setting/downloading parameter via tool (RDG2..KN)

The control parameters can be adjusted via bus either by parameter download during commissioning or during normal operation with a tool like ACS.

With the ACS tool, the parameters can be changed...

- During commissioning via parameter download (all parameters)
- During operation via Popcard (most parameters)

OZW772 Web server	Most parameters can be changed during operations using the OZW772 web server.
ETS	ETS is an engineering tool used to fully commission RDG2KN KNX room thermostats. Device address, application, and control parameters can be defined and downloaded via ETS.
ETS	Note : If users abort operation during commissioning, full commissioning cannot be restarted until the device reboots. Before rebooting, only the application can be downloaded.

Connecting a KNX tool Connecting a KNX commissioning/operating tool to the RDG2..KN is described in Commissioning.



4.15.3 Service level parameters

Parameter display depends on selected application and function. Appl means application. Parameter values are only visible when the device is set as Manager (M), Subordinate (S) or both identification (\checkmark).

	Name					s
Parameter	Service level	Factory setting	ange Xan Xa	RDG20	RDG26	Dependencies
Ра		Fa	Ř			ă
P001	Control sequence 1)	2-pipe: 1 = Cooling only 4-pipe: 4 = Heating and cooling	0 = Heating only 1 = Cooling only 2 = H/C changeover auto 3 = H/C changeover manual 4 = Heating and cooling	\checkmark	~	P002
P002 ⁴⁾	Operation via room operating mode selector ¹⁾	1	 1 = Auto - Protection / Auto - Comfort - Protection (when there is local scheduler) 2 = Auto - Comfort - Economy - Protection 3 = Auto (Comfort) - Protection Hospitality 4 = Auto - Protection (RDG2T) 	М	М	P001, P005, P258
P003 ⁴⁾	Operation via fan operating selector	0	0 = Auto - Manual 1 = Manual 2 = Auto - Manual - Protection 3 = Auto - Protection 4 = Forced ventilation (RDG2x4KN) 5 = Forced ventilation, fan auto-manual (RDG2x4KN)	М	М	P350, P258
P004	Unit	0	0 = °C (parameter in °C) 1 = °F (parameter in °F)	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
P005 ₄₎₆₎	Scheduler	RDG2KN: OFF RDG2T: ON	ON = Enabled OFF = Disabled	М	М	P002, P258
P006	Measured value correction	0 K	–55 K	\checkmark	\checkmark	_
P007	Humidity value correction (RDG2KN)	0	-100 %	√	√	-
P008	Standard display	0	0 = Room temperature 1 = Setpoint	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
P009	Additional display information RDG200KN, RDG260KN: 05 RDG204KN, RDG264KN: 09 RDG2T: 0, 1, 3, 4	0	0 = (No display) 1 = °C and °F 2 = Outside temperature 3 = Time of day (12 h) 4 = Time of day (24 h) 5 = Humidity 6 = Indoor air quality (numeric) ⁵⁾ 7 = Indoor air quality (text) ⁵⁾ 8 = Humidity and IAQ (numeric) ⁵⁾ 9 = Humidity and IAQ (text) ⁵⁾	✓	~	-
P010	Setpoint concept	1	1 = Comfort concept 2 = Energy saving concept	\checkmark	\checkmark	P104
P011 4)	Comfort basic setpoint	21 °C (70 °F)	540 °C (41104 °F)	М	М	P258
P013	Comfort setpoint minimum	5 °C (41 °F)	(P010 = 1): 5 °C (41 °F)P016-1 K (P010 = 2): 5 °C (41 °F)P014-1 K	\checkmark	\checkmark	P010
P014	Comfort setpoint maximum heating	21 °C (70 °F)	P013+1 KP015-1 K	\checkmark	\checkmark	P010
P015	Comfort setpoint minimum cooling	25 °C (77 °F)	P014+1 KP016 -1 K	\checkmark	\checkmark	P010
P016	Comfort setpoint maximum	35 °C (95 °F)	(P010 = 1): P013 +1 K40 °C (104 °F) (P010 = 2): P015 +1 K40 °C (104 °F)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P010
P017 ⁴⁾	Summer time	1	OFF 1 = Europe 2 = Australia 3 = New Zealand	М	М	P258
P019 ⁴⁾	Economy heating setpoint	15 °C (59 °F)	(0), 5 °CP020 (41 °FP020) P020 = 40 °C max. (P020 = 104 °F max.)	М	М	P258
P020 ⁴⁾	Economy cooling setpoint	30 °C (86 °F)	(0), P01940 °C (P019104 °F) P019 = 5 °C min. (P019 = 41 °F min.)	М	М	P258

	Name					S
Parameter	Service level	Factory setting	и ал и ал	RDG20	RDG26	Dependencies
P023 ⁵⁾ ₇₎	Indoor air quality setpoint (RDG2KN)	1000 ppm	102000 ppm	\checkmark	\checkmark	P450
P024 4)	Humidity setpoint high (RDG2KN)	50	(0), P026 or 2090 %	М	М	P450, P258
P025	Humidity setpoint high ECO (RDG2KN)	OFF	(0), P02690 %, or 2090 %	М	М	P258
P026 ⁴⁾	Humidity setpoint low (RDG2KN)	OFF	(0), 2090 % or P024	М	М	P450, P258
P027 ³⁾	Electric heater when cooling	ON	ON: Enabled OFF: Disabled	\checkmark	\checkmark	Appl
P028 ⁴⁾	Keypad	0	 0 = Unlocked 1 = Auto lock 2 = Manual lock 3 = Auto lock the operating mode 4 = Auto lock the Setpoint shift 5 = Auto lock fan speed 6 = Auto lock operating mode, setpoint shift 7 = Auto lock operating mode, fan speed 8 = Auto lock fan speed, setpoint shift 9 = Auto lock operating mode, scheduler 10 = Auto lock operating mode, scheduler 11 = Auto lock operating mode, scheduler 12 = Auto lock operating mode, scheduler, fan speed 13 = Auto lock scheduler, setpoint shift 14 = Auto lock operating mode, scheduler, setpoint shift 15 = Auto lock scheduler, fan speed, setpoint shift 	M	М	P258
P029	Fan: Dead zone Comfort mode ²⁾	0	 0 = Fan disable 1 = Low speed (Heating and Cooling) 2 = Low speed (Cooling only) 3 = Fan disable Auto & Manual 4 = Low speed Auto & Manual 5 = Low speed Auto & Manual Cooling 	~	~	P350
P030	Buzzer function	ON	ON = Enabled OFF = Disabled	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
P031	Language	1	1 = English 2 = Francais (French) 3 = Deutsch (German) 4 = Italiano (Italian) 5 = Espanol (Spanish) 6 = Nederlands (Dutch) 7 = Turkce (Turkish) 8 = Cesky (Czech) 9 = Suomi (Finnish) 10 = Polski (Polish) 11 = Magyar (Hungarian) 12 = Slovenski (Slovak) 13 = (Limba) Romana (Romanian) 14 = Dansk (Danish) 15 = Norsk (Norwegian)	1	1	-
P032 4)	Room operating mode holidays	0	0 = Economy 1 = Protection	М	М	P005, P258

Note:

¹⁾ P001 cannot be set to 3 if P002 is set to 3, and vice versa.

 $^{2)}$ For RDG200KN and RDG260KN: If P350 = 0, P003 is disabled. P029 is invisible.

For RDG204KN and RDG264KN: If P350 = 0, P003 is set to 4.

³⁾ Only available when application is 2-pipe with electric heater

 $^{4)}$ If P258 = 0 (Subordinate), the parameter values are not available.

 $^{\rm 5)}$ The parameters are valid for RDG204KN and RDG264KN.

⁶⁾ Time of day cannot be set via ETS, see Scheduler [\rightarrow 69].

⁷⁾ If P450 = 2...6 with IAQ control, P023 is visible.

4.15.4 Expert level parameters with diagnostics and test

Parameter display depends on selected application and function. Parameter values are only visible when the device is set as Manager (M), Subordinate (S) or both identification (\checkmark).

	Name					S	
neter	Expert level	- <u>></u> 5		RDG20	RDG26	Dependencies	
Parameter		Factory setting	Range	RD	RD	Deper	
	settings					Deed	
P050	Heat P-band Xp	2 K 1 K	0.56 K 0.56 K	\checkmark	\checkmark	P001	
P051	Switching differential heating Cool P-band Xp	1 K	0.56 K	\checkmark	\checkmark	P001	
P052	Switching differential cooling						
P053 P054	Radiator P-band Xp/switching	2 K	0.56 K				
	differential			\checkmark	\checkmark	-	
P055 ¹⁰⁾	Dead zone Comfort mode	2 K	0.55 K	М	Μ	P258	
P056	Setpoint differential	2 K	0.55 K	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	
P057 ¹⁾	Integral action time Tn for heating	45 min	0120 min	\checkmark	\checkmark	P201,	
P058 ¹⁾	Integral action time Tn for cooling					P203, P204	
P059 ²⁾	H/C changeover switching point	16 °C (61 °F)	5 °CP060-2 K (41 °FP060-2 K)	М	М	P001,	
10)	cooling					P150,	
	5					P153,	
						P155,	
						P258	
P060 ²⁾	H/C changeover switching point	28 °C (82 °F)	P059+2 K40 °C (P059+2 K104 °F)	М	Μ	P001,	
10)	heating					P150,	
						P153,	
						P155,	
D004 11)				,		P258	
P061 ¹¹⁾	Setpoint ΔT cooling		(0), 140 K	\checkmark	\checkmark	P150,	
						P153, P155	
P062 11)	Setpoint ΔT heating		(0), 140 K	\checkmark	\checkmark	P150,	
1 002	octpoint AT heating		(0); 1	v	v	P153,	
						P155	
P063	Minimum supply air temperature		, 0 °CP064 (32 °FP064)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P150,	
	······································		, (P153,	
						P155	
P064	Maximum supply air temperature		, P06350 °C (P063122 °F)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P150,	
						P153,	
						P155	
	nd setpoints					1	
	Protection heating setpoint	8 °C (46 °F)	(0), 5 °CP101; (41 °FP101)	M	Μ	P258	
P101 ¹⁰⁾	<u> </u>		(0), P10040 °C; (P100104 °F)	М	М	P258	
P102 ³⁾	Temporary Comfort mode		(0), 1360 min	Μ	М	P002,	
10)						P005, P258	
P103 ¹⁰⁾	Temporary Comfort setpoint	OFF	0 = Disabled (OFF)	М	М	P258	
1 103	Temporary Connort Selpoint	011	1 = Enabled (ON)	101	IVI	1 200	
			2 = Enabled (ON), excluded Window contact				
			3 = Enabled (ON), excluded presence detector				
			(include hotel presence)				
P104 10)	Setpoint display (RDG2KN)	1	1 = Absolute setpoints	М	М	P010	
			2 = Relative setpoints			P258	
P109 ¹³⁾			; 214 °C (3650 °F)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P450	
19)	(RDG24KN)						
P110 ¹⁰⁾	Energy indicator (RDG2KN)	1	OFF = Disabled	Μ	М	P258	
			1 = Green and Red dimmed out				
			2 = Green dimmed out / Red fixed				
			3 = Green and Red fixed		<u> </u>		
P111 10)	Energy indicator range (RDG2KN)	2 K	010 K	Μ	Μ	P258	

	Name					
-	Name				.:	Dependencies
Parameter		2		RDG20	RDG26	Ider
ram	Expert level	Factory setting	Range	RD	RD	ber
Ра		Fa	Ra			De
Inputs						
P150	Input X1	P150:1	Synco ACS / PCT Go, ETS terminology			P153:
	RDG2KN: 014	P153:	0 = (no function)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P150,
P153	RDG2T: 06 & 914	RDG2KN: 0 RDG2T: 2	1 = Room / return temperature 2 = H/C changeover $^{10)}$	√ M	√ M	P155 P155:
F 155	Input X2 RDG2KN: 014	P155:	3 = Window contact (DI)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P150,
	RDG2T: 06 & 914	RDG200KN,	4 = Dewpoint (DI)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P153
P155 20)	Input U1 (RDG200KN&RDG260KN)	RDG260KN,	5 = Enable electric heater (DI)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P258
	Input and output U1	RDG200T,	6 = Fault input (DI)	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	(RDG204KN&RDG264KN) RDG2KN: 014	RDG260T: 3 RDG204KN &	7 = Monitor input (DI) 8 = Monitor input temp. (AI)	\checkmark	\checkmark	
	Input X3 (RDG2T): 06 & 914	RDG264KN: 0	9 = Supply air temperature (AI)	\checkmark	\checkmark	
			$10 = \text{Presence detector (DI)}^{10}$	√ M	√ M	
			11 = External temperature limit (AI)	√	\checkmark	
			12 = Coil flow temperature (AI)	\checkmark	\checkmark	
			13 = Hotel presence detector / card reader (DI) 10	М	М	
			14 = Coil return temperature (AI)	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
			Desigo ABT Site terminology 0 = (no function)	\checkmark	\checkmark	
			1 = Room temperature control, external or	\checkmark	\checkmark	
			return air temperature sensor			
			2 = Heating/cooling changeover ¹⁰⁾	-	-	
			3 = Window contact	\checkmark	\checkmark	
			4 = Dewpoint sensor 5 = Electric heater, enabled	\checkmark	\checkmark	
			6 = Fault input	\checkmark	\checkmark	
			7 = Switching state input	\checkmark	\checkmark	
			8 = Temperature sensor input	\checkmark	\checkmark	
			9 = Supply air temperature	\checkmark	\checkmark	
			10 = Presence detector $^{10)}$ 11 = External temperature sensor, limitation	M √	M √	
			12 = Coil flow temperature	V	√ √	
			13 = Presence detector or card reader, hotel ¹⁰	М	М	
			14 = Coil return temperature	\checkmark	\checkmark	
P151	X1: Normal position and sensor	0 when DI or	0 = Normally Open	\checkmark	\checkmark	P151:
P154	X2: Normal position and sensor	AI/DI 2 when AI	1 = Normally Closed			P150
P156	U1 (RDG2KN): Normal position and sensor	2 when Al	2 = NTC-3K 3 = LG-Ni1000			P154: P153
	X3 (RDG2T): Normal position and					P156:
	sensor					P155
Outputs				1	1	
P200	Number of heating / cooling sequences	1	1 = Heating 2 sequences, cooling 2 sequences	\checkmark	\checkmark	d01
	Note: for 2-/4-pipe 2-stage application		2 = Heating 2 sequences, cooling 1 sequence 3 = Heating 1 sequence, cooling 2 sequences			
P201	RDG20: Output Y1 (and Y3 for 3-pos)	RDG20: 4	1 = 3-position	\checkmark	_	_
	RDG26: Output Y10 (DC) or Q1 (2-	RDG26: 5 (6	2 = On/Off (3 wires)	\checkmark	-	-
	pos)	when	3 = PWM	\checkmark	-	-
		application type is 4-pipe with 6-	4 = On/Off	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
		port ball valve)	5 = DC	-	\checkmark	-
		,	6 = 6-port valve (DC 010 V)	-	\checkmark	Appl
			7 = 6 -port valve (DC 210 V)	-	\checkmark	Appl
			8 = Inverse signal, 6-port valve (DC 100 V)	-	\checkmark	Appl
			9 = Inverse signal 6-port valve (DC 102 V) 10 = 6-port valve (DC 0 $(10 \text{ V})^{3\text{ rd}}$ part	-	\checkmark	Appl
			10 = 6-port valve (DC 0 10 V) 3 rd part 11 = 6-port valve (DC 2 10 V) 3 rd part	-	\checkmark	Appl Appl
P203	RDG20: Output Y2 (and Y4 for 3-pos)	RDG20: 4	1 = 3-position	_ √	~ _	-
	RDG26: Output Y20 (DC) or Q2 (2-	RDG26: 5	2 = On/Off (3 wires)	\checkmark	_	-
	pos)		3 = PWM	\checkmark	_	_
			4 = On/Off	√	\checkmark	-
			5 = DC	_	\checkmark	_

RDG20..

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Dependencies

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d01

d01

d01

P206:

P201 P207: P203 P208: P204 P209: P205

_ P400,

P401, P402

P214:

P201 P215: P203

P203, P204

_

P258

_

P001

P258

_

_

P258

P001 P001

_

Parameter	Expert level	Factory setting	Range
P204	RDG20: Output Y3	RDG20: 4	3 = PWM
	RDG26: Output Y30 (DC)	RDG26: 5	4 = On/Off
			5 = DC
P205	RDG20xKN: Output Y4	RDG20KN: 4	3 = PWM
	RDG26xKN: Output U1	RDG26KN: 5	4 = On/Off
	Note: for 4-pipe 2-stage application		5 = DC
P206 ⁵⁾	PWM algorithm cycle Y1	1200 s	203600 s
P207 ⁵⁾	PWM algorithm cycle Y2		
	PWM algorithm cycle Y3	-	
P209 ⁵⁾	PWM algorithm cycle Y4 (RDG2KN)		
P210 P211	On time minimum PWM output Off time minimum PWM output	5 %	120 %
P211 P212	On time minimum 2-pos output	1 min	120 min
P212 P213	Off time minimum 2-pos output		120 [[]]]
P214 ⁶⁾⁾	RDG20: Actuator running time Y1	150 s	20300 s
	and Y3 for 3-pos	1	
P215 ⁶	RDG20: Actuator running time Y2		
Date	and Y4 for 3-pos		
P217	RDG26: Power of electric heater on Q2	0 kW	0.01.2 kW
Features	Valve kick		ON = Enabled
P250	Valve kick	OFF	OFF = Disabled
P251 ⁷⁾ 10)	Purge time (every 2 hours)		(0, Not active), 15 min
P252 ⁸⁾	Flow temp limit floor heating	28 °C (82 °F)	1050 °C (50122 °F)
P254 ⁴⁾	Swap sequences between H and C (2-	OFF	ON = Enabled
• .	pipe / 2-stage)		OFF = Disabled
P255 ¹⁰⁾	Track setpoint for cooling depends on	OFF	ON = Enabled
	outside temperature (RDG2KN)		OFF = Disabled
P256	Flow limitation in heating mode for PICV (RDG264KN) Note: Available on devices only with previous SW versions	10 V	010 V
P258	Manager/subordinate (M/S)	1	0 = Subordinate
	(RDG2KN)		1 = Manager
P259 ¹²⁾	Subordinate identification (RDG2KN)	1	""
			19
P260	PICV: Heating maximal position (RDG26)	100 %	0100 %
P261	PICV: Cooling maximal position (RDG26)	100 %	0100 %
Fan cont P350	roi Fan control	1	0 = Disabled
1 330		'	1 = Enabled
			2 = Heating only
			3 = Cooling only
			$4 = 2^{nd}$ stage
			5 = Heating and 2 nd stage cooling
			6 = Cooling and 2 nd stage heating
			6 = Cooling and 2^{nd} stage heating 7 = 2^{nd} stage Cooling only 8 = 2^{nd} stage Heating only

Name

	Name					s
L.				RDG20.	.: .:	ncie
Parameter	Expert level	Factory setting	Range		RDG26.	Dependencies
P351	Fan speeds	3	1 = 1-speed fan 2 = 3-speed fan 3 = DC 010 V fan	~	1	P350, P201, P203, P204, P400, P401, P402
P352	Fan overrun time	2-pipe/4-pipe el. Heater: 60 s Other applications: 0 s	0600 s	~	~	P350
P353	Fan speed switching point low	10 %	1 %Fan speed 2 (P354)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350
P354	Fan speed switching point med	65 %	Fan speed 1 (P353)fan speed 3 (P355)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350, P351
P355	Fan speed switching point high	100 %	Fan speed 2 (P354)100 %	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350, P351
P356	DC fan switching point	DC: 10 %	DC: 1100 %	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350
P357	DC fan speed low min. output	DC: 30 %	DC: 1 %Fan speed med (P358)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350
P358	DC fan speed med output	DC: 60 %	DC: fan speed low (P357)fan speed high(lower value of P359 and P360)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350
P359 P360	DC fan speed high max. out. heat DC fan speed high max. out.cool	DC: 80 %	DC: fan speed med (P358)100 %	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350
P361	Fan start kick	ON	ON: Enabled OFF: Disabled	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350
P362	On time minimum fan	2 min	16 min	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350
P363	Periodic fan kick Comfort		189 min, (0)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350
P364	Periodic fan kick Economy		0359 min,	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350
P365	Fan start delay	0 s	0360 s	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350
P366	Fan start, minimum water temperature	30 °C	(0),560 °C	\checkmark	\checkmark	P350 Input
Relay fu	nctions					
P400 ⁹⁾ P401 ⁹⁾ P402 ²¹⁾	Output Q1 function RDG2KN: 08 RDG2T: 06 Output Q2 function RDG2KN: 08 RDG2T: 06 Output Q3 function RDG2KN: 08	0	0 = No function 1 = Switch OFF in Protection 2 = Switch ON in Heat/Cool demand 3 = Switch ON in Heat demand 4 = Switch ON in Cool demand 5 = Heating sequence active 6 = Cooling sequence active 7 = External dehumidifier control ¹⁰	< < < < << < < < <M	< < < < <M	P350, P351, P258
0	RDG2T: 06		8 = External humidifier control 10	M	M	
P450 ¹⁵⁾	er Control strategy (RDG2KN)	RDG200KN &	0 = Temperature (T)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P258
		RDG260KN: 0 RDG204KN & RDG264KN: 2	$1 = \text{Temperature (T)} + \text{Relative humidity (r.h.)}$ $2 = \text{Temperature (T)} + \text{Air quality (IAQ)}^{13}$ $3 = \text{Temperature + Humidity + Air quality}^{13}$ $4 = \text{T.+ Air quality (damper, fan)}$ $5 = \text{T + Air quality + air cooling}$ $6 = \text{T + Air quality + 2nd air cooling}$	M ✓ M M	M ✓ M M	
P451 ¹⁰⁾	Humidity control strategy (RDG2KN)	2	1 = With setpoint shift 2 = With setpoint shift + external equipment	M	M	P450, P258
P453 ¹³⁾ 16)	Indoor air quality damper (RDG2KN)	1 ¹⁴⁾	(humid / dehum) 1 = DC 010 V (U1) 2 = On/Off (normally open) 3 = On/Off (normally closed)	~	~	P450
P454 ¹³⁾	IAQ damper P-band Xp (RDG2KN)	400 ppm (CO ₂)	102000 ppm (CO ₂)	\checkmark	√	P450
P455 ¹³⁾	Minimum damper position (RDG2KN)	0 %	0P457	\checkmark	√	P450
P456 ¹³⁾	IAQ fan P-band Xp (RDG2KN)	400 ppm (CO ₂)	102000 ppm (CO ₂)	\checkmark	\checkmark	P450
P457 ¹⁶⁾	Maximum damper position	100 %	P455100 %	\checkmark	\checkmark	P450, P453

r -	

	Name					
Parameter	Expert level	Factory setting	Range	RDG20.	RDG26	
P458 ¹⁷⁾	Fan during IAQ control	ON	ON = Enabled OFF = Disabled	√	√	Ī
P461 ¹⁰⁾	T setpoint shift (humidity) (RDG2KN)	3 K	-33 K	М	М	
Side Fea	itures					
P500	NFC	ON	ON = Enabled OFF = Disabled	\checkmark	\checkmark	
P501 ¹⁰⁾	Service filter		(OFF), 1009900 h	М	М	
P502	Password	OFF	ON = Enabled OFF = Disabled	\checkmark	\checkmark	
P503	Password	000	000999	\checkmark	\checkmark	_
P505	Reset parameter setting	OFF	OFF = Disabled ON = Reload start	\checkmark	\checkmark	
P506 ¹⁸⁾	Reset device	OFF	OFF = Disabled ON = Reload start	\checkmark	\checkmark	
System						
P898	Area address (RDG2KN)	0	015	\checkmark	\checkmark	_
P899	Line address (RDG2KN)	2	015	\checkmark	\checkmark	
P900	Device address 3) (RDG2KN)	255	1255	\checkmark	\checkmark	
P901	Geographical zone (apartment) 4) (RDG2KN)		(0), 1126	\checkmark	\checkmark	
P902	Geographical zone (room) 3) (RDG2KN)	1	(0), 163	\checkmark	\checkmark	
P903	Heat distr zone heating coil (RDG2KN)		(0), 131	\checkmark	\checkmark	
P904	Refrig distr zone cooling coil (RDG2KN)]				
P905	Heat distr zone heating surface (RDG2KN)]				
P910	Transformation Precomfort	0	0 = Economy ¹⁰⁾	М	Μ	1
	(RDG2KN)	1	1 = Comfort	\checkmark	\checkmark	

Note: Appl means application.

¹⁾ When P201/P203 = 1/3/5, P204/P205 = 3/5, P057 & P058 are visible.

²⁾ When P150, P153 or P155 = 2 and P001 = 2, P059 & P060 are visible.

³⁾ For KNX version: When P002 \neq 2 and P005 \neq ON, P102 is visible.

For standalone version: When P002 = 4, P102 is visible.

⁴⁾ Only available for application 2-pipe/2-stage.

 $^{5)}$ When P201 = 3, P206 is visible; P203 = 3, P207 is visible; P204 = 3, P208 is visible; P205 = 3, P209 is visible.

⁶⁾ When P201 = 1, P214 is visible; P203 = 1, P215 is visible.

⁷⁾ When "H/C changeover" function on X1, X2, U1 is selected, P251 is visible.

⁸⁾ When "External temperature limit (AI)" on X1, X2, U1 is selected, P252 is visible.

⁹⁾ When application is 4-pipe with 6-port ball valve as changeover and PICV, P400 & P401 are invisible.

 $^{10)}$ If P258 = 0 (Subordinate), the parameter values are not visible.

¹¹⁾ Only available for applications 2-pipe, 2-pipe with electric heater and 2-pipe with radiator.

¹²⁾ If P258 = 0 (Subordinate), the parameter values are visible.

¹³⁾ The parameters are valid for RDG204KN and RDG264KN.

¹⁴⁾ For RDG264KN, the parameter factory setting is 2 for the 4-pipe/2-stage application.

 $^{15)}$ For RDG204KN and RDG264KN, values 0 and 2 are visible for P258 = 0 (Subordinate). Values 4...6 are visible for P453 = 1 (DC damper).

¹⁶⁾ When P450 = 2...6 and P453 = 1, P457 is visible.

¹⁷⁾ When P450 = 2...6, P458 is visible.

¹⁸⁾ PL-Link reset device is available only on the HMI of RDG2..0KN index E or higher and RDG2..4KN index C or higher. When P506 = On, all parameters are factory reset including the device address.

¹⁹⁾ When P450 = 2...6 with IAQ control and P350 \neq 0, P109 is visible. ²⁰⁾ When P450 = 2...6 with IAQ control and P453 = 1 (DC damper), P155 is invisible.

 $^{21)}$ When P450 = 2...6 with IAQ control, P350 = 1, P351 = 3 and P453 = 1 (DC damper), P402 is visible.

Diagnostics and test

Parameter	Name	Range	Dependencies	
	Diagnostics and test			
d01	Application number	0 = (No application)	_	
		1 = 2-pipe		
		2 = 2-pipe with electric heater		
		3 = 2-pipe with radiator		
		4 = 4-pipe		
		5 = 2-pipe / 2-stage		
		6 = 4-pipe with electric heater		
		7 = 4-pipe / 2-stage (RDG2KN)		
		8 = 4-pipe:6-port H/C		
		9 = 4-pipe:6-port CO +PICV		
		10 = 4-pipe 6wv PICV		
d02	X1 state	"" = Function not selected	-	
		0 = Not activated (for DI)		
		1 = Activated (DI)		
		049 °C = Current temp. value (for AI)		
		00 ₩ = H/C Input shorted		
		100 <u>///</u> = H/C Input open		
d03	X2 state	"" = Function not selected	-	
		0 = Not activated (for DI)		
		1 = Activated (DI)		
		049 °C = Current temp. value (for AI)		
		00 = H/C Input shorted		
		100 <u>///</u> = H/C Input open		
d04	U1 state	"" = Function not selected		
u04	01 State	0 = Not activated (for DI)	_	
		1 = Activated (DI)		
		2 = Activated (DC input)		
		3 = Activated (DC input)		
		049 °C = Current temp. value (for AI)		
		$00 \approx H/C$ Input shorted		
		100 ∭ = H/C Input open		
d05 ¹⁾	Test mode for checking the Y1/Y3	"" = No signal on outputs Y1 and Y3	-	
	actuator's running direction 5)	OPE = Output Y1 forced opening		
		CLO = Output Y3 forced closing		
d06 ¹⁾	Test mode for checking the Y2/Y4	"" = No signal on outputs Y2 and Y4	-	
	actuator's running direction 5)	OPE = Output Y2 forced opening		
		CLO = Output Y4 forced closing		
d08	Test mode for checking the Q1 output (ex	"" = no signal at output Q1	-	
	P400 function)	OPE = output Q1 forced opening		
		CLO = output Q1 forced closing		
d09	Test mode for checking the Q2 output (ex	"" = no signal at output Q2	_	
	P401 function)	OPE = output Q2 forced opening		
		CLO = output Q2 forced closing		
d10	Test mode for checking the Q3 output (ex	"" = no signal at output Q3	_	
	P402 function)	OPE = output Q3 forced opening		
		CLO = output Q3 forced closing		
d14	Firmware version	v x-x-x is displayed	_	
d15	Unit ID number (Serial number)	Unit ID is displayed (Serial number)	-	
d16	Bootloader version (RDG2KN)	v x-x-x is displayed	_	
d17	Touch firmware version	v x-x-x is displayed	_	
d18	LCD version	_	_	

Note: Parameter display depends on selected application and function. ¹⁾ When output type is 3-position/3-wire, d05 and d06 are visible.

5 Supported tools

Valid set of versions

	Product no.					Supporte	ed tools		
zz	N/BK N/BK	zz						For Desi	go PXC
RDG200KN RDG260KN	RDG200KN/BK RDG260KN/BK	RDG204KN RDG264KN	RDG200T RDG260T	ACS	ETS	PCT Go Android	PCT Go Apple	ABT Site	ABT Go
Ζ, Α	-	-	-	≥13.0	1.0	≥V1.11.5	≥V1.11.5	-	-
B, C	-	-	-	≥14.1	2.0	≥V3.1.7	≥V3.1.7	-	-
-	Z, A, C	-	-	≥14.1	2.0	≥V3.1.7	≥V3.1.7	-	-
-	-	Z, A	-	≥14.1	2.0	≥V3.1.7	≥V3.1.7	-	-
D	D	-	-	≥14.1	2.1	≥V7.1.0	≥V7.1.0	-	-
-	-	-	Z, A	N/A	N/A	≥V7.1.0	≥V7.1.0	-	-
-	-	В	-	≥14.2	2.1	≥V7.1.0	≥V7.1.0	-	-
E	E	-	-	≥14.4	V3.0 V3.1 ²⁾	≥V7.2.6 ¹⁾	≥V7.2.6 ¹⁾	V5.2 ¹⁾	V5.2 ¹⁾
-	-	С	-	≥14.4	V3.0	≥V7.2.6 ¹⁾	≥V7.2.6 ¹⁾	V5.2 ¹⁾	V5.2 ¹⁾

 $^{\mbox{\tiny 1)}}$ Commission RDG for PXC4, 5, or 7 integration via ABT Site. Do not use PCT Go.

²⁾ V3.1 supports RDG260KN only.

To commission and modify older RDG SW versions, see workflow in PCT Go – Smartphone app [\rightarrow 183].

Important!

If a controller was tooled with ABT Site and is later used together with ACS/ETS, parameter P506 must be reset on the RDG HMI.

5.1 ETS

•



ETS is an engineering tool to fully commission RDG2..KN room thermostats. ETS can implement the following functions:

- Define and download the physical address
 - Define and download the application (plant type, control sequence)
 - For partial download, ensure the application uses the same DIP switch setting
- Set up and download thermostat control parameters
- Set up and download group addresses
- This document does not describe how to operate ETS and set up a device. Refer to the KNX Manual [5] [\rightarrow 6] for more details.



ETS can be updated online.

5.1.1 Setting parameters in ETS

- 1 Open the project in ETS and select a device.
- 2 Click the **Parameter** tab, and adjust the control parameters as follows:

RDG204KN Room Thermosta	at > Device		
Basic Configuration	[P002] Operation via room operating mode selector	Auto - Comf - Eco - Prot	•
Device	[P003] Operation via fan operating selector	Auto - Manual	•
Room Operating Mode	[P004] Unit	O Degrees Celsius Degrees Fahrenheit	
Room Temperature and Setpoi	[P005] Scheduler	Disabled Enabled	
Room Relative Humidity	[P008] Standard display	Room temperature Setpoint	
Controller	[P009] Additional display information	Humidity (%)	•
Alarm	[P017] Summer time	Europe	•
Inputs	[P028] Keypad	Unlocked	•
	[P030] Buzzer function	Disabled O Enabled	
Outputs	[P031] Language	English	•
Fan	[P500] NFC	Oisabled O Enabled	
	[P502] Password	Disabled Enabled	
	[P901] Geographical zone (apartment)		•
	[P902] Geographical zone (room)	1	•

Group Objects Parameter

3 **Plant type** (application), **Control Sequence** and other control parameters ([Pxx] description) can be downloaded.

Basic Configuration	[DIP] Plant type	4-pipe
Device	[P001] Control sequence	 H/C changeover manual Heating and cooling
Room Operating Mode	[P258] Manager / Subordinate (M/S)	Subordinate O Manager
Room Temperature and Setpoints	[P450] Control strategy	Temp. (T) + Humidity (r.H)
Room Relative Humidity		
Controller		
Alarm		
Inputs		
Outputs		
Fan		

Notes

- ETS version 4 or higher is used to assign communication objects to group addresses (S-Mode)
- ETS version 4 or higher is used to download the application and parameters

Humidity parameters

Select Room relative humidity in the left pane to display humidity parameters.
 Adjust the parameters as needed. See Control parameters [→ 163] for more details on control parameters.

asic Configuration	Humidity setpoints	 As parameters only As group object
Device	[P451] Humidity control strategy	 With setpoint shift With setpoint shift + external equipment (humi
Room Operating Mode	[P461] Temp setpoint shift (humidity) [K]	3.0 К
Room Temperature and Setpoints	[P024] Humidity setpoint high [%]	50% 👻
Room Relative Humidity	[P026] Humidity setpoint low [%]	•
Controller		
Alarm		
nputs		

■≵ 79	Room rel. humidity: Setpoint high	Receive	2 bytes
■2 80	Room rel. humidity: Setpoint low	Receive	2 bytes

5.2 ACS tool



ACS



The ACS tool is used to commission the RDG2..KN KNX room thermostats (physical address, application, parameters). They can be operated or monitored by bus during normal operation.

This section does not describe how to define the physical address and only provides a brief overview of ACS main function.

For more information, refer to the ACS online help.

Setting $\mathsf{RDG2}..\mathsf{KN}$ KNX parameters is only supported by ACS version 13.03 or higher.

5.2.1 Setting parameters in ACS

In the ACS program, select **Plant** \rightarrow **Open** to open the plant.

To open the parameter settings, select **Applications** \rightarrow **Plant engineering**.

CS Tool [RDG200&260 300 2008/260 300 2008/260 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 3	0] - [Start page]						
🚼 Project View App	plications Actions	s Tools Wind	dow Help				
i 📑 💽 🔳 🔟 i 🖌 📇	Topology		🐝 😂 I 🔧 I 🖶 🖻				
i 🗗 🗞 😣 📃 🚵	Plant engineering)	-				
<u><u>v</u></u>	Plant commission	ing					
	Trend and Task Ma	anager					
SIEME	File transfer						
SIEIVIE	Plant operation		-				
11							
New project	Projec	ct status Get sta	arted Service contact				
Open project	Proj	ject:	RDG200&260			Edit project pr	operties
Recent projects	Cate	egories:					
RDG200&260	Des	cription:					
Test N146_3							
	Proj	ject type:	KNX (KNX bus)				
	Con	nections:	Communication	Device	Address	Connection type	Details
			2 Disconnected	OCI700 (KNX cable) / OCI702		USB	OCI700 [V1.0]
			<				>
		nber of devices:	3				
		found:	0				
		Touriu;	v				
	Cur	rent view:	Administration				
	Star	rtup view:	Administration				
			naliontina and a	control parameters can	الم مراني م		اممطمط

The application and control parameters can be adjusted and downloaded. **Line no**. contains the parameter number as displayed in the parameter table. See Control parameters [\rightarrow 163].

ACS Tool [RDG200&260] - [Plant engineering]			
Project Edit View Applications Actions Tools Window	Help		
i 📑 🔁 🎩 🗐 i 🜌 🖉 i 🗶 🗉 🛍 🗰 🗙 i 🕐 🕌 😂 i	🔧 🖻 🖶 📜 🚨 🚳 🔫	ļ	
i 🛃 🍓 😣 I 🛄 🔄 I 🐂 🍦			
i 🕮 🗐 🖌 i 🖀 🕾 i 🕸 🛲 📮			
Plant engineering	Basic configuration		
✓ ■ ♣ RDG200&260	Data point	\bigtriangledown	Value
 ✓ ■ ♣ Current parameter set ✓ ■ 易 0.2.4 RDG200 	🗹 🧭 Plant type		2-pipe
 ✓ ■ Basic configuration 	Control sequence		Cooling only
Communication			
 ✓ E Device ■ E Room setpoints 			
✓ ■ Inputs			
Controller			
 ✓ E Fan control ✓ E Texts 		Plant type	×
>			
> 🔲 🗓 LC 1.2.0 LC N140			
		Default value: 2-pi	pe
		Actual value: 4-p	ipe ~
		Default	OK Cancel



Some parameters in ACS have a range different from that on the room thermostats.

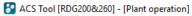
The thermostat does not accept changes outside its range. This can be seen online in that a changed value returns to the original value.

Use the ranges described in the parameter tables in Control parameters [\rightarrow 163].



5.2.2 Operation and monitoring with ACS

In the ACS program, select **Plant** \rightarrow **Open** to open the plant. To open monitoring and operation, select **Applications** \rightarrow **Plant operation**.



Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Tools Window Help Project Edit View Insert Applications Actions Actions Tools Window Help <					
Plant operation	Controller				
✓ ♣ RDG200&260	Data point .	✓ Value			
 0.2.4 RDG200 Standard diagram Standard popcard Controller Room operating mode Room setpoints Inputs Faults Settings Device information 0.2.3 RDG260KN ILC N140 	 Actual value room temp Current room temp setpoint Humidity Application mode Control sequence Heating output Electric heater Cooling output Manual fan control Fan output Energy indicator 	25.0 22.0 18 Auto Cooling 0 0 100 80 Disabled			

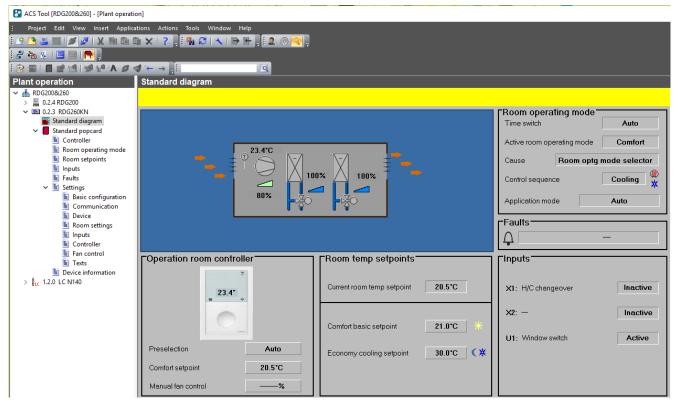
```
Parameter settings in ACS
```

Notes

The ACS tool supports parameter settings even during normal operation. To change a control parameter, double-click the parameter in **Standard popcard** for the settings.

- Make sure you are logged in with sufficient access right.
- Only control parameters can be changed, not the application!

? े ⊻ I ⊑ ⊠ I <mark>? </mark> , ? = I ∎ # ≝ I # # A Ø ≪ '← → ,					
lant operation	Basic configuration				
晶 RDG200&260	Data point		\bigtriangledown	Value	
> 🗒 0.2.4 RDG200	Q Plant type			2 stage heat or cool	
✓ ■ 0.2.3 RDG260KN	Control sequence			Cooling only	
📕 Standard diagram	CRestore factory setting				
V Standard popcard	~				
Controller					
Room operating mode Room setpoints					
Inputs					
Faults					
✓ ≦ Settings					
🔄 Basic configuration					_
Communication		Control sequence	e	×	
E Device					
Room settings					
🗎 Inputs		Default value:	Cooling only		
 Controller Fan control 			Cooling only		
Texts					
Device information		Actual value:	Cooling only	,	
> 1, 1.2.0 LC N140			Heating only		
			Cooling only	,	
			H/C change H/C change	eover auto eover manual	
					·
		DCh			
		Default		OK Cancel	



To start the application, select **Applications** \rightarrow **Plant operation** \rightarrow **Standard diagram**.

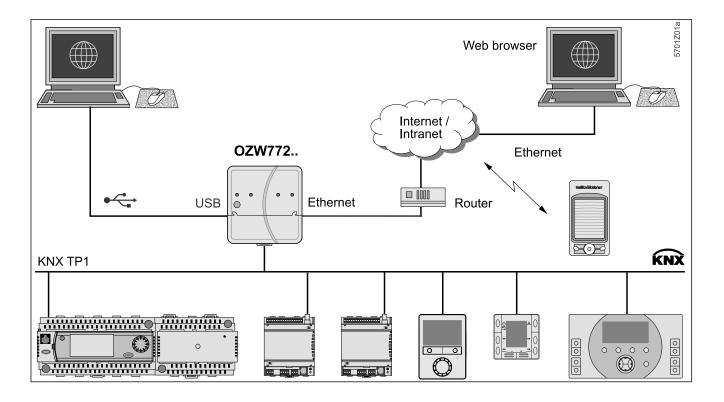
The ACS tool provides standard plant diagrams for RDG2..KN room thermostats, depending on the following configuration:

Plant type	Application configuration	Application configuration
2-pipe	2-pipe fan coil unit	Radiator
	 Control sequence: No impact (P001 = any) 	- Control sequence: Heating only (P001 = 0)
	 – Fan operation: Enabled (P350 <> 0) 	- Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0)
		•
	Chilled/heated ceiling	Chilled ceiling
	- Control sequence: Changeover	- Control sequence: Cooling only $(P001 = 1)$
	 Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0) 	- Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0)
		*

ACS tool

Plant type	Application configuration	Application configuration
2-pipe with electric heater	2-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater Control sequence: No impact (P001 = any) Fan operation: Enabled (P350 <> 0) 	Single-stage with electric heater - Control sequence: No impact (P001 = any) - Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0)
2-pipe with radiator	2-pipe fan coil unit with radiator – Control sequence: No impact (P001 = any) – Fan operation: Enabled (P350 <> 0)	Single-stage with radiator - Control sequence: No impact (P001 = any) - Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0)
4-pipe	4-pipe fan coil unit Control sequence: Not auto c/o (P001 <> 3) Fan operation: Enabled (P350 <> 0) 	Chilled ceiling with radiator - Control sequence: No impact (P001 = any) - Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0)
	4-pipe fan coil unit with PICV and 6-port control ball valve as changeover – Fan operation: Must be enabled (P350 <> 0) H/C ceiling with 6-port valve – Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0)	H/C ceiling with PICV and 6-port control ball valve as changeover - Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0)

Plant type	Application configuration	Application configuration			
2-pipe/2-stage	2-pipe/2-stage fan coil unit	2-pipe/2-stage			
heating or cooling	 Control sequence: No impact (P001 = any) 	 Control sequence: No impact (P001 = any) 			
	– Fan operation: Enabled (P350 <> 0)	– Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0)			
	2-pipe/2-stage fan coil unit	2-pipe/2-stage			
	- Control sequence: No impact (P001 = any)	 Control sequence: No impact (P001 = any) 			
	– Fan operation: 2 nd stage (P350 = 4)	– Fan operation: 2 nd stage (P350 = 5)			
4-pipe with electric	4-pipe fan coil unit with electric heater	1 stage Heat and Cool with electric heater			
heater	 Control sequence: Not auto c/o (P001 > 2) 	 Control sequence: No impact (P001 <> 2) 			
	– Fan operation: Enabled (P350 <> 0)	- Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0)			
4-pipe/2-stage	4-pipe/2-stage fan coil unit	4-pipe/2-stage			
	– Control sequence: Not auto c/o (P001 > 2)	– Control sequence: Not auto c/o (P001 > 2)			
	– Fan operation: Enabled (P350 <> 0)	– Fan operation: Disabled (P350 = 0)			



5.2.3 Operation and monitoring with OZW772



HomeControl app for plant control

The OZW772 web server allows users to operate a Synco HVAC system from a remote location – via a PC or from a smart phone using the HomeControl app.

The start page displays the most important data points. A combination of menu/path navigation allows users to access all data points quickly and easily. The entire installation can be visualized in the form of plant diagrams. Alarm and state messages can be forwarded to different message recipients, such as e-mail, SMS, etc.

For details, see Commissioning Instructions [\rightarrow 6] CE1C5701 [20].

SIEMENS

5.3 PCT Go – Smartphone app

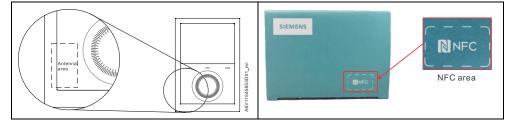
The Siemens smartphone app, Product Commissioning Tool (PCT Go) is a commissioning and service tool for RDG2.. thermostats.

It supports all communicative and standalone models of the RDG200 series. PCT Go uses NFC (Near Field Communication) to read and write data, while the device is either powered, or unpowered, even from the individual package.

Setting the devices locally is useful:

- System and system commissioning tools are not available.
- Function and wiring test is required.
- The thermostats are standalone.

To read or write settings, the smartphone must have embedded NFC and be activated, and the phone must be held close to the NFC antenna (in the thermostat) at a distance up to ± 2 cm.



Note

NFC function required. (for example, iPad does not support.)

PCT Go is available for smartphones (version 8 or higher) compatible with NFC. It can be downloaded from Google Play and Apple store.

Download app from App Store



Available on the



Commissioning RDG2.. for PXC4/5/7 integration

Commissioning old version RDG2.. via PCT Go Commission RDG for PXC4, 5, or 7 integration via ABT Site. Do not use PCT Go.

When commissioning parameters on earlier versions of RDG2.. via PCT Go:

- Tap Add parameter set \Rightarrow Read from device to read configured parameters from the device
- Change the parameters as per desired
- Send the modified parameters to the device

For valid PCT Go and RDG2.. versions, see Supported tools [\rightarrow 173].

5.3.1 Commissioning parameter via PCT Go

Selecting "Commissioning" in the menu, PCT Go can:

- Read and write thermostat parameters
- Set the application (e.g. 2-pipe)
- Change settings (e.g. setpoints)
- Set KNX addressing (device address) (RDG2..KN)
- Share commissioning data via standard communication tools, e.g., email
- Generate commissioning report

When set locally with the PCT Go app, the device can be reset using the system tools and reconfigured as needed.

DIP switch settings take priority:

- PCT Go can be used to change the application (e.g. 2-pipe) if all DIP switches are set to Off (default).
- PCT Go cannot change settings if an application is set via DIP switches.

Change settings while the device is powered and running:

- Application settings require a device reboot.
- Settings such as setpoint and HMI tuning take effect a few seconds later. Change settings while the device is unpowered:
- Current thermostat settings can be read and written any time while unpowered
- The thermostat needs to be powered to store the new settings and ensure they are correct.
- Each time the application is changed, the thermostat reloads the factory setting for all control parameters, except KNX device and zone addresses.

Security

Notes

- Access to the thermostat settings can be password protected (P502). PCT Go requires that the password be read and write-protected. The thermostat is locked after 5 attempts for 5 minutes.
- Commissioning using PCT Go can be disabled via parameters to prevent unexpected changes of the thermostat (P500).

5.3.2 Read live data via PCT Go

After installation, commissioning and power-on, installers can load the working data for the thermostat to the PCT Go via NFC, by selecting "Read live data". The information allows the installer to verify if the device operates in expected conditions and correctly wired.

The following data can be read via PCT Go:

- Data menu:
 - Sensor measurement and correction
 - Working conditions (H/C demand, H/C sequence, operating mode)
 - Application information
 - Input / output information
 - KNX related settings
- Device menu:
 - Device information

Example:

=	Commissioning	Measured values	Device	
	Commissioning	S01 : Room temperature 25.3 ℃	d11 : Active H/C sequence 1 - Heating sequence	Device RDG260T
	Read live data	P06 : Measured value correction 0.0 K	d12 : Current H/C demand 100.0 %	Firmware version 04.00.11
	U Device time sync	S02 : Current room temp. setpoint 28.0 °C	S201 : Output 1 45.0 %	Protocol version 4.01
	Settings	S03 : Active room operating mode	S203 : Output 2	Serial number
	i Info	0 - Comfort	0.0 %	332012250030

The live data can be saved and a project report (PDF file) generated.

Note

For the application with 6-port PICV, live data displays the selected limitation and measurement of the waterflow in liters per hours.

5.4 ABT Site / ABT Go (PXC, PL-link integration)

Configure KNX PL-Link RDGs using the Desigo standard tool ABT Site and use ABT Go for assignment.

Follow the instructions and indications as described in the Desigo documentation A6V13054432 and A6V13054435 for integration.

See also PL-Link integration in PXC 4, 5 and 7 [\rightarrow 153].

5.4.1 Operation with ABT Site

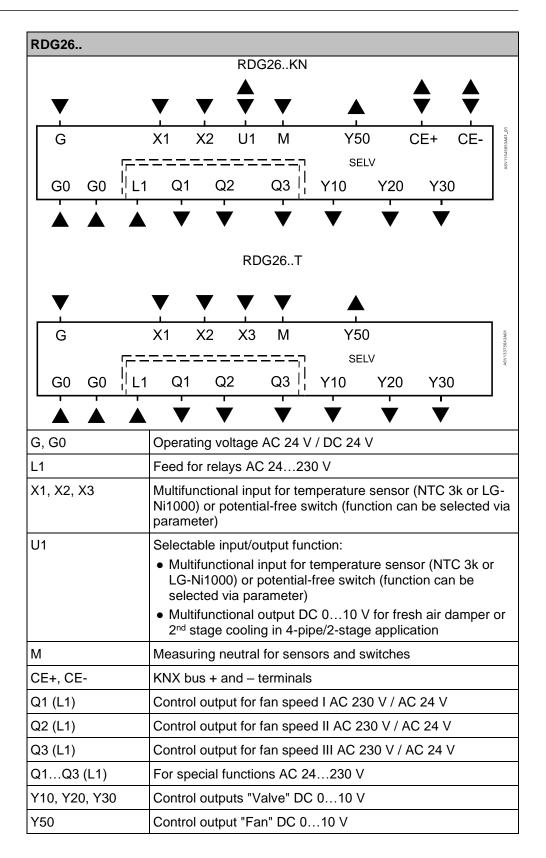
Use ABT Site to integrate PL-Link into PXC4/5/7. For commissioning, see Desigo document (A6V13054435) listed in Reference documents [\rightarrow 6].

🗮 Sien	nens - ABT Site - 1													- 0	×
Project	s Building	Startup	Web Interface	Configuration	Engine	eering	Reports	Advanced	Settings			-41-	• + = = =	🔳 🛛 Sign in 🔻	• Help •
		< A5	_ <u>09</u> 🕲												
	Device assignment		State: Not connected	Check											
*	I/O configuration	<	Plants		e e	KNX PL-L	ink					Configuration			>
		Plants	T≣			₹	5mA	50mA	Add ne	twork Ad	d device				Prope
Μ	Modbus		Filter			Filter							<u>₽</u> +4		rties
MB	M-bus		> ⊒2] Plant		* ~		NX networks)KNX PL-Linl	k bus - [1/64]							Properties Library
PL	KNX PL-Link					>	E [RDG2	00KN] Room the	ermostat, tria	c control out	puts for C				rary
_													$\mathbf{\cdot}$		Configuration
{}	BACnet references												SEMINE		igurat
	BACnet objects					-		_			Þ	Name	Value		ion
	Brogramming						escription		Unit	Туре	Ģ	Filter	Filter		
<>	Programming					Fi	lter		Filter	Filter	Filter	Power consump	5 [mA]		÷
							ck operation f	for room oper	N	BSmpP	C^	Application type	2-pipe / 2-stage		
						→ Ro	om temperat	ure	°C	AI	C	✓ Service paramet			
						→ Pla	ant operating	mode	A	MSmp	C	P001: Control	Cooling only		
						← Fa	n speed		96	ACalcVal	C	P002: Operati	Auto / Protection		
						_	oling valve po	osition	96	ACalcVal	C	P003: Operati	Auto / Manual		
						~	om air humid	ity	96	AI	C	P004: Unit	°C		
						🖁 Tri	igger green le	af command	R	MTrgVal		P005: Schedu	Disable		
						_	fective operat	ing mode	P	MCalcVal	C	P006: Measur	0 [K]		
						← Eff	fective room t	emp.setpoint f	. °С	ACalcVal	C,	P007: Humidi	O [%]		
					4) F	P008: Default	Room temperature		-
1 Field	I device operation ir	n progress	, wait												^

6 Connection

6.1 Connection terminals

RDG20									
	RDG20.	.KN (AC	230 \	/ / AC 24	V)				
	• •		▼						
					• •			1	
L I⊑_	X1 X2	U1	M	SELV YS		CE+	CE-	853A00	
N N Q1	Q2 Q	<u>.</u> 3	Y1	Y2	Y3	 Y4		A6V11545853A00	
		1						J	
	•	•	▼	V	•	V			
	RI	DG20T	- (AC 2	30 V)					
		-	-						
↓ ▼								1	
	X1 X2	X3	M	SELV YS	50			13A00	
N N Q1	 Q2 G		Y1	Y2	Y3	 Y4		A6V13375643A00	
		1 T						J	
		V							
L, N	Operating v	-					2k or L	6	
X1, X2, X3	Multifunctio Ni1000) or parameter)								
U1	Selectable input/output function:								
	 Multifunctional input for temperature sensor (NTC 3k or LG-Ni1000) or potential-free switch (function can be 								
	 Selected via parameter) Multifunctional output DC 010 V for fresh air damper 								
M	Measuring						lamper		
CE+, CE-	KNX Bus +				Switches	5			
Q1	Control out				30 V / A	C 24 V			
Q2	Control out	out for fa	an spe	ed II AC 2	230 V / A	AC 24 V	,		
Q3	Control out	out for fa	an spe	ed III AC	230 V /	AC 24 \	/		
Q1Q3	Also for spe	ecial fun	ctions	AC 230 \	/ / AC 24	4 V			
Y1Y4	Control out triac, for no via external	outs "Va rmally c	alve" A	C 230 V d	or AC 24	V (Nor			
Y50	Control out	-	n" DC ()10 V					



6.2 Connection diagrams

Connection workflow:

- Select fan control type: DC, 1-speed or 3-speed fan
- Select application type, e.g. 4-pipe
- Columns V1, V2, V3, V4 show the output types (e.g. for 4-pipe: YH for heating and YC for cooling) as well the available control signals
- Select the requested control output signals (e.g. 2-pos for heating, 2-pos for cooling)
- Equipment V1, V2 etc. stands for the connected equipment on each terminal, e.g. 4-pipe with outputs of 2-pos and 2-pos, V1 (valve actuator) connects to Y1 and V2 (valve actuator) to Y2

Notes

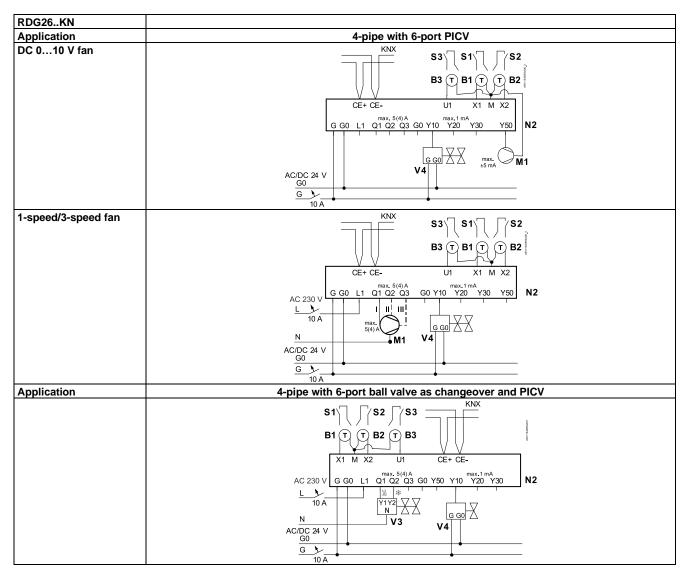
- "2-pos" can be used for control signal On/Off and PWM
- For universal applications, fan function needs to be switched off via P350

RDG20KN						DC	010	V fan		1-9	peed/3-	speed fa	an	
	1				L								KNX	-
					a AC 230 V/AC 24 V 01	A1 G2 G3 CE4	CE- U	Т В1 Т 11 X1		S1		B3	CE-	N1
Application	Equipn	nent			•		Termin	als		•	Termi	nals		
, ipplication	V1				Y1	Y3			Y50	Q1, Q2, Q3	Y1	Y3		
2-pipe	YHC				Σ¢	X¢				3-speed	Σψ	X¢		
Control outputs:	2-pos				V1				\checkmark	\checkmark	V1			
	3-pos				▲ v	′1 ▼				-	▲ v			
Application	Equipn						Termin				Termi			
0 mine - DAD	VI	V2			Y1	Y3	Y2	Y4	Y50	Q1, Q2, Q3	Y1	Y3	Y2	Y4
2-pipe + RAD 4-pipe 2-pipe/2-stage	YHC YH YHC1	YR YC YHC2			X	X	X	X		3-speed	X	X	X	XQ
Control outputs:		2-pos			V1		V2				V1		V2	
	2-pos	2-pos			V1			/2▼	1		V1			⁄2▼
	3-pos	2-pos			A V	′1 ▼	V2		- √	\checkmark	A V	′1 ▼	V2	
	3-pos	3-pos			▲ v			/2▼	1		A V			⁄2▼
Application	Equipn						Termin	als			Termi	nals		
	V1	V2			Y1	Y3	Y2	Y4	Y50	Q1, Q2, Q3	Y1	Y3	Y2	Y4
2-pipe with electric heater	YHC	YE			X¢	X¢				G-3-speed	¥¢	X¢		
Control outputs:	2-pos	2-pos			V1		V2				V1		V2	
	2-pos	3-pos			V1		A V	12▼		\checkmark	V1		م ۷	′2▼
	3-pos	2-pos			▲ v		V2		Ň	v	▲ v		V2	
	3-pos	3-pos			▲ V	′1 ▼		/2▼			▲ v		A V	/2 ▼
Application	Equipn						Termin				Termi			
4 min - with	V1	V2	V3		Y1	Y2	Y4	Y3	Y50	Q1, Q2, Q3	Y1	Y2	Y4	Y3
4-pipe with electric heater	YH	YC	YE		Σ¢	Σ¢	Σ¢			G-3-speed	Σ¢	Σ¢	Χ¢	
Control outputs:		2-pos	2-pos		V1	V2		V3	\checkmark	\checkmark	V1	V2		V3
A 11 17	2-pos	3-pos	2-pos		V1	▲ V	/2▼	V3		-	V1	▲ v	2▼	V3
Application	Equipn		1/0	14	VA	Va	Termin		VEO	04 02 02	Termi		Va	V.
1 nino/2 stars	VI	V2	V3	V4	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y50	Q1, Q2, Q3	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4
4-pipe/2-stage (RDG20KN)	YH1	YC1	YH2	YC2	Χ¢	Σ¢	Σφ	Σ¢		G-3-speed	Σ¢	Σ¢	Σ¢	Σ¢
Control outputs:	2-pos	2-pos	2-pos	2-pos	V1	V2	V3	V4	\checkmark	\checkmark	V1	V2	V3	V4
N1 R	oom ther	mostat F	RDG20			M1			1-speed or	3-speed fan, DC	010	/ fan		
	witch (ke		indow c	ontact, p	resence	e B1, I	B2, B3			re sensor (return				al
	etector et	,								erature, changeo	ver sens	sor, etc.))	
	alve actu		n o o +!	hoctin -		YH			Heating va	lve actuator				
	n/Off or F diator, he			-		J,								
	diator, ne	-	Joing, 1	01 2 8	ыауе	YC			Cooling val	ve actuator				
	ectric ne elay					YHC	;		-	oling valve actuat	tor			
	NX data ·	+				YR			-	alve actuator				
	NX data						:1/YH1/`	YH2/	1 st /2 nd stage					
							2/YC1/		0					
Note: Use X3	instead	d if the	re is n	o KNX.										

Note: Use X3 instead if there is no KNX.

RDG26KN							DC 0	.10 V fa	n		1-:	speed/3	3-speed	l fan	
	1								s1∖∏ [/	S2	s1∖ [7s2 [7s:	•		
								\ В3 (т)	\ / B1 (т) (т)	1	177) B2 (T) B:			SPYCHOPSet
							V	M_			ĽΨ	\downarrow	V	<u> </u>	
					AC 220 V	G G0 L1 G	max. 5(4) A	max	k.1 mA		X1 M 3			.1 mA max.	±5 mA
					AC 230 V L N 10 A			110 1	20 Y30 Y8		AC 230 V G G0 L L N 10 A	1 G0 Q1 Q2 Q			Y50 N1
					N IUA				max.	∋_ M1	N 10 A	-0	.1		
					AC/DC 24 V G0				20101		AC/DC 24 V	M1 5(4) A	κ.		
					G 10 A	•				_	G 10 A				
Application	Equipr	ment					Terr	minals				Teri	minals		
	V1				Q1		Y10			Y50	Q1, Q2, Q3	Y10			
2-pipe	YHC						1					1			
					XQ.		Georet X			0	\bigcirc	Far X			
					Τ					O DC	3-speed				
Control output							V1			· √	\checkmark	V1			
	On/Off				V1					v	v				
Application	Equipr							minals					minals		
	V1	V2			Q1	Q2	Y10	Y20		Y50	Q1, Q2, Q3	Y10	Y20		
2-pipe + RAD	YHC	YR					1	1				1			
4-pipe 2-pipe/2-stage	e YH	YC			XO	QХ	X	Geo H		0	\bigcirc	X Gap	Gen X		
2-pipe/2-3tag	YHC1	YHC2								DC DC	3-speed	11	11		
Control output		DC					V1	V2				V1	V2		
	DC	On/Off				V2	V1			,	/				
	On/Off	-			V1			V2		\checkmark	\checkmark				
	On/Off	On/Off			V1	V2									
Application	Equipr							minals					minals		
	V1	V2			Q1	Q2	Y10	Y20		Y50	Q1, Q2, Q3	Y10	Y20		
2-pipe with	YHC	YE													
electric heate	r				ΣΦ.	₽	X	G 00 % N				X	Gao		
					1					- 50	3-speed				
Control output		DC					V1	V2		-		V1	V2		
	DC	On/Off				V2	V1	1/0		\checkmark	\checkmark				
	On/Off	DC On/Off			V1 V1	V2		V2							-
Application	Equipr				VI	٧Z	Torr	ninals				Tor	minals		
Application	V1	V2	V3			Q2	Y10	Y20	Y30	Y50	Q1, Q2, Q3	Y10	Y20	Y30	
4-pipe with	YH	YC	YE												
electric heate						L.4			6 m f h	Δ	0-	X		6 1	
						NZ	Xqq	Far X	GOJN	O DC	3-speed	X	Gap X	GOG	
Control output	s: DC	DC	DC				V1	V2	V3			V1	V2	V3	
	DC	DC	On/Off	f		V3	V1	V2		\checkmark	\checkmark				
Application	Equipr				<u> </u>			minals	·			Teri	minals	·	<u> </u>
	V1	V2	V3	V4		U1	Y10	Y20	Y30	Y50	Q1, Q2, Q3	Y10	Y20	Y30	U1
4-pipe/2-stag	e YH1	YC1	YH2	YC2											
(RDG26KN)						X	Em X	X	Em X	\bigcirc	0-	X	George X	Hem	E app
						- +++		- ++-		O DC	3-speed				
Control output	s: DC	DC	DC	DC		V4	V1	V2	V3	\checkmark	√	V1	V2	V3	V4
	Room the							<i>I</i> 1		1-sp	eed or 3-spee	ed fan, l	DC 01	10 V fan	
	Switch (ke	eycard, v	vindow	contact,	presenc	e detec	tor \	/1, V2, '	V3, V4	Valv	es actuators:				
	etc.)										Off or DC 01				
										radia	ator, heating/c	cooling,	1 st or 2 ^r	nd stage	
YE	Electric he	eater						perature sens	sor (retu	urn air te	emperat	ure,			
										exte	rnal room terr	nperatur	e, chan	geover	
										sens	sor, etc.)				
YH	Heating va	alve actu	uator				١	/HC		Hea	ting/cooling va	alve act	uator		
YC	Cooling va	alve actu	uator				١	/R		Rad	iator valve ac	tuator			
	KNX data								H1/YH2		nd stage	-			
	KNX data								C1/YC2		Judgo				
CE-	NNA data	-													

Note: Use X3 instead if there is no KNX.



N2	Room thermostat RDG26KN	V3	6-port modulating control actuator
S1, S2, S3	Switch (keycard, window contact, presence	V4	PICV control valve
	detector etc.)	M1	1-speed or 3-speed fan, DC 010 V fan
B1, B2, B3	Temperature sensor (return air temperature, e	xternal room	temperature, changeover sensor, etc.)
CE-	KNX data -	CE+	KNX data +
Mate			

Note:

- In application "4-pipe with 6-port ball valve as changeover and PICV", Y50 can be connected with a • DC 0...10 V fan.
- Use X3 instead if there is no KNX. .

6.3 IAQ - CO2 connection diagrams (RDG2..KN)

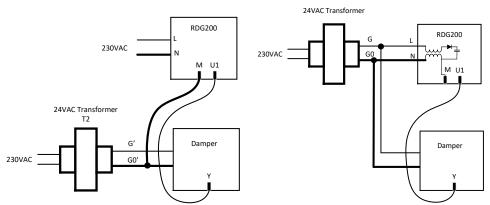
For all applications and equipment combination supporting the IAQ -CO₂ function (see IAQ - CO₂ monitoring and control (RDG2..KN) [\rightarrow 75]), the fresh air damper (DC or On/Off) can be controlled via KNX S-Mode objects or directly connected to the thermostat as follows:

- DC damper is connected to terminal U1
- ON/Off damper is connected to terminal Q3 (relay output). Exception:

RDG204KN, for applications with 3-speed fan control: terminal Y4 (triac output)

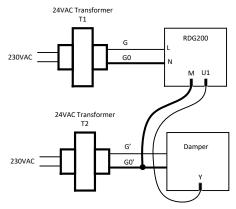
6.3.1 Wiring DC damper

The DC damper is powered on AC 24 V and the control signal is provided by the RDG2..KN. To ensure correct operation, it is important to wire the damper considering the power supply (either AC 230 V or AC 24 V) of the thermostat:



Note: If a common AC 24 V transformer provides power to the RDG2..KN and damper, the terminal M of RDG must not be connected to the damper.

For projects that 2 independent transformers are installed for powering thermostats and damper independently:



6.4 Application examples

The examples are described for RDG26..KN, but they also apply to RDG20..KN. Control output (P201, P204) and terminals for the valves (Y1, Y2) need to be adapted accordingly.

6.4.1 Humidity control

```
Note:
```

In the following examples, P461 is configured based on the connected type of equipment. See details in Humidity (RDG2..KN) [\rightarrow 65].

Example 1: Dehumidifier, DC 0...10 V fan and valve 2-pipe fan coil application for dehumidification, with temperature setpoint shifting and dehumidifier contact, DC 0...10 V fan and DC valve:

Commissioning		Outputs used
 Fan Control strategy Setpoint high Temp. shift Valve Relay function 	P351 = 3 (or DIP6 = OFF) P450 = 1 P024 = 50 % (factory setting) P461 = 3 K (factory setting) P201 = 5 P402 = 7 (dehumidifier)	 M1 DC 010 V fan V1 DC valve L3[*]) Dehumidifier *) Release contact
Ac 230 V CE+ C G G0 G0 L1 Q1 N Ac/DC 24 V G CE+ C CE+ CE CE+ CE CE CE+ CE CE+ CE CE CE CE CE CE CE CE CE CE	Q2 Q3 Y10 Y20 Y30 Y50 L3 V1 G G G X M1	RDG26KN

Example 2: Dehumidifier, DC 0...10 V fan + valve, No shifting setpoint 2-pipe fan coil application for dehumidification, with DC 0...10 V fan and DC valve (without temperature setpoint shifting):

Commissioning		Outputs used					
 Fan Control strategy Setpoint high Temp. shift Valve Relay function 	P351 = 3 (or DIP6 = OFF) P450 = 1 P024 = 50 % (factory setting) P461 = 0 P201 = 5 P402 = 7 (dehumidifier)	 L3*) Dehumidifier *) Release contact 					
$\Delta AC 230 V$ $G G G G G L1$ $AC 230 V$ $G G G G L1$ $AC 230 V$ $G G G G G L1$ $AC 230 V$ $G G G G G L1$	CE. U1 X1 M X2 max.±1 mA v20 v20 v30 v50 L3 v1 G G 0 X M1 ta [→ 208] for min. and	RDG26KN					

Example 3: Dehum./DC 0...10 V fan, On/Off valves

4-pipe fan coil application for dehumidification, with temperature setpoint shifting, dehumidifier contact, DC 0...10 V fan and On/Off valves:

Commissioning		Outputs used	
 Fan Control strategy Setpoint high Temp. shift Valve Relay function 	P351 = 3 (or DIP6 = OFF) P450 = 1 P024 = 50 % (factory setting) P461 = 3 K (factory setting) P201/P203 = 4 P402 = 7 (dehumidifier)	 M1 V1, V2 L3[*]) *) Release cont 	DC 010 V fan On/Off valves Dehumidifier act
Ac 230 V G G0 G0 L1 Q1 $Ac 230 V G G0 G0 L1 Q1$ $Ac 230 V G G G0 C1 Q1$ $Ac 230 V G0 C1 Q1$	E- U1 X1 M X2 max. ± 1 mA Q2 Q3 Y10 Y20 Y30 Y50 V2 L3 M1	RDC	926KN

Example 4: Dehumidifier + humidifier/DC 0...10 V fan 2-pipe fan coil application for dehumidification, with temperature setpoint shifting, dehumidifier contact, DC 0...10 V fan and DC valve, humidification is controlled by release contact:

Co	mmissioning		Outputs used
•	Fan	P351 = 3 (or DIP6 = OFF)	 M1 DC 010 V fan V1 DC valve
•	Control strategy Setpoint high	P450 = 1 P024 = 50 %	 L2[*]) Humidifier L3[*]) Dehumidifier
•	Setpoint low	(factory setting) P026 = 30 %	*) Release contact
	Temp. shift Valve	P461 = 3 K (factory setting) P201 = 5	
•	Relay function	P402 = 7 (Q3) (dehum.)	
•	Relay function	P401 = 8 (Q2) (hum.)	
	AC 230 V G G0 G0 L1 Q1 Q L 10A L L L L L L L L	max. ± 1 mA	RDG26KN
	See Technical data [x. ratings	\rightarrow 208] for min. and	

Example 5: Dehum./3-speed fan

2-pipe fan coil application for dehumidification, with temperature setpoint shifting, dehumidifier contact (via external converter) and 3-speed fan:

Com	missioning		Outputs used
• () • 5 • T	Fan Control strategy Setpoint high Femp. shift /alve	P351 = 2 (or DIP6 = ON) P450 = 1 P024 = 50 % (factory setting) P461 = 3 K (factory setting) P201 = 5	 M1 3-speed fan V1 DC valve C1 DC - On/Off converter L3*) Dehumidifier *) Release contact
		CE- X1 M X2 32 Q3 Y50 Y10 Y20 Y30 M1 G G0 A M1 G G0	RDG26KN

6.4.2 Relay functions

Example 1: Switching off the fan coil unit 2-pipe fan coil application, fan coil unit off during Protection mode.

Commissioning		Outputs	Outputs used	
FanValveRelay function	P351 = 3 (or DIP6 = OFF) P201 = 5 P402 = 1 (Protection mode)	 M1 V1 L3[*]) K *) Release 	DC 010 V fan DC valve Fan coil Relay e contact	
AC 230 V G G0 G0 L1 $L 10 A$ N $AC/DC 24 V$ $G0$ $G 10 A$	CE- U1 X1 M X2 a1 a2 a3 Y10 Y20 Y30 Y50 K V1 G G0 X M1 L3 M1 L3 M1 L3 M1 M1 M1 M1 M1 M1 M1 M1 M1 M1		RDG26KN	

Example 2: Switching on pumps

4-pipe fan coil application, pumps on during heating and cooling demand.

Commissioning		Outputs used	ł
 Fan Valve Relay function Relay function 	P351 = 3 (or DIP6 = OFF) P201/P203 = 5 P401 = 3 (heating pump) P402 = 4 (cooling pump)	 M1 V1, V2 L2*) L3*) K *) Release cor 	DC 010 V fan DC valve Heating pump Cooling pump Relay
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & & & \\ \hline \\$	RD	G26KN

Example 3: Compressor and reversing valve

Compressor application, with reversing valve (heating/cooling) and DC $0...10\ V$ fan:

Commissioning		Outputs use	ed
U U	4-pipe P201 = 4 (On/Off) P351 = 3 (or DIP6 = OFF) Heating/cooling : P401 = 2 le: Heating P401 = 5 le: Cooling P401 = 6	 M1 V1[*]) valve V2[*]) K *) Release co 	DC 010 V fan Reversing Compressor Relay ontact
CE+ C	E- U1 X1 M X2 02 Q3 Y10 Y20 Y30 Y50 V1 W1 M1	R	DG26KN

6.4.3 Swap function and/or fan in the 2nd stage

Example 1: Fan in the 2nd stage 2-pipe fan coil application for floor heating/cooling (2-stage heating/cooling), fan runs only in the 2^{nd} stage:

Commissioning		Outputs used
FanValveValve	P350 = 4 (2 nd stage) P201 = 5 (floor) P203 = 5 (fan coil unit)	 M1 DC 010 V fan V1 DC valve floor V2 DC valve fan coil units
$ \begin{array}{c} Y \\ 100\% \\ $	TR [°C]	Y Y Y 100% Y Y Y Y
AC 24 V <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u> <u>G</u>	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	RDG26KN

Example 2:	
Swap and fan in the 2 nd	
stage	

2-pipe and 2-stage application with radiant heating/cooling panels, the fan only operates with the fan coil unit:

- Heating sequence: 1st panel and 2nd fan coil unit
- Cooling sequence: 1st fan coil unit and 2nd panel

Commissioning		Outputs used
 Fan 2nd stage heating) 	P350 = 6 (Cooling and	 M1 DC 010 V fan (2nd stage)
Valve	P201 = 5 (panel)	V1 DC valve panel
Valve	P203 = 5 (fan coil unit)	• V2 DC valve fan coil
• Swap	P254 = 1	unit
Fan 100% - 0% - w	TR [°C]	Y 100% / / / / / / / / / / / / /
AC 24 V G G0 G0 L1 Q1 Q2 G G0 G0 L1 Q1 G0 G0 G G0 G0 L1 Q1 G0 G G0 G0 G0 G G0 G0 L1 Q1 G0 G G0 G0 G0 G G	Q3 Y10 W2 Y30 Y50 V1 V2 M1 G G0 X G G0 X M1	RDG26KN

Example 3: Swap and fan in the 2nd stage 2-pipe fan coil and 2-stage application with different types of equipment (On/Off control outputs), the fan only operates if output V1 is energized.

Commissioning		Outputs used
 Fan 2nd stage cooling) Valve Valve 	P350 = 5 (Heating and P201 = 2 (equipment 1) P203 = 2 (equipment 2)	 M1 DC 010 V fan (2nd stage) V1 On/Off valve (equipment 1) V2 On/Off valve (equipment 2)
$\begin{array}{c} Y \\ SDH \\ I \\ \hline \\ C \\ C \\ H \\ \hline \\ C \\ C \\ H \\ \hline \\ C \\ C \\ H \\ \hline \\ C	₩ TR [°C]	$\begin{array}{c} & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & $
AC 230 V U1 CE+ G G0 G0 L1 QL 10 A V1AC 24 V G0 C L1 QAC 24 V G0 C L1 QL 10 A V1M AC 24 V CE+ C G0 C L1 QL 10 A V1CE+ C G0 C C L1 QV CE+ C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	max.±1 mA 1 <u>Q2 Q3 Y10 Y20 Y30 Y50</u> V2 M1	RDG26KN

6.4.4 IAQ -CO₂ control (RDG2..KN)

Example 1: IAQ monitoring 4-pipe heating and cooling fan coil system, for DC valves and fan, with IAQ indication (text) on the display:

Commissioning		Outputs used		sused
Application	4-pipe	•	M1	DC 010 V fan
● Fan	P351 = 3 (DC 010 V)	•	V1	DC valve
 Valve 	P201 = 5 (default)	•	V2	DC valve
 Valve 	P203 = 5 (default)			
 Control strategy 	P450 = 0 (temp.)			
 IAQ indication 	P009 = 7 (text)			
$\Delta = \frac{10^{-10} \text{ A}}{\text{G}}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			RDG264KN

Example 2: IAQ control with DC damper

4-pipe heating and cooling fan coil system, power supply 230 V, for PWM valves and 3-speed fan, CO_2 indication (ppm) on the display, IAQ control via DC damper:

Commissioning		Οι	utputs	used
Application	4-pipe	•	M1	3-speed V fan
• Fan	P351 = 2 (3-speed)	•	V1	PWM valve H
Valve	P201 = 3 (heating)	•	V2	PWM valve C
Valve	P203 = 3 (cooling)	•	D1	DC damper
Control strategy	P450 = 2 (default)			
Damper signal	P453 = 1 (DC)			
 IAQ setpoint 	P023 = 1000 (def.)			
 IAQ indication 	P009 = 6 (ppm)			
L 10 A 2 CE+ C N Q1 Q2 Q3 N Y1 M1 max. S(4) A M1 max. M2 See Technical data max. ratings	Y3 Y2 Y4 U1 V2 D1 G G0 AC 24 V			RDG204KN

Example 3: IAQ control with On/Off damper 4-pipe heating and cooling fan coil system, power supply 230 V, for PWM valves and DC fan, CO_2 indication (ppm) on the display, IAQ control via On/Off damper:

Commissioning		Outp	uts used
 Application Fan Valve Valve Control strategy Damper signal IAQ setpoint 	4-pipe P351 = 3 (DC fan) P201 = 3 (heating) P203 = 3 (cooling) P450 = 2 (default) P453 = 3 (On/Off NC) P023 = 1000 (def.)	 M V² V2 	1 PWM valve H 2 PWM valve C
 IAQ indication IAQ indicatidation IAQ indidation IAQ indidatid	Y4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Y50 2 D1 M1 max. ±5 mA		RDG204KN

6.4.5 Ventilation air cooling (RDG2..KN)

Example 1: Fan coil air cooling and IAQ control 4-pipe heating and cooling fan coil system, for DC valves and 3-speed fan, with IAQ control and air cooling by cooling demand:

Commissioning		Outputs	used
Application	4-pipe	• M1	3-speed fan
• Fan	P351 = 2 (3-speed)	• V1	PWM valve H
Valve	P201 = 3 (heating)	• V2	PWM valve C
Valve	P203 = 3 (cooling)	• D1	DC damper
Control strategy	P450 = 5		
Damper signal	P453 = 1 (DC)		
IAQ setpoint	P023 = 1000 (def.)		
Plant diagram:		Control s	equence
		100%	$x_{DH} \longrightarrow T[^{\circ}C]$
	UV2885411/09		RDG204KN
$\begin{array}{c cccc} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & $	V2 V4 U1 V2 V4 U1 V2 C Max. G G AC 24 V		
G 10 A	- Independence		
P L Y50 CE+ CE- N Q1 Q2 Q3 N Y1 Y2 G0	X1 M X2 3 Y2 Y4 U1 V2 D1 max. G0 G		
A See Technical data [max. ratings	\rightarrow 208] for min. and		

Example 2: Universal H/C, with air cooling in 2nd stage ("Nordic" application) Chilled ceiling, floor heating, fresh air control IAQ and support of cooling during cooling demand, power supply 230 V $\,$

Commissioning		Outputs used
Application	4-pipe	M1 3-speed fan
 Fan 	P350 = 0 (disable)	• V1 PWM valve H
Valve	P201 = 3 (heating)	• V2 PWM valve C
Valve	P203 = 3 (cooling)	D1 DC damper
 Control strategy 	P450 = 6	
 Damper signal 	P453 = 1 (DC)	
 IAQ setpoint 	P023 = 1000 (def.)	
Plant diagram		Control sequence
		100% 0% XpH WxpC XpC Vmax (P457) Vmin (P455) W T[°C]
		RDG204KN
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	X1 M X2 3 Y2 Y4 U1 V2 D1 max. G G0 AC 24 V	
▲ See Technical data	$[\rightarrow 208]$ for min. and	
max. ratings		

Example 3: Ventilation, IAQ, cooling with air

Single duct air cooling and IAQ control. Reduce room temperature using fresh air and control CO_2 concentration. (RDG2..4KN with CO_2 sensor)

Commissioning		Outputs used
 Application Sequence IAQ SP P-band Cool Fan Control strategy Damper signal IAQ Damper Xp Vmin Vmax 	2-pipe P001 = 1 (cooling only) P023 = 1000 P052 = 1 P350 = 0 (disable) P450 = 5 (air cool.) P453 = 1 (DC) P454 = 400 P455 = 30 % P457 = 80 %	• D1 DC damper
Plant diagram ►	.09201€ ₽1	Control sequence Damper U1 (P454) Vmax (P455) Vmin (P455) W _{IMa}
Ac 24 V $G = 10A$ $Ac 24 V$ $G = 10A$ $Ac 26 V$ $Ac 24 V$ $G = 10A$ $Ac 26 V$ $G = 10A$ $G = 10A$ $Ac 26 V$ $G = 10A$ $Ac 26 V$ $G = 10A$ $G =$		RDG264KN

Example 4: Ventilation, cooling with air
--

Single duct air cooling. Reduce room temperature using fresh air. (RDG260KN)

Commissioning		Outputs used	
 Application Sequence Fan DZ, COM P-band Cool Fan speed Switching point Vmin Vmax Fan DZ, ECO 	2-pipe P001 = 1 (cooling only) P029 = 1 (Vmin) P052 = 1 P351 = 3 (DC) P356 = 1 P357 = 30% P360 = 80% P364 = 0 (Vmin)	• D1 DC dam	nper
Recommendations (fan functions not used): • P352 = 0 (default) • P365 = 0 (default) For correct user operation: • Fan op. selector P003 = 3 • Keypad locked P028 = 5 Plant diagram • \neq \Rightarrow		Control sequence	TTR[°C]
$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline X1 & M & X2 & U1 & CE+CE- \\ \hline G & G0 & G0 & L1 & Q1 & Q2 & Q3 & Y10 & Y20 & Y30 & Y50 \\ \hline & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & & & & \\ \hline & & & &$			

7 Technical data

Power supply (RDG20..KN)

Operating voltage (L-N)	AC 24 V \pm 20 % or AC 230 V \pm 10/-15 % (selectable via slider)
Frequency	50/60 Hz
Power consumption	4 VA @ AC 24 V, 7 VA @ AC 230 V

$\hat{\Lambda}$

• No internal fuse!

External preliminary protection

with max. C 10 A circuit breaker required in all cases.

• Before switching on power, select the right power supply needed using the power switch on the rear of the device.

Power supply (RDG20..T)

rower supply (RDG201)		
Operating voltage (L-N)	AC 230 V +10/-15 %	
Frequency	50/60 Hz	
Power consumption	7 VA @ AC 230 V	
Power reserve clock during power failure	Min. 20 h	
<u>A</u>		
No internal fuse!		
Estemation allocations and a sting		

External preliminary protection

with max. C 10 A circuit breaker required in all cases.

Outputs (RDG20)		
Fan control Q1, Q2, Q3 – N	RDG20KN: AC 24 V or AC 230 V (linked to power supply) RDG20T: AC 230 V	
Qx rating min., max. resistive (inductive)	5 mA5 (4) A	
<u>A</u>		
No internal fuse!		
External preliminary protection with max. C 10 A circuit	breaker required for all cases.	
!		
Do not connect 3-speed fans in parallel!		
Connect one fan directly, one relay for each speed for additional fans.		
Use for actuator control (Q1, Q2)		
• Q1 - rating min., max. resistive/inductive	5 mA1 A	
• Q2 - rating min., max. resistive/inductive	5 mA1 A	
Use for external equipment (Q1, Q2, Q3)		
Rating min., max. resistive/inductive Qx	5 mA1 A	
 Max total load current Q1+Q2+Q3 	2 A	
DC 010 V fan control; Y50-M	SELV DC 010 V, max. ±5 mA	

Outputs (RDG20)	
Damper control (RDG204KN): DC (U1) On/Off (Q3/Y4)	SELV DC 010 V, ±1 mA See Qx and Y4
Control outputs Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4-N RDG20KN RDG20T	Solid state (triacs) AC 24 V or AC 230 V (linked to power supply) AC 230 V
Yx power limitation	8 mA1 A 3 A fast microfuse, cannot be exchanged

Power supply (RDG26)	
Operating voltage (G-G0)	AC 24 V ±20 %
DC 24 V: Make sure to connect G to + and G0 to -	DC 24 V ±2 V
Frequency	50/60 Hz
Power consumption	4 VA @ AC 24 V
Power reserve clock during power failure (RDG26T)	Min. 20 h
Ŕ	
No internal fuse!	

External preliminary protection with max. C 10 A circuit breaker required for all cases.

Outputs (RDG26)

Fan control Q1/Q2/Q3/L-N	AC 24230 V / DC 24 V
Use for 3-speed fan control	AC 24230 V: 5 mA5 (4) A
Rating min, max resistive (inductive)	DC 24 V: 3 A

Â

No internal fuse!

External preliminary protection with max. C 10 A circuit breaker required for all cases.

Do NOT connect 3-speed fans in parallel!

Connect one fan directly, for additional fans, one relay for each speed.

Use for actuator control (Q1, Q2)	
Q1 - rating min., max. resistive/inductive	5 mA1 A
Q2 - rating min., max. resistive/inductive	5 mA5 (4) A
Max total load current Q1+Q2	5 A
Use for external equipment (Q1, Q2, Q3)	
• Rating min., max. resistive/inductive Qx	5 mA1 A
Max total load current Q1+Q2+Q3	2 A

Â

No internal fuse!

External preliminary protection with max. C 10 A circuit breaker required for all cases.

DC 010 V fan control (Y50-M)	SELV DC 010 V, max. ±5 mA
Actuator control (Y10-G0/Y20-G0/Y30-G0 (G))	SELV DC 010 V, max. ±1 mA

Outputs (RDG26)	
Damper control (RDG264KN): DC (U1) On/Off (Q3)	SELV DC 010 V, ±1 mA See Qx

Multifunctional inputs		
X1-M/X2-M/U1-M (RDG20KN)/X3-M (RDG20T)		
Temperature sensor input		
Туре	NTC 3k	
Temperature range	-2070 °C	
Temperature sensor input		
Туре	LG-Ni1000	
Temperature range	-4070 °C	
Digital input		
Operating action	Selectable (NO/NC)	
Contact sensing	DC 05 V, max. 5 mA	
Insulation against mains	SELV	

KNX bus (RDG20KN)		
Interface type	KNX, TP Uart 2 (electrically isolated)	
Bus current	5 mA	
Bus topology: See KNX manual ("Reference documentation")		

Operational data	
Switching differential, adjustable	
Heating mode (P051)	1 K (0.56 K)
Cooling mode (P053)	1 K (0.56 K)
P-band Xp	
Heating mode (P050)	2 K (0.56 K)
Cooling mode (P052)	1 K (0.56 K)
Setpoint setting and setpoint range	
Comfort mode (P011)	21 °C (540 °C)
Economy mode (P019-P020)	15 °C/30 °C (OFF, 540 °C)
Protection mode (P100-P101)	8 °C/OFF (OFF, 540 °C)
Multifunctional inputs X1/X2/U1 (RDG2KN)/X3 (RDG2T)	RDG2KN: Selectable (014) RDG2T: Selectable (06 & 914)
Input X1 default value (P150)	1 (external temperature sensor, room or return air)
Input X2 default value (P153)	0 (no function)
Input U1 (RDG2KN)/X3 (RDG2T) default value (P155)	RDG20KN & RDG20T: 3 (window contact) RDG24KN: 0 (no function)
Built-in room temperature sensor	i

Operational data		
Measuring range	049 °C	
Accuracy at 25 °C	< ±0.5 K	
Temperature calibration range	±3 K	
Built-in humidity sensor		
Measuring range	1090 %	
Accuracy (after calibration via P007)	< 5 %	
Humidity calibration range	±10 %	
Built-in CO ₂ sensor (RDG2KN)		
Measuring range	05000 ppm	
Measuring accuracy at 25 °C and 1013 hPa	±(50 ppm + 4 % of measured value)	
Temperature stability in the range of 050 °C	3 ppm / °C	
Long-time drift	80 ppm over 5 years (typically)	
Time constant t ₆₃	< 5 min	
Calibration	ASC	
	For details, see CO2 (IAQ) monitoring and control (RDG24KN) [→ 75]	
Settings and display resolution		
Setpoint	0.5 °C	
Present temperature value displayed	0.5 °C	

Environmental conditions	
Storage	IEC 60721-3-1
Climatic conditions	Class 1K3
Temperature	-2565 °C
Humidity	< 95 % r.h.
Transport	IEC 60721-3-2
Climatic conditions	Class 2K3
Temperature	-2565 °C
Humidity	< 95 % r.h.
Mechanical conditions	Class 2M2
Operation	IEC 60721-3-3
Climatic conditions	Class 3K5
Temperature	050 °C
Humidity	< 95 % r.h.

Standards and directives		
EU conformity (CE)	A5W00120120A*	
Electronic control type	2.B (micro-disconnection on operation)	

Standards and directives	
RCM conformity	A5W00120121A*
Protection class	II as per EN 60730
Pollution class	Normal
Degree of protection of housing	IP30 as per EN 60529
Eco design and labeling directives	Based on EU directive 813/2013 (Eco design directive) and 811/2013 (Labelling directive) concerning space heaters, combination heaters, the following classes apply:
 RDG20 Application with On/Off operation of a heater PWM (TPI) room thermostat, for use with On/Off output heaters 	Class I value 1 % Class IV value 2 %
 RDG26 Application with On/Off operation of a heater PWM (TPI) room thermostat, for use with On/Off output heaters 	Class I value 1 % Class IV value 2 %

Meets the requirements for eu.bac certification (RDG2..KN) as per EN 15500-1 See product list at: http://www.eubaccert.eu/licences-by-criteria.asp



Application	Device	Actuator outputs	CA value (K)	License No.
Fan coil units (2 pipes)	RDG20KN	Thermal actuator	Heating 0.4 Cooling 0.3	220019
Variable speed fan	RDG26KN	Motorized DC	Heating 0.1 Cooling 0.1	220020
Fan coil units (2 pipes,2 wires)	RDG20KN	Thermal actuator	Heating 0.1 Cooling 0.3	220019
Variable speed fan	RDG26KN	Motorized DC	Heating 0.1 Cooling 0.1	220020
Fan coil units (4 pipes)	RDG20KN	Thermal actuator	Heating 0.4 Cooling 0.3	220019
Variable speed fan	RDG26KN	Motorized DC	Heating 0.1 Cooling 0.1	220020
Ceiling systems RDG26KN	Motorized DC	Heating 0.2 Cooling 0.2	220020	
	6-port control ball valves VWG41.10	Heating 0.2 Cooling 0.4	220020	
	6-port control ball valves VWG41.20	Heating 0.2 Cooling 0.4	220020	

Standards and directives	
Environmental compatibility	The product environmental declaration (RDG200KN: A5W00085404A*, RDG260KN: A5W00116569A*, RDG200KN/BK: A5W00242785A*, RDG260KN/BK: A5W00242797A*, RDG204KN: A5W00242797A*, RDG264KN: A5W00242790A*, RDG260T: A5W00304666A*, RDG260T: A5W00304667A*) contains data on environmentally compatible product design and assessments (RoHS compliance, materials composition, packaging, environmental benefit, disposal).

General		
Connection terminals	Solid wires or stranded wires with wire-end sleeves $1 \times 0.42.5 \text{ mm}^2$ or $2 \times 0.41.5 \text{ mm}^2$	
Minimal wiring cross section on L, N, Q1, Q2, Q3, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4	Min. 1.5 mm ²	
Maximal wiring cross section on L, N, Q1, Q2, Q3, Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4	Max. 2.5 mm ²	
Housing front color	RAL 9016 white RAL 9011 black (RDG2KN/BK)	
Weight without/with packaging RDG200KN / RDG200KN/BK / RDG200T RDG204KN RDG260KN / RDG260KN/BK / RDG260T RDG264KN	266 g/336 g 270.3 g/345.9 g 242 g/311 g 269.5 g/324.6 g	

Reference documentation (RDG2KN)	Handbook for Home and Building Control - Basic Principles
	(EN: <u>https://my.knx.org/shop/product?language=en&product_type_category=books&product_type=handbook</u> DE: <u>https://my.knx.org/shop/product?language=de&produc</u> <u>t_type_category=books&product_type=handbook</u>)
Synco™ (RDG2KN)	CE1P3127 Communication via KNX bus for Synco 700, 900 and RXB/RXL Basic documentation
Desigo (RDG2KN)	CM1Y9775 Desigo RXB integration – S-Mode CM1Y9776 Desigo RXB/RXL integration – individual addressing CM1Y9777 Third-party integration CM1Y9778 Synco integration CM1Y9779 Working with ETS

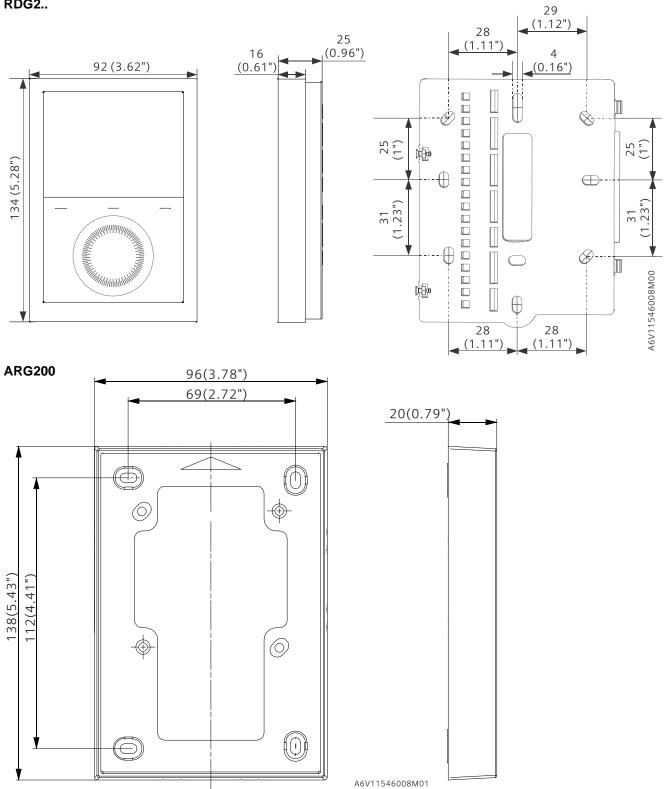
*) The documents can be downloaded from https://hit.sbt.siemens.com.

Dimensions 8

Dimensions in mm



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